THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

An International Daily Newspaper

COPYRIGHT 1943 BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

BOSTON, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1943—VOL. XXXV, NO. 276

ATLANTIC EDITION | THREE CENTS Greater Boston Newsstands | FIVE CENTS Elsewhere

Delinquency Held Critical; Newsprint Cut Proposed; Mihailovic in Unity Move

The World's Day—October 20, 1943

Boston: Delinquency Held Home-School Task

Solution of the juvenile delinquency problem constitutes one of the most critical tasks before the home and school, Mrs. Burtis E. Dresser, President of the Massachusetts Parent-Teachers Association, told delegates to the Association's 34th annual convention today. [Page 2.]

Rhode Island's Federal Grand Jury has been called into extraordinary session for Oct. 28 to consider evidence of "black market" operations in gasoline, following arrests of 20 persons in connection with alleged gasoline coupon thefts and sales.

An opinion, for the benefit of Massachusetts Courts, as to whether or not British sailors or soldiers arrested here should be turned over to British naval and military courts for trial, will be asked today of Attorney General Bushnell by Judge Collins of the Suffolk Superior Criminal Court. [Page 2.]

In Europe: Mihailovic in Move Toward Unity

A possible peace gesture toward the Partisan followers of Josip [Tito] Broz was made by Gen. Draja Mihailovic, Yugoslav Chetnik chief, in a statement in which he said, "the unity of our country is being sealed by the common struggle against the hated conqueror." The two guerrilla factions have been at odds for some time.

Great Britain has an "extensive and complete" plan for postwar civil aviation ready to present to an international conference, Lord Beaverbrook disclosed in London.

The German DNB news agency denied today that Romain Rolland had passed on. Yesterday DNB quoted Paris newspapers in reporting that the famous French author had succumbed in a concentration camp.

Phillip D. Reed has been appointed chief of the United States Mission for Economic Affairs in London, succeeding Averell Harriman, newly chosen Ambassador to Moscow.

Washington: New Cut in Newsprint Proposed

A new cut of 16 per cent in newsprint consumption in November—a slash as great as all three previous cuts this year combined—was proposed to newspaper publishers by H. M. Bitner, Chief of the Printing and Publishing Division of the War Production Board, who advised the Newspaper Industry Advisory Committee to take the 16 per cent curtailment instead of the alternative—dipping into reserves which would lower papers' newsprint inventories by 10 days' supply. This would cut publishers' inventories from 40 to 30 days in the Northeast and Central States and from 65 to 55 days in the South and West.

Land power and air power are coequal and interdependent forces, neither is an auxiliary of the other, the War Department declares in its revised Field Service Regulations.

War action movies and discussions of the war's progress by the Army's top leaders drew several hundred House members to a closely guarded Congressional Library auditorium for a special program arranged by the War Department.

A resolution directing an Interstate Commerce Subcommittee investigation of international communications by wire and radio passed the Senate. It calls for information on which to base postwar planning.

A Senate showdown is impending on the proposed $300,000,000 a year school aid bill. Senators Barbour (R) of New Jersey and Langer (R) of North Dakota called for a vote on identical amendments to bar discriminations on account of race, creed or color in administering the fund.

House investigation of the Canol oil project in Northern Canada was asked by Representative Leon Gavin (R) of Pennsylvania, who said it is costing the United States $138,000,000 and reimbursement will take 168 years. His figures are from a statement by R. W. Gallagher, President of Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, saying repayment is to come from a reduction from $1.25 to 50 cents per barrel in the price of oil from the field, after the first 1,500,000 barrels. Canol is being developed by Imperial Oil, a subsidiary of Standard Oil of New Jersey.

Legislation increasing allowances for servicemen's dependents to $80 monthly for a wife and one child and $20 monthly for each additional child is now before the President, having won approval of both Houses.

President Roosevelt said that there was evidence of an undercover effort in many parts of the country to get rid of the Federal Securities Commission as he announced the appointment of Robert K. McConnaughey to succeed Edmund Burke, Jr., as a member of the Commission.

National: Sayre Views Postwar World Markets

Americans need not fear foreign competition after the war if world markets are large and prosperous, Francis B. Sayre, special assistant to the Secretary of State, told a meeting of the Cotton Textile Institute, at New York.

Three more "urgency" areas for special manpower treatment—Akron, Ohio; Hartford, Conn.; and Detroit—have been designated by the War Production Board.

Expansion in meat output was reported by the War Meat Board at Chicago, but civilians will benefit little as most of it is needed for military and Lend-Lease requirements.

New York City's traffic lights began to be demasked by order of Mayor La Guardia in spite of the Army's statement that it has jurisdiction over dimout regulations.

Americas: Brazil Selecting Expeditionary Force

Selection of troops for the Brazilian expeditionary force began in Rio de Janeiro, a Brazilian domestic broadcast recorded by the Federal Communications Commission said.

Brazil has officially recognized Italy as a co-belligerent in the war against Germany, according to a communiqué issued through the news agency Nacional.

Sabotage: Gestapo Executes 10 Norwegians

The German Gestapo claimed to have dealt a heavy blow against the Norwegian "underground," announcing in Oslo that 10 Norwegians had been executed for plotting to train Norwegian patriots to revolt.

The Nazi-controlled Paris Radio said Vichy Foreign Minister Fernand de Brinon and his secretary had been injured when two mines exploded at his cottage at Chantilly.

Orient: Act to Avert a Chinese Civil War

The Chinese Government's quarrel with Chinese Communists will soon be settled and there will be no civil war in China, the new Chinese Minister of Information, Liang Han-chao, said in Chungking.

Japan has set up "a provisional government of India" in Singapore under Subhas Chandra Bose, who fled from India in 1941 when he was ordered tried for subversion, the Tokyo Radio said. [First Page, Second Section.]

The Christian Science Monitor Index

Wednesday, October 20, 1943

Boston and New England News	2, 4, 5	Financial Pages	14, 15
Daily Features Page	7	Movie Guide	4
Editorials	18	New Hampshire Letter	5
		Radio Timetable	4
		Real Estate Page	8
		Sports Page	12
		The Home Forum	10
		Above the Waves (With Spanish Translation)	
		Today's Woman	13
		Women's Club Activities	2
		Advertising	
		Amusement (grouped)	4
		Classified	15
		Real Estate Directory	8
		Restaurant (grouped)	12

The Weather

Continued Cool

Complete Weather Predictions for New England on Page 2.

Dimout Hours

Dimout begins Wednesday at 6:25 p. m.; ends Thursday at 6:34 a. m.
Dimout begins Thursday at 6:26 p. m.; ends Friday at 6:33 a. m.

Anti-Semitic Probe Aided By Saltonstall

Representatives of three faiths named on board to act as advisers in full investigation.

By John Bond
Staff Writer of The Christian Science Monitor

Five leading Bostonians—representing Protestant, Roman Catholic, and Jewish faiths—were named today by Governor Saltonstall to confer with him on problems arising out of Greater Boston anti-Semitic demonstrations, while State Police detectives moved into the Dorchester-Mattapan area to investigate evidence of the troubles.

Members of the Committee, which the Governor said may be added to from time to time if it seems advisable, are: Judges Harold P. Williams and Abraham L. Pinanski of the Superior Court; Judge Jacob J. Kaplan, retired Special Justice in the Roxbury District Court; the Rev. Robert P. Barry, Pastor of St. Clement's Roman Catholic Church, Somerville, and Rabbi Joshua L. Liebman, of Temple Israel. The committee members were among the group which conferred with Governor Saltonstall last night at the State House on the reports of hoodlumism and violence.

Commissioner of Public Safety John F. Stokes, who heads the State Police, said that every affidavit which has been obtained from persons assaulted will be checked and that criminal action would follow if sufficient evidence can be found.

Admitting that it might be difficult to get evidence sufficient to lead to criminal action, Commissioner Stokes said the chief goal was to put an immediate stop to the violence and to prevent further outbreaks.

Asked why the State Police were called in to handle a Boston situation the Commissioner replied that it was a State problem since some of the incidents which have been reported occurred in other cities in the metropolitan area.

Commissioner Stokes did not mention the cities by name but it has been reported that Jewish children were set upon in Chelsea and Brookline as far back as last March 17 in what purported to be anti-Semitic demonstrations.

Although Mayor Tobin continued to be inaccessible at the City Hall today, it was learned that a petition, asking the Mayor to "help us in ridding Roxbury of these young hoodlums who make us sometimes doubt that this is a democratic land," and signed by approximately 100 school boys and girls, was received at his office on Oct. 18. The petition was forwarded to Police Commissioner Joseph F. Timilty.

Decision to call for State police action was made by Governor Saltonstall last night following a conference at the State House.

Attending the conference were State Commissioner of Public Safety John F. Stokes; Chief of State Police Detectives Joseph L.

Continued on Page 2, Column 4

Soviet Push Threatens to Trap Nazis; Reich Chiefs Confer on Russian Crisis; Tax and Subsidy Plans Under Hot Fire

G. O. P. heads oppose income tax increase, while House group would end subsidies.

By Richard L. Strout
Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20—President Roosevelt's home economic program is under the hardest attack since the war started.

Both the related tax and subsidy programs are taking a severe pounding in Congress.

The Administration argues that higher taxes are needed to help curb inflation. Republican members of the House Ways and Means Committee, supported by Representative Joseph W. Martin (R) of Massachusetts, Minority Leader of the House, have come out against any increase in corporate or individual income taxes, raising the question whether there will be any tax bill at all.

The Administration argues that subsidies are a better means of equalizing burdens and stimulating production than general farm price increases, which the farm bloc demands. Mr. Roosevelt is sending to Congress a message defending subsidies and the whole administration home front economic program.

Against All Subsidies

But the House Banking Committee has recently voted to wipe out all subsidies, as of next January, and the whole issue is mounting into another controversy such as that which has periodically shaken Congress since Leon Henderson first urged subsidies two years ago.

The seriousness of the economic problem, in its potential inflationary effects, is generally admitted.

Here are factors which make the situation unique:

America is getting the largest national income in history, estimated at $152,000,000,000.

Corporations, according to Commerce Department estimates, are making the biggest profits in history, after taxes, estimated at $8,400,000,000.

Annual farm income rate is the largest in history, estimated at $12,500,000,000.

Individual savings are highest in history, estimated to be running up to $36,000,000,000.

National Debt Leaping

Governmental debt is highest in history, and is also increasing at the fastest rate in history, or about $6,000,000,000 a month.

The gap between national income and supply of consumer goods is the highest in history and is getting bigger.

These are conditions which have led spokesmen of a group of university economists, drawn from

Continued on Page 12, Column 6

By a Staff Artist

Russians Smash Dnieper Line

New Russian break-through west of the Dnieper is indicated by arrow at Pyatikhatka in lower section of map. Other arrows show points at which heavy Russian pressure is being maintained.

War and Postwar Issues In Rivalry at Moscow

MOSCOW, Oct. 20 (AP)—Apparently satisfied with the results of their first formal talk last night, the United States Secretary of State, Cordell Hull, the British Foreign Secretary, Anthony Eden, and the Soviet Foreign Commissar, Vyacheslav Molotov, settled down today to a program of daily conferences on wartime and postwar matters.

Their initial meeting lasted for 2 hours and 15 minutes, and while no details were announced, it was understood that the session was satisfactory.

The conferees disclosed that they will meet once a day in Spiridonovka Palace until their discussions are concluded. No formal announcement concerning the progress of the talks will be issued while they are under way.

Before last night's session, which started at 6 p. m., a spokesman said it would give the three diplomats a chance to share "frankly and freely what's on one another's mind." Mr. Eden and Mr. Hull conversed at the official residence of the United States Ambassador before the meeting.

An American spokesman said Mr. Hull had not prepared a schedule before coming here, and that topics would take shape as the talks progressed.

No military men attended the first meeting.

Meanwhile, the signing of the third Lend-Lease protocol, which will bring another year's flow of American, British and Canadian supplies to Russia, was taken here to indicate that co-operation between the nations is assured.

The second protocol ended three months ago, but the shipments continued uninterruptedly during negotiations for the third. Allied supplies are now in greater evidence here than ever.

The Russians, who frequently had manifested satisfaction with Lend-Lease operations, are understood to be willing to engage in widespread postwar trade.

The prospective surplus of capital, goods, production and machinery in the United States, and the vast extent of untouched Russian sources of raw materials are offered as a solid basis for trade.

By Mallory Browne
Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

LONDON, Oct. 20—The Moscow conference, in strictly Anglo-Russian terms, means that relations between Britain and the Soviet Union are in process of being shifted from a wartime to a peacetime basis.

The transition is not likely to be an easy one. It is evident, despite the progress that has been made, that the Soviets' approach to the conference is that the immediate war problem, including the question of a second front issue, is primary, while the Anglo-American attitude puts emphasis more on postwar arrangements.

But the general conviction here is that this gap will be bridged without too much difficulty, and

Continued on Page 9, Column 4

Germany's home front also seen on agenda of conference called by Marshal Keitel.

By J. Emlyn Williams
Former Berlin Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor Now in London

LONDON, Oct. 20 - Another comprehensive meeting of German war chiefs—the second to be held within 14 days—indicates a widespread realization of the seriousness of the Reich's position on the Russian front.

Both the armed forces and the German home front are being tightened up to face the possible consequences. Probably the most significant thing about the Nazi conference is that it was summoned, according to its communiqué, by the "Chief of the High Command of the Armed Forces"—Field Marshal Wilhelm Keitel.

It was not called by Hitler himself, though the Führer addressed these leaders immediately afterward. Field Marshal Keitel, it will be remembered, conducts the political side of the military administration under war conditions.

This includes the problem of the forces at home, so that civilian morale was probably also an important item on the conference agenda.

German Admissions

For some weeks past German radio commentators and the press have warned that "the moment of serious anxiety hasn't passed" on the Russian front, and Nazi commentators like Gen. Kurt Dietmar are now going so far as to declare that the present battle in the Dnieper bend is one for a "final decision."

But it isn't only on that one sector of the front—important though it is—that the Germans are in a precarious position. A simple list of admissions German military spokesmen on the Russian front situation have made during the past 48 hours substantiates this.

They admit:

1. The German retreat inside the great Dnieper bend.
2. Breaches in the Nazi lines north of Kiev and south of Gomel.
3. The necessity for shortening the German line in the area where the Russians are approaching nearer to the Latvian border.
4. Fresh Russian concentrations on the northern front in the Lake Ladoga area.

Must Shorten Lines

The German Generals know that under such conditions developments may result in not a few breakthroughs here and there on the Russian front, but not in their

Continued on Page 12, Column 7

Allied progress in Italy slowed by mountains and devastation left by retreating Nazis.

By the War Editor of The Christian Science Monitor
From Associated Press And other direct news dispatches

Rapid advance by the Russian forces 30 miles west of the Dnieper, where that river bends to the east, has suddenly put hundreds of thousands of Germans at the south end of the line in a precarious position.

Capture of Pyatikhatka, 33 miles west of the great industrial center of Dniepropetrovsk, appears to be a Russian move to break the long stagnation at Dniepropetrovsk and at Melitopol on the Sea of Azov, where German skill in investing cities with a degree of impregnability has held up the Red Army's advance for more than a month. It places the Russians only 35 miles from the heavy industries area of Krivoy Rog.

If the present advance extends to Krivoy Rog, it will cut off the last east-west railway available to the Germans above Nikolaev on the Black Sea. The position of the 100,000 or more Germans in the Crimea becomes more than ever problematical.

The possible quick changes on the Russian front as a result of these latest gains, compared with the relative slowness of the Allied advance in Italy, promise a difficult situation for Allied grand strategy. In Italy, the Fifth and Eighth Armies have made steady gains—from five to seven miles. But hedged in with 4,000-foot mountains and steep gorges, and hampered by the German scorched-earth policy that leaves a scene of complete devastation in their wake, progress is necessarily slow and costly.

The present German line starts from Mondragone, six miles north of the Volturno River, and runs 27 miles northeast over a series of high ridges to Venafro and thence to Petacciato, nine miles west of Termoli on the Adriatic.

However, Allied airmen continue to force the pace in the West. American heavy bombers, despite the recent loss of 60 planes in the raid on Schweinfurt, were reported off on a new major raid in Western Germany today, the seventh of the month. Thunderbolts and Spitfires accompanied them as escort.

In the Pacific, too, Allied airmen once more exerted their supremacy, making a new raid on the Japanese advanced base of Rabaul on New Britain, destroying 60 Japanese planes and sinking three ships, including a destroyer and a gunboat.

On land, Allied forces received one of their rare setbacks as a Japanese force which has been stationed at Sattelberg, 15 miles inland from Finschhafen, New Guinea, made an attempt to gain the latter port. Owing to the difficulty of the terrain, such operations sometimes are difficult to counter for a time, but there is little doubt that as soon as General MacArthur can collect his forces the thrust will be stopped.

In the Balkans, Yugoslav Partisans under Josip Broz claim to have warded off a German attempt to land on the Dalmatian coast between Spalato and Dubrovnik.

Russia:

Nazis Face Trap In Dnieper Elbow

The German position inside the Dnieper River elbow appears to be threatened as Nazi commanders sent fresh divisions of men, tanks, and artillery into the fight in an attempt to halt the Red Army's flanking drive to the west of the river.

The Russians' major breakthrough southeast of Kremenchug has swept into 130 settlements and the railway junction of Pyatikhatka to outflank Dnieprodzerzhinsk, 40 miles to the east, and

Continued on Page 6, Column 1

Return to Civilian Products To Boost Small N. E. Plants

By Frederick W. Carr
Staff Writer of The Christian Science Monitor

Beginning of a drive to get needy small plants of New England back into essential civilian production—the biggest opening for the "little fellows" since the war—was announced here today by Richard C. Cooke, Regional Director of the Smaller War Plants Corporation.

Mr. Cooke forecast more help for small business through this move than through the war program, because many of the concerns with 10, 15 and 20 workers or more do not have the management or the engineering "know-how" to obtain war contracts, which are often quite technical.

However, now that many little fellows are to be given again the chance to make the things they used to make, thanks to the government again letting them have the materials, probably a good percentage of the 1,500 distressed plants in New England will benefit.

New Program

The upturn in the prospects for small manufacturing comes through the new "essential civilian program" of the Federal Government. The War Production Board plans to permit again the making of hundreds of things which had previously been curtailed due to extreme shortage of materials. The list includes iceboxes, carpet sweepers, lunch boxes, dinner pails, clothes pins, farm tools, etc.

"Lack of many of these items has been found harmful to war production," the Smaller War Plants executive explained. "Inability to get them has contributed to absenteeism in war industries and in other ways cut into output. It has been decided to release some critical materials to fill in these needs so as to win more war production.

"The new program to provide for civilian essentials fits into New England beautifully. We probably have a greater diversity of industry here than any other section.

"A preliminary screening of the first few items needed which we have just made shows that New England had 1,700 plants which produced these commodities in peacetime. When we go to these plants, we shall probably find some of them out of business, many at work on war products that are badly needed, and many others running at less than two-thirds of their normal capacity and delighted to get back into their old line.

Preference Given

"Preference in the allotment of materials will be given to small plants that are not working on

Continued on Page 5, Column 4

Housewives, Here's Your Cue; Champion Cake Maker Is a Man

COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 20 (AP)—Women cake bakers figuratively curtsied yesterday to Langdon C. Merchant, head proofreader of Columbia's morning newspaper, the State, who bested them in a cake-baking competition at the South Carolina fair.

Mr. Merchant, over six feet tall, credited his blue ribbons and prizes as South Carolina's best cake maker to a chance remark he once heard a woman make to her maid: "The secret of baking a good cake is to cream the butter and sugar until it's fluffy."

Six years ago, Mr. Merchant, then a young bridegroom, took up cake-baking as a hobby because he could have his cake and eat it, too.

In 1941, he took two blue ribbons, and last year he walked off with three winners but lost in the final judging.

His prize-winning cakes this year were a pound cake, cocoanut, devil's food and fruit cake. It was the devil's food, though, that caught the judges' attention and the grand prize.

Here's the prize-winning recipe: Three squares of unsweetened chocolate, 2-3 cup water and four tablespoons of sugar mixed in a double-boiler. Whip that into a batter prepared from two cups of sifted cake flour, one teaspoon of vanilla extract, two teaspoons baking powder, ½ teaspoon soda, ½ teaspoon salt, 2-3 cup butter, 1¼ cups sugar and 3 well beaten eggs. Bake in a slow oven for 30 minutes.

Rift in Greek Underground Linked to Nazi Propaganda

By Joseph G. Harrison
Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor With the United Nations Forces in the Middle East

CAIRO, Oct. 20—Internal struggles, threatening to disrupt the unity of the Greek underground resistance movement, have broken out in that country and are causing anxiety within the Greek Government in exile here. This rivalry between two groups of Hellenic patriots accounts for the fact that we have heard little about fighting in Greece for some time.

According to information available here, this hostility between the once-friendly Greek groups constitutes a triumph for German propaganda since, so far as can be learned, the trouble started with a carefully-spread Nazi rumor that the present Greek Monarchy here in Cairo plans to set up a military dictatorship after the war. This story, known to be both absurd and impossible, apparently has been swallowed by certain hard-fighting Greeks who are cut off from all news sources except mouth-to-mouth reports.

The groups engaged in this internecine struggle are the two main divisions of the underground Greek republican forces. One group is known from its Greek initials as E.A.M. and is believed to be predominantly communistic and urban. The other group is known as E.D.E.S and is less radical and more republican. It includes many Army officers. Although it its not known exactly, it is surmised that E.A.M. became alarmed by a Nazi report and believed that Army officers in E.D.E.S supported the alleged monarchial schemes.

German Strategy

Furthermore, it is understood that the Germans have reduced their efforts to exterminate Greek patriots, preferring to see these two groups wipe out each other.

Shocked by what is happening, British liaison officers in Greece have attempted to patch up the trouble but without any success as yet. Greek Premier Emmanuel Tsouderos has just issued a plea for both sides recalling the fact that Germany is the main enemy and imploring them not to believe rumors deliberately designed to set brother against brother at a moment when the fullest unity is necessary in order to speed liberation of the homeland. Unfortunately, the Germans probably have also tarred Premier Tsouderos with the rumor brush which may reduce the efficacy of his plea.

Similarly, King George II of Greece also has been placed in a most difficult position since the struggle broke out over his alleged plans. Furthermore, the fact that both factions are outspokenly Republican also would lessen the chance of a successful appeal by the King. It is apparent, however, that the King must step into the breach somehow if the Greek population is not to sow a crop of internal hatred which will complicate postwar readjustments.

Fertile Ground

One of the reasons why German rumors are thought to have found fertile ground is the fact that a short while ago members of the E. A. M. group approached Premier Tsouderos and asked him to include a representative of E. A. M. in the present Government. He declined, stating that the existing Government is only provisional and that its task will be ended as soon as liberated Greeks are in a position to choose their own form of government and elect their own officials. This refusal undoubtedly made E. A. M. more ready to believe German reports of monarchical scheming.

It also is highly possible that recent Allied decisions regarding Italy have been misunderstood in Greece where full reports on London and Washington explanations have not been available. This would have served as fuel for civil war fires.

Gasoline Parity in N. E. Is Declared a Misnomer

By W. Clifford Harvey
Staff Writer of The Christian Science Monitor

Describing Washington's latest directive for putting New England on a gasoline parity with other parts of the country as just "more confusion for local motorists" Elsworth Harding, Manager of the Boston Automobile Club, today called upon New England members of Congress to find out what parity actually means to this region in terms of gasoline shipments.

In a letter to all local Congressmen and gasoline interests Mr. Harding raised the question as to why B and C card holders in New England should be penalized one-third of their mileage when, on the basis of parity figures, New England is supposed to be getting more gasoline for civilian use.

Mr. Harding felt he was justified in asking if the latest Washington effort to bring relief to New England motorists was "more subterfuge parading under the generalities of the comprehensive term parity."

Resulted in Cut

Placing New England on a gasoline parity with other States east of the Rocky Mountains was intended to assure this region of a liberalization of gasoline allowances, Mr. Harding pointed out. But what has parity meant to New England? It has resulted in a cut of B and C coupons in order to increase the value of A coupons. This is "robbing Peter to pay Paul" in the opinion of the Boston automobile spokesman.

"What is the intention of Washington officials, to raise or to lower automobile mileages here?" he asked. "I have been given to understand that New England motorists were facing a generally improved outlook. And the figures on gasoline supplies available for civilian use for the last three months of this year given out in Washington should definitely assure New Englanders of more gasoline if parity means anything."

In 1941, Mr. Harding's files disclosed, gasoline consumption in the States east of the Rockies totaled 1,496,183 barrels a day, of which New England consumed 112,623 barrels, or 8 per cent of the whole. Parity figures, according to Mr. Harding, must necessarily be figured on the 1941 consumption.

Allotment of Gas

Allotments of gasoline for civilian use for the last three months of 1943, exclusive of lend-lease and military demands, have been set at 872,000 barrels for the States east of the Rockies. Figuring on the basis of parity for New England, this region should thus receive 69,760 barrels every day, since transportation is no longer a bugaboo. And since New England averaged only about 62,000 barrels a day for the first nine months of the current year, parity figures mean that New Englanders should get about 8,000 barrels more gasoline every day in October, November, and December.

Mr. Harding saw no excuse in these figures for decreasing gasoline allowances for any motorists in New England or for covering a mere increase of half a gallon a week to A card holders, by shifting gasoline away from B and C card holders.

The factual picture of gasoline supplies is one of definite improvement for New England, he concluded. "New Englanders should demand that Washington tell them in terms of gasoline figures what parity means in order to avoid increasing confusion."

Caution Urged For Blackout In Boston Area

A 40-minute blackout of Boston and the cities and towns in the metropolitan area will mark tomorrow night's extensive field exercises for the civilian defense organization of Region 5 of the Massachusetts Committee on Public Safety.

Coming at a time when the remoteness of an enemy attack has pitched morale of ARP personnel to an admitted low, the test is designed to demonstrate to observers that the civilian defense workers are able to weave all branches of home front service into one united exercise.

To this end the rehearsal, which will be supervised by Director Michael T. Kelleher of the Committee Region 5, will include numerous simulated incidents of enemy action such as parachute attacks, sabotage, invasion of the New England coast and bombings which will be scattered in the 41 communities participating in the test.

The theoretical incidents will be handed to wardens in sealed envelopes by observers who will then note, and later report, the speed with which the individual warden sizes up the incident, his manner of informing the Report Center, how he distributes the services as they appear on the scene, and, in general, his response to the emergency.

While the exercise gets under way at 8:20 p. m. and continues through 10 p. m., the blackout, which is the only immediate concern of the general public, begins 15 minutes later with the first audible signal and continues until the all-clear is sounded at 9:15 p. m.

Director John J. Walsh of the Boston Public Safety Committee has appealed to residents of Boston, however, to observe unusual caution during the blackout, as the darkened streets will be traversed by speeding fire apparatus, ambulances, and other emergency vehicles responding to the incidents.

Last-minute instructions were issued at Police Headquarters yesterday to Boston's wardens, auxiliary police and firemen, first aid and medical units, rescue and demolition squads by Mr. Walsh, who said he expected some 23,000 civilian defense volunteers would turn out for the extensive drill.

Air raid signals announcing the test to the general public are scheduled for the following times:

8:20 p. m., the yellow or confidential signal alerting key personnel and protective services.

8:35 p. m., the blue, or first audible signal, a steady blast of sirens initiating the partial blackout.

8:55 p. m., the red, or second audible signal, a wavering or interrupted note on the sirens calling for a total blackout.

9:05 p. m., the second blue signal reverting to a partial blackout.

9:15 p. m., the all-clear, a ten-second blast on the siren and an announcement over the public-address system terminating the blackout and permitting the lighting up of homes and streets.

10 p. m. Field test exercise ends with the dismissal of ARP personnel.

Student Speakers at P.-T. A. Parley

By a Staff Photographer

From Classical High School in Springfield

Dr. William C. Hill, Principal of the Classical High School in Springfield, Mass., and five of his students who took part in a symposium on "Adjusting for Tomorrow's Freedom" at this afternoon's session of the annual convention of the Massachusetts Parent-Teacher Association at the Hotel Statler. Left to right the students are: Norton Harding, Walter Weitzman, Dorothy-Ann Freeman, Mary Ellen Miller, and Nancy Allen.

Schoolrooms Are Called Source of Final Victory

Women's Activities

By Alice Myers
Assistant Women's Editor of The Christian Science Monitor

Schoolrooms today constitute the nation's most important workshop for the production of final victory, Mrs. Burtis E. Dresser, President of the Massachusetts Parent-Teacher Association, declared this morning. Opening the Association's thirty-fourth annual convention at the Hotel Statler, she called the nearly 400 delegates to earnest "consideration of today's task that we may enjoy tomorrow's freedom."

Solution of the juvenile delinquency problem, she said, is no doubt one of the most critical tasks before the home and school. The P.-T. A. believes, she emphasized, that the mothers of children of 14 years and less are more important in the home than they are in war industry.

National President Speaks

The challenge of all P. T. A. work now, according to Mrs. William A. Hastings, National President, who opened the afternoon sessions, is to teach American youth the true meaning of their flag—that is, of democracy. To this end, she urged that more should be done with the teaching of our own history and of our relationship to the rest of the world. "We have to learn to live with the rest of the world if we are to live at all," she said.

Mrs. Hastings also called for "the rediscovery and recapture of the faith that made us great—faith in God, in the common man, and in certain basic moral values."

The necessity of safeguarding the home and family as the most important influence on children was emphasized this afternoon by Miss Marenda Prentis, leader of a symposium on "A Community's responsibility to its Children in Wartime." Whenever the home is threatened as it is today, our children are threatened, she said. What the community can do to reinforce the home was discussed by the other speakers on her panel.

Carrying out the conference theme, "Tomorrow's Freedom—Today's Task," this morning's first symposium, led by Edward J. Hall, administrative assistant of the Boston School Department, stressed the adjustments to be made by consumers as part of today's task. This symposium was arranged as part of the P. T. A.'s active promotion of consumer education. Miss Helendeen Dodderidge, acting head of the consumer services division of the War Food Administration, said that as she travels throughout the United States she sees a definite interest in having children better fed even in wartime. She urged the P. T. A. to keep up its leadership in the better feeding of children and to continue its work of helping women to make better adjustments to the food situation. Food allocations for the next 12 months, she said, are divided as follows: 75 per cent for civilian use, 13 per cent for the armed forces, 10 per cent for the Allies, and 2 per cent for special emergency needs.

Conservation of Fuel

Other speakers on the morning panel were Fred N. Beckwith of the Oil Heating Institute of New England, who stressed the need of conservation whatever the fuel one uses and predicted an easier situation in regard to oil than last year; Patrick E. Hanaver of the Office of Price Administration, who discussed transportation; George C. Francis, superintendent of schools in Fitchburg, and Ruth E. LeDoux of the Massachusetts Safety Council, safety chairman of the P. T. A. Miss LeDoux brought out the necessity of teaching children to use what is available safely. A step-ladder may be preferable, she said, but if they haven't got a stepladder, teach them how to use a chair safely. Practicality should be the by-word of safety education, in her opinion.

Innovation in Symposium

An innovation on the afternoon program was a symposium on "Adjusting for Tomorrow's Freedom" in which the speakers were high school seniors from the Classical High School of Springfield. The discussion was led by Dr. William C. Hill, their principal. Nancy Alen started off by defining freedom as the opportunity to be and do one's best. Norton Harding developed the idea that freedom is dependent on the individual citizen taking responsibility for action.

Walter Weitzman, an Austrian refugee, spoke from the point of view of one who knows what it is to have lost freedom under the Nazi oppressor.

Walter pointed to a need for more training in languages and history to prepare youth for their work in the coming rehabilitation period. He feels that Americans know too little of their own backgrounds and of the history of men and nations in Europe. He expressed enthusiasm about the cordial relationship that exists between teachers and students and between homes and schools in America. He also expressed admiration for the student government organizations in schools, which, he said, are fine preparation for democracy. But he admitted that he misses the serious attitude toward learning and the respect for intellectual achievement which is so characteristic of European schools.

A plea for more classical education was made by Dorothy Ann Freeman, and Mary Ellen Miller emphasized that democracy means the opportunity for each student, the mediocre as well as the best, to get the training that will best enable him to make use of tomorrow's freedom.

In an interview before the meeting, Dr. Hill told how the P. T. A. in the Classical High School altered its by-laws to become a Parent-Teacher-Student Association in recognition of the fact that the students were taking an interest in tieing up the work of the schools and the community. As far as he knows this is the only assocation of its kind in the country.

Vermont Daughters

Fifty years of good fellowship will be celebrated by the Daughters of Vermont tomorrow at the Hotel Vendome. The combined golden anniversary and Presidents' Day observance will start with a reception at 12:30 p. m, for the following honor guests: Mrs. Leverett Saltonstall; Mrs. Herbert F. French, President of Massachusetts State Federation of Women's Clubs; Mrs. John M. Pierce, President of Vermont State Federation; Mrs. Howard T. Spaulding, Sixth District Director Massachusetts Federation; Mrs. Max R. Ulin, President of Boston City Federation; Mrs. Arthur B. Corthell, pianist and pioneer clubwoman, Daughters of Vermont; and Miss Lucy Wheelock, charter and honorary member Daughters of Vermont.

Following luncheon, Mrs. Joseph G. Reynolds, President of the organization, will conduct the business meeting at which Mrs. A. Chesley York, Third Vice-President of the Massachusetts State Federation and immediate Past President of the Daughters, will present "We Review Our Fifty Years." The afternoon entertainment will be given by Miss Miriam Cahalin, reader, and Charles Petremont, violinist, accompanied by his mother, Mrs. Dorothy Parker Petremont, a native of the Green Mountain State.

Morgan Memorial

The Women's Auxiliary to Morgan Memorial will hold its annual day nursery bazaar tomorrow and Friday from 10 a. m. until 9 p. m. Luncheon and dinner will be served each day, tomorrow being Gentlemen's Night. General chairmen are Mrs. Charles E. Goss of Braintree, Mrs. John S. Goodway, Jamaica Plan, and Mrs. Phillip I. Leard, Brookline.

Other Meetings

Massachusetts State Federation of Women's Clubs—Tea at 115 Newbury Street, 2 p. m., for State chairmen of antiques.

Quota Club—Dr. Joseph Lyle McCorison, Director of the Northeastern Conference of Christians and Jews and former President of Yankton College will speak on "Democracy's Biggest Battle" at a 6 o'clock dinner meeting at the Women's Educational and Industrial Union.

D. A. R. Juniors—First roundtable meeting of the season, Hotel Kenmore, 7:45 p. m. State chairmen for special Junior Committees will outline their year's plans, and Mrs. Willard F. Richards, national chairman of the 1944 Junior Assembly, will discuss the national program.

Arlington Woman's Club—Mildren Beyrl Palmer, a member of the Club, will speak on "What Shall I Read?" Mrs. Robert M. Rice and Mrs. Frederick G. Link are co-chairmen, and the meeting will be held in the Arlington Town Hall at 2 p. m.

Woman's Charity Club—Executive board meeting at 10:30 at Richardson Hall, followed by general meeting and luncheon.

Women's Republican Club of Massachusetts—First of Howard Pierce's lectures, 11 a. m. Mrs. Raymond W. Wheeler, director of the Political Department, will preside.

Eight Communities Are Facing Shift in Their Water Systems

A forced connection with the Metropolitan District Water Supply System faces eight Greater Boston communities because their supply is reported to be inadequate to maintain the 10 per cent surplus required by law, it was disclosed today.

The low water supply in these communities was revealed at a meeting of the Massachusetts Public Health Council held at the State House, at which representatives of the communities affected were given a hearing.

The meeting was scheduled in accordance with a new State law calling upon the Metropolitan District Commission to report to the Health Department all municipalities within 15 miles of the State House which can be served by the Metropolitan System.

The Health Department is then called upon to determine which of the communities have a water supply below the requirement of a surplus of 10 per cent over normal needs, it was pointed out.

Under the law, if the Health Department finds that such supply is not available, the municipality may be ordered to connect with the Metropolitan System.

The communities named today are Brookline, Waltham, Cambridge, Newton, Saugus, Marblehead, Dedham, and Westwood.

Joseph W. Bartlett, City Solicitor of Newton, protested that his city was not notified of any deficiency until today, and assailed the announcement as failing to set forth the method employed to determine adequacy. As a result of his protest, the Department of Public Health announced it would open its records for examination and entertain suggestions from the cities and towns for possible correction of the analysis made by the State.

British Sailor's Case Put Off Pending Opinion by Bushnell

Attorney General Robert T. Bushnell will be asked today for an opinion—for the benefit of all the courts of the State—as to whether or not British sailors and soldiers, when arrested here for crimes, should be turned over to British naval or military courts for trial.

Judge Walter L. Collins, of the Suffolk Superior Criminal Court, said that he would ask for the opinion when the case of Ronald Revelay, a British sailor arrested on a charge of breaking and entering, came up in Court today.

Seaman Revelay was arrested in Boston on the night of Sept. 28, and later indicted by the Grand Jury, on the charge of breaking and entering the dress shop of Ida Shapiro, Causeway Street, and the larceny of two dresses valued at $10 each.

This sailor was in Court today with a British naval lieutenant and a chief petty officer, and was represented by Attorney Wilbur Hollingsworth of Boston, who said he was prepared to argue for the quashing of the indictment on the basis of an exchange of notes which took place on July 27, 1942, between British Foreign Secretary Anthony Eden and John G. Winant, United States Ambassador to Great Britain, which he said constituted an agreement between the British and U. S. Governments to turn such offenders over to their respective countries.

Judge Collins was informed of a leter written by Edward P. Stettinius, Jr., Undersecretary of State, to Governor Saltonstall, in which it was stated that the British Embassy in Washington had requested the State Department to turn this man over for trial before a naval court of the British Navy.

The letter also stated that the State War and Justice Departments all agreed that this was the proper procedure, and the letter also pointed out that this procedure was employed in England under an Act of Parliament.

Judge Collins said: "I have no doubt that the defense is right, but there may be more serious cases arise than this one. I think the matter ought to be settled once and for all for the benefit of the criminal courts of this State."

He then stated he would refer the matter to Attorney General Bushnell for an opinion, and continued the case for a week.

Civil Liberty Seen as Under 'Brazen Attack'

Regulation of Federal and State administrative agencies was demanded here today by Joseph W. Henderson, President of the American Bar Association, who described the administrative practices generally as "a modern instance of pure dictatorship."

In a forceful address before the Law Society of Massachusetts, Mr. Henderson criticised the methods by which some of the agencies in question came into being and called upon legal authorities to prevent certain theorists and forces "opposed to our form of government from being successful in their demands for radical changes."

"There is a real patriotic call for the citizens to defend themselves against the brazen and ruthless attack on civil liberties which are now being promulgated through regulations of certain administrative agencies," he said. "Some of these have doubtless been made necessary by the war, but to free ourselves from them will call for courage and determination of the highest order."

"We have many refugee professors of political science who are teaching a great deal of political science of continental Europe in this country, as a sort of legal order of nature, and their teachings have a great deal to do with the spread of administrative absolutism through the colleges in this country."

"Those who object to administrative absolutism, to unchecked administrative action upon the rights of individuals without the restraints which are imposed upon all other governmental activities, are not at all seeking to do away with administrative agencies. Everyone must recognize that a great deal of administration and a great many administrative agencies are necessary in the urban, industrial society of today. But these agencies operate without the checks by which legislative action, ordinary executive action and judicial action are restrained."

Anti-Semitic Probe Aided By Action of Saltonstall

Continued from Page 1

Ferrari; Assistant Attorney General Frank G. Volpe; Henry L. Minot, close friend and advisor of the Governor and the men named by the Governor to serve on the new committee.

The Governor called the press to the Executive Office at the close of the conference said in part:

"I have directed the Commissioner of Public Safety to make available all the facilities of the Massachusetts State Police for an investigation of the alleged hoodlumism in the Metropolitan area. I have already written the Police Commissioner of the City of Boston and requested him to investigate the situation in Boston at once. I have conferred with Assistant Attorney General Volpe in the absence of the Attorney General on official business in order that his office may be advised as to what action I have taken. . . .

"My whole life and my public record I trust has been devoted to insistence on liberality and tolerance of racial, religious, and color minorities. It is neither in my character nor my desire to tolerate any bigotry. Boston and Massachusetts are wholeheartedly united in the war effort. I am confident that our community is as tolerant of one another's opinions and actions as any community in the country, and will continue to do its utmost in this national crisis."

Suspension of the police officers who have been charged with assault on four Jewish youths on the night of Oct. 9 was demanded today by the Civil Liberties Union of Massachusetts through its chairman, Dr. Albert Sprague Coolidge of Harvard University.

"Two issues are involved in the reports of the Dorchester affair," Dr. Coolidge said.

"One is the larger question of anti-Semitism, which must be dealt with constructively and at once by the entire community; the other is the question of the alleged brutality inflicted upon the Jewish boys by the police.

"Lawlessness on the part of those whose duty it is to enforce the law make a mockery of justice and shocks every decent American citizen."

Violation of Rent Ceilings Is Charged

Testimony that former and present tenants of three Dorchester houses had paid rent in excess of the March 1, 1942 levels, at which time rents were frozen, was given in Federal Court today at the first procecution in the Massachusetts district involving alleged violations of rent control regulations of the Office of Price Administration.

The defendant was James W. Farrell, of Dorchester, who owned or controlled the three pieces of property and who was charged in a criminal "information" with having charged rents in excess of the March 1 level; with making fraudulent and fictitious registration forms; and with failure to notify the OPA of a change of tenants.

Nearly a score of witnesses were summoned by the Government, including past and present tenants of the flats at 149 Centre Street, 46 Cameron Street, and 83 Rossetter Street, all in Dorchester. Judge Charles E. Wyzanski, Jr., and a jury are hearing the case which is expected to be concluded tomorrow.

It's Made of White Mink

Benedict Prankel

The First Coat of Its Kind in World

Here is the widely heralded first white mink coat, designed by the Boston furrier, Esther Dorothy, in classic tuxedo style, softly draped at the shoulders and with full mandarin sleeves. The new fur is unique and is said to surpass in beauty and distinction anything the fur-world has yet known. The white mink is a development of the Noble-Taylor Mink Ranches, but will doubtless be bred on ranches throughout the country from now on.

Two Arraigned In Gasoline Case

Two men were arraigned today before U. S. Commissioner Louis W. Doherty on charges of dealing in counterfeit "A" gasoline coupons.

The men, Thomas Miller of Thompsonville, Conn., and Louis Consilini of Springfield, Mass., were arrested in Springfield in what Edmund J. Brandon, U. S. Attorney, described as the first step taken to unearth activities of a counterfeiting ring said to have flooded western Massachusetts with illegal gasoline coupons. They were held in bail of $10,000 each for action in the Federal Court of Boston.

A third man is expected to give himself up today, and a fourth whose identity is known to the police will be arrested shortly, the Attorney said. A large number of counterfeit gasoline coupons were found in the place of business of Mr. Miller in Thompsonville.

State Workers' Head In Fund Drive Named

W. Rae Long, Chairman of State Aid and Pensions, was named by Governor Saltonstall today to head the State Employees Committee for the United War Fund drive.

Addressing a meeting of department and division heads and departmental chairmen of the drive, the Governor said: "This is a mighty critical year. We all feel emotional about the war. Nearly all of us have relatives on the battle front. I hope we will all do our utmost to carry out the State's share in this great undertaking which is really part of the war. We should set an example for others to follow."

CALL Curtis 1000 LUMBER

Nursery Education Leaders to Confer

Three outstanding religious and one educational leader will discuss the place of religion in community services for children as part of the 10th biennial conference of the National Association for Nursery Education to be held in the Hotel Statler Sunday afternoon, Oct. 24.

The speakers will be the Rev. Michael J. Ahern, S. J., Weston College; Rabbi Joshua Loth Liebman, D. H. L., Temple Israel; the Rev. Frederick M. Eliot, D. D., American Unitarian Association, and Lawrence K. Frank, formerly Associate Director of Education, General Education Board, New York City.

Church workers, teachers, and others interested are invited to attend. The conference will conclude on Monday, Oct. 25.

Plot to Defraud The U. S. Charged

Phillip Joseph Gacicia, of South Weymouth, was indicted by the Federal Grand Jury today on charges of conspiracy to defraud the U. S. Government in connection with construction at South Weymouth of the lighter-than-air base. The indictment, one of four public and one secret indictments, was returned to Judge Charles E. Wyzanski, Jr.

Similar charges already have been preferred against other defendants.

Events Around Greater Boston

Wednesday

"Egyptian Crafts" will be the subject of Mrs. Hayward's 11 a. m. lecture, and Miss Holbrook will lecture on "Egyptian Burial Customs" at 3 p. m. at the Museum of Fine Arts. Free to the public.

Thursday

"Colonial Portraits" will be the subject of Miss Magonagle's 11 a. m. lecture at the Museum of Fine Arts. Free to the public. A concert by Walter Trampler, violinist, and Leo Litwin, pianist, will be given at the Isabella Stewart Museum at 3:45 p. m. Free to the public.

Entertainment Timetables: Page 4
Radio Timetables: Page 6

Ration Dates For Consumers

Meat, Butter, Etc. — Today — Brown stamps "C," "D," "E," and "F" in ration Book No. 3 now valid; expire Oct. 30.

Brown stamps "G" become valid Oct. 24; "H," Oct. 31; "J," Nov. 7; and "K," Nov. 14. All will expire Dec. 4.

Sugar—Oct. 31—Stamp No. 14 in Book 1, good for five pounds, expires, Stamps No. 15 and 16 each good for five pounds of sugar for canning only, also expire.

Nov. 1—Stamp No. 29 in book 4 becomes valid for five pounds; expires Jan. 15, 1944.

Canned Goods — Today — Blue stamps, "U," "V," and "W" expire at midnight.

Nov. 20—Blue stamps "X," "Y," and "Z" will expire.

Nov. 1—First series of Green Stamps, "A," "B," and "C," in Book No. 4—to be issued before end of October—will become valid; expire Dec. 20. Values same as blue stamps in Book No. 2.

Gasoline—No. 8 coupons in "A" books are now good for three gallons each, expire Nov. 8. Coupons in "B" and "C" books now good for 2 gallons each, but expiration dates vary. Face of each coupon must be endorsed in ink with State and registration number.

Nov. 9—New "A" gasoline coupons become valid at midnight.

Fuel Oil—Today—New No. 1 fuel-oil coupons now good until Jan. 4, 1944. (Class 4, small domestic users, 10 gallons; class 5, large domestic users, 50 gallons.)

Shoes—Stamp No. 18 now valid for one pair. Expiration date extended indefinitely.

Stamp 1 on "Airplane" sheet of Book 3 becomes valid for one pair on Nov. 1.

Stoves—Rationing began Aug. 24; purchase certificates obtainable from local boards.

Tires—Oct. 31. Last day for tire inspection for B-book holders; C-Book holders, Nov. 20. New tires now restricted to "C" cars with mileage of more than 601 a month.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR
An International Daily Newspaper
Founded 1908 by Mary Baker Eddy
Published daily except Sundays and holidays at The Christian Science Publishing Society, One Norway Street, Boston, Mass., Subscription price, payable in advance, postpaid in the countries: One year, $12.00; six months, $6.00; three months, $3.00; one month, $1.00. Single copies, 5 cents. (Printed in U. S. A.)
Entered as second class matter at the Post Office at Boston, Mass., U. S. A. Acceptance for mailing at a special rate of postage provided for in section 1103, Act of Oct. 3, 1917, authorized on July 11, 1918.

Wedding Invitations
AND ANNOUNCEMENTS
Three generations of brides have used Ward's Wedding Stationery. Perhaps your own grandmother chose her announcements here. Stationery for formal, informal or military weddings. Styling by Ward's is your assurance of correctness. Prices to suit all purses.
Shop by Phone, LIBerty 9180—By Mail,
37 Franklin Street · Store Hours: 9:00 to 5:00
Closed Saturdays at 1 o'clock

All House Repairs Are Now Possible

Good news for homeowners whose places are in need of repair work was contained in orders raising their standing in priorities announced recently by the New England office of the War Protion Board.

No "red tape" is involved, the WPB indicated. "Simply place the order with the dealer," the announcement said, "and sign the certificate that the materials are needed for repairs."

Biggest jump, according to WPB, applies to plumbing repairs and replacements where new equipment is needed. A homeowner's order is now raised to the same priority standing as a war plant order. Furthermore, by a revision of orders, homeowners may now buy any number of repair parts without a priority, whatever the total cost, as long as the cost of each individual item does not exceed $5.

Weather Report

By U. S. Weather Bureau

Continued Cool

Boston and Vicinity—Continued cool tonight and Thursday morning. Intermittent very light rain tonight. Moderate winds.

Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut—Continued cool tonight and Thursday morning, intermitten light rain tonight.

Eastport to Block Island—No small craft or storm warnings are being displayed.

High Tides at Boston

Wednesday, 9:15 p. m.; height, 8.2 feet. Thursday, 9:30 a. m.; height, 8.0 feet.

North Africa Now About Feeds Itself

By Mary Hornaday
Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20 — The pattern of rehabilitation that has put North Africa back on its feet in less than a year and made it a larder for further military operations will be followed in other nations as they are freed from the Nazi yoke, President Roosevelt has promised.

With the minor exceptions of sugar, tea and milk, North Africa is now raising all of its own food, though American and British troops found it depleted when they landed last November, President Roosevelt told a press conference yesterday.

In addition, the African fields and fruit trees have become a substantial contributor to "Lend-Lease in Reverse."

"Several thousand tons of local fruits, vegetables, and meats have been delivered to British and American forces for local consumption, on a reverse Lend-Lease basis and without payment," a White House statement said.

It was also disclosed that the French in North Africa have begun to accumulate food supplies "for use during and after the liberation of France."

President Roosevelt implied that when he visited Casablanca he was told that entire crops in 1940, 1941 and 1942 had been seized by the enemy for consumption in the European Continent.

As an immediate military necessity, Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower ordered from the United States and Great Britain 60,000 tons of flour, 6,500 tons of sugar, 2,800 tons of potatoes, 1,800 tons of dried beans and peas, 1,000 tons of edible oil, and smaller quantities of cheese, dried eggs, margarine, rice and vegetables.

Meanwhile, American agricultural experts attached to Allied Force Headquarters drew up an agricultural program that was put into motion by "carefully budgeted" shipments of seeds, agricultural machinery, spare parts, fuel oil, binder twine, fertilizers and sprays.

"Some of these materials," the President's statement said, "were procured and shipped as early as March, and arrived in time for the 1943 harvest in June. The remainder will arrive in time for the fall planting season and harvests of 1944. These shipments have and will produce many times their own weight in foodstuffs.

As a result of the program, the statement continued, "food imports other than sugar, tea and milk, which amounted to approximately 100,000 tons through the end of June, have been stopped completely for the second half of the year.

"The new French Army and essential civilian workers have been able to feed themselves. Several thousand tons of local fruits, vegetables and meats have been delivered to British and American Forces for local consumption, on a Lend-Lease basis and without payment.

"In addition, the French are providing the Allied forces with 30,000 tons of North African flour for use in the Italian campaign to feed essential civilian labor required by the Army, and to minimize the possibility of civil disorder.

"Agreements are now being negotiated to provide our forces with more than 60,000 tons of fruit and vegetable produce. These supplies are being furnished as reverse Lend-Lease in partial return for the munitions with which we are equipping the French Army."

Shirley Temple's Contract Is Approved by Court

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 20 (AP)—Superior Court has approved Shirley Temple's contract to appear in one picture annually for the next seven years. She will receive $25,000 for the first film.

Sixty per cent of the child actresses' salary will go to taxes, said Judge Joseph W. Vickers, and of the remainder 60 per cent will go to her parents for her support and 40 per cent to a trust fund.

FLOWERS FOR Weddings Birthdays AND Anniversaries
Telegraphed Anywhere
LIB. 4317
Penn-a-Florist

Sailbabies 'Breeze Along'

Wide World

Contestants Swim Under Full Sail

The contestants in this unusual regatta in Los Angeles are "sailbabies," swimmers with mast and sail strapped around them for fast maneuvering. Participants are mostly girl war workers who go in for aquatic recreation on their days off. Here "sailbabies" are seen in the Town House pool as the regatta gets under way. The racers are Mitzi Uehlein, Janet Mantell, Pat Jordan, Florence Samuels, Edna Swift, Marguerite Palmer, Jr., and Ella Jo McCarty.

AP Directors Consider Next Move in Suit

NEW YORK, Oct. 20 (AP)—The Associated Press Board of Directors issued this statement last night:

"At its meeting on Oct. 19 the Board gave extended consideration to the decision of the statutory court in the Government's case against the Associated Press.

"The court has directed as the next step that the Government submit a proposed form of judgment to the Associated Press. The Associated Press then has 30 days thereafter in which to submit counter-proposals. Only after this will the final form of the judgment be known and will it be possible to determine future procedure.

"In view of the fact that the opinion of the court includes a stay until 60 days after the judgment has been entered, the Board has been advised by counsel that no rights are prejudiced by this course of action."

In a two-to-one decision here on Oct. 6, a special three-judge Federal Court upheld the right of the Associated Press to pass upon the admission of applicants, but ruled that "in their present form" the news-gathering co-operative's bylaws relative to admissions violated the antitrust laws.

The suit was filed by the Government 14 months previously in an effort to compel the Associated Press to open its membership rolls to any newspaper willing to pay a proportionate share of the news gathering cost.

The court decision gave the AP 120 days to change its bylaws to meet the Court's objections, but left open to the AP the adoption of "substitutes which will restrict admission."

Educator Seeks to Keep Intellectual Values High

ATLANTA, Oct. 20 (AP)—Seeking to forestall what he visualizes as a possible postwar lowering of intellectual standards, a Harvard University educator advocates admitting qualified men and women from the armed forces into graduate schools and colleges without a bachelor's degree.

Such a step was urged by Howard Mumford Jones, Dean of the Graduate School of Arts and Sciences at Harvard, in an address here yesterday at the Conference of Deans of Southern Graduate Schools.

Requirements of a bachelor's degree from all who enter graduate schools after the war would, Mr. Jones said, work a hardship upon men and women who left college to enter the armed services. Such an attitude, he asserted, might result in lowering the intellectual standards of their generation.

"A provision opening graduate instruction to those intellectually qualified is common enough in graduate school statutes," he said, "but we have ceased to make use of it. Of itself a bachelor's degree is no sign of mental maturity. I respect a good bachelor's degree as much as you do, but I hope very much that the graduate schools of the country will not now suddenly make it one prime prerequisite for entrance upon programs for ex-service personnel coming to the universities under educational retraining legislation."

The new graduate training would become available under Government sponsorship.

A committee of which Mr. Jones is a member presented the program to President Roosevelt.

The southern conference elected the following officers: Fred C. Smith, University of Tennessee, President; W. D. Funkhouser, Kentucky, Vice-President; R. P. McCutcheon, Tulane, Secretary-Treasurer. Philip Davidson of Vanderbilt became a member of the Executive Committee.

LISTEN THURSDAYS TO

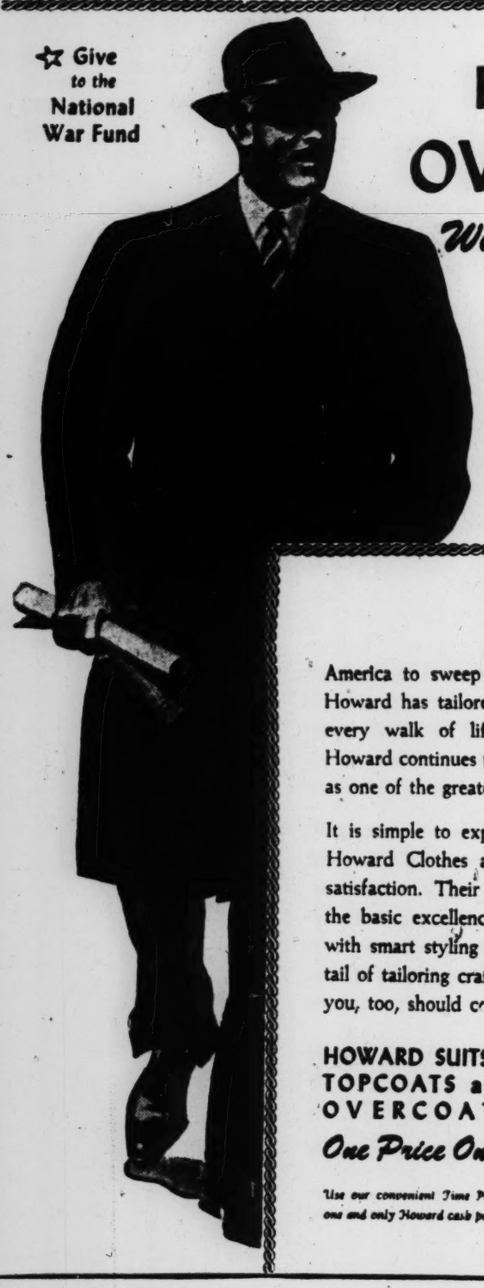
Henry Aldrich

★ You'll have a good time every minute of the 30 minutes you listen to *The Aldrich Family*, written by Clifford Goldsmith. And worthwhile!—you'll learn why *caffein-free* Postum is the drink for you.

8:30 P. M. (EWT)

NBC STATIONS

☆ Give to the National War Fund



HOWARD OVERCOATS Win Warm Friends

Ready for your inspection and selection, Overcoats for every occasion . . . raglans, fly-fronts, coats with set-in sleeves . . . single and double breasted models. Coats for business and spectator sports wear. Luxurious Lampaka Overcoats in camel tan, brown, blue, and gray . . . and a smart selection of tried-and-true tweeds. They're all one price $26.75

TRUST STYLE- AND VALUE-WISE America to sweep aside claims and get the facts. Howard has tailored clothes that appeal to men in every walk of life. Without exaggerated claims Howard continues to win fame and countless friends as one of the greatest clothes values in the industry.

It is simple to explain this overwhelming acclaim. Howard Clothes are designed to deliver absolute satisfaction. Their undeniable quality begins with the basic excellence of the materials . . . carries on with smart styling and extends to the minutest detail of tailoring craftsmanship. Reasons enough why you, too, should come to Howard for your clothes.

HOWARD SUITS... TOPCOATS and OVERCOATS One Price Only $26.75

NO CHARGE FOR ALTERATIONS

Use our convenient Time Payment Plans. You pay the one and only Howard cash price plus a dollar service fee.

Howard Youngfellow All Wool SUITS
Sizes 10 to 20 . . . Regular, Stocky, Husky, Long
and Warm, Fingertip OVERCOATS

Suits in coverts and cheviots . . . stripes, diagonals, herringbones and plaids. Overcoats are made from rich pile fabric in teal blue, dark blue, camel tan and vicuna brown in the popular fingertip length.

One Price Only $16.75

No Charge for Alterations

HOWARD Youngfellow REVERSIBLE Fingertip COATS

Made of fine fleece fabric on the outside and a water-repellent cotton twill inside. The coat may be worn on either side.

Sizes 10 to 20

$15

HOWARD CLOTHES
FOR GENTLEMEN OF GOOD TASTE

New York, 801 Broadway 1268 Broadway 1600 Broadway 100 Delancey St. 10 Cortlandt St. 145 East 42nd St. 500 Seventh Ave. 972 Third Ave. 150 East 86th St. 2825 Third Ave. 149 East 125th St. 101 West 125th St. 258 East Fordham Road • Brooklyn . . . 75 Flatbush Avenue 671 Broadway 350 Fulton Street 1558 Pitkin Avenue 1772 Pitkin Avenue Ridgewood . . . 55-45 Myrtle Ave. • Jamaica . . . 163-20 Jamaica Ave. Flushing . . . 39-09 Main St. • White Plains . . . 186 Main Street Newark . . . 82 Market Street • Jersey City . . . 320 Central Avenue Paterson . . . 160 Market Street • Upper Darby, Pa. . . . 67 South 69th Street Philadelphia . . . 1215 Market St. 1511 Chestnut St. 5th and South St. Boston . . . 609 Washington Street 342 Washington Street Worcester . . . 104 Front Street • Providence . . . 200 Weybosset Street Syracuse . . . 325 South Salina Street • Pittsburgh . . . 233 Fifth Avenue Chicago . . . 222 So. State St. 6345 So. Halsted St. 11121 So. Michigan Ave.

Army Air and Ground Forces Equalized Under New Order

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20 (AP)—Equality of the Army Air Forces with ground troops has been established formally by order of Gen. George C. Marshall, Chief-of-Staff, in a step which appears to employ the principle of a separate air arm without an actual divorcement.

A manual governing the command and employment of air power, in use quietly for three months, describes the land and air forces as "co-equal and interdependent," neither being an auxiliary of the other.

It provides specifically that a theater commander must not attach army air forces to ground units except when such units "are operating independently or are isolated by distance or lack of communications."

This has been written plainly into the War Department's field service regulations a principle already widely in use in this war—autonomy of air and land forces with a single theater to co-ordinate their efforts.

The principle has been demonstrated in the Mediterranean, the South Pacific, and the Aleutians—wherever in fact American forces have been in major contact with the enemy.

President Roosevelt, responding to a senatorial plea for establishment of a separate air force, said recently that such a change at the moment might be a serious impediment to plans already mapped, but added that consideration is being given constantly to the need for such a revision.

He pointed out, too, that the Chief of the air forces, Gen. Henry H. Arnold, is a four-star General, holding rank equal to the Chief of the land forces.

The new rules provide that "the command of air and ground forces in a theater of operations will be vested in the superior commander charged with the actual conduct of operations in the theater, who will exercise command of air forces through the air force commander and command of ground forces through the ground force commander."

Discussing the employment of air power, the new regulations state that achievement of air superiority "is the first requirement for the success of any major land operation." They add:

"Air forces must be employed primarily against the enemy's air forces until air superiority is obtained. In this way only can destructive and demoralizing air attacks against land forces be minimized and the inherent mobility of modern land and air forces be exploited to the fullest."

Carey Defends Use Of City Employees At Vacation Resort

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

NEW YORK, Oct. 20—An admission that he had used city employees and materials without authorization to develop Sanita Hills, vacation resort for Department of Sanitation workers, was made by William F. Carey, Sanitation Commissioner, at a hearing before William B. Herlands, Commissioner of Investigation, here yesterday. Mr. Carey told the hearing, ordered by Mayor Fiorello H. La Guardia, that he had acted in the public interest in using city men and materials.

The Sanitation Commissioner declared it had been his intention from the start to repay the city for all labor and materials out of proceeds of the Department's annual baseball games with police and firemen's teams. As evidence of this, he brought photostats of checks showing a payment by the Department's Welfare Fund to the city as early as 1941 for use of some city equipment at the 1,140-acre development, near Holmes, N. Y.

"Sanita Hills won't cost the city a red cent," he declared. "The city is getting free a property worth $1,000,000, and it will be worth $5,000,000 before I'm through with it."

Mr. Carey showed impatience several times during the hearing over criticism of his having acted as he did to prevent abandonment of the project last year. He said Sanita Hills was a model for employer-employee relations and that it had been studied by industrial leaders.

The hearings, conducted at the Association of the Bar of the City of New York, are part of Mayor La Guardia's strategy in making public the Fusion Administration's side of every case coming before the City Council Committee investigating the City Administration.

Morgenthau Quits Dairy Business

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20 (AP)—Republican speakers in both Houses of Congress yesterday deplored the retirement of Secretary of the Treasury Henry Morgenthau from the dairy business.

Senator William Langer (R) of North Dakota, read a news story about plans for the sale of Mr. Morgenthau's herd on this 1,400-acre farm near East Fishkill, N. Y., and quoted farm disposal sale advertisements from several North Dakota newspapers. Then he told the House:

"The distinguished Secretary of the Treasury, a millionaire, can't afford to keep 100 head of pure-bred cows these days."

"If all the dairy farmers follow Mr. Morgenthau's example there won't be any more milk," said Representative August Andresen (R) of Minnesota in the House.

"I deplore the fact that my constituent, Mr. Morgenthau has been forced out of business," Representative Hamilton Fish (R) of New York told the House. "I presume it was because he couldn't get corn from the western states for feed. I hope the Agriculture Committee will do something before November 1 to remove the ceiling price on corn."

Do you like to do your own hair?

You will if you use

Lusta-Foame Shampoo

(With Lanolin)

If your hair is dull and lifeless, you'll revel in the miracle Lusta-Foame Shampoo can create for you. Simply dilute a small quantity of shampoo with water and massage vigorously. It brings a new sheen and glory to all types of hair.

Satisfaction Guaranteed

8 oz. bottle $1.00 Order by Mail

LUSTA-FOAME COMPANY
60 K Street, South Boston, Mass.
I enclose $1.00 for which please send me an 8 oz. bottle of Lusta-Foame Shampoo as advertised in The Christian Science Monitor.
Name.....
Street.....
City and State.....

AUNT MINNIE Arrived on Wednesday...

Right in the middle of the week.

With her ration book, a present for each of the children . . . and only *one* suitcase.

Goodness knows how she did it. Last year she arrived on Saturday . . . simply loaded down!

But Aunt Minnie knows there's a war on. She knows week-end traveling often means "standing room only." She knows too there are war workers and furloughed soldiers and sailors to be considered. They need the space on week-ends for a bit of well-earned relaxation . . . a visit home . . . or necessary shopping.

* * *

That's why Aunt Minnie, and thousands of others who are just visiting . . . cooperate by traveling on mid-week buses.

Yes, folks are hearing a lot about cooperation these days, and what a big part it will play in forming a better post-war world.

But cooperation is really a state of mind . . . and it starts right here at home with little things like sharing a bus seat . . . willingness to accept inconveniences . . . even to change travel habits of years' standing.

Aunt Minnie says these are the *mis-fortunes* of war.

NEW ENGLAND TRANSPORTATION CO.

SERVING 146 CITIES AND TOWNS IN MASSACHUSETTS · RHODE ISLAND · CONNECTICUT

New Cagney Film Arriving—Art Exhibition—Radio—Theater News

'Johnny Come Lately' Due At the State and Orpheum

James Cagney's new film, "Johnny Come Lately," which reaches the State and Orpheum Thursday, marks two movie debuts. It brings Grace George, long a stage star, to the screen in her first film. In the second place, the picture is the first to be presented by the recently organized William Cagney productions. William Cagney, it hardly seems necessary to explain, is a brother of James.

In the forthcoming picture the star role is that of an itinerant newspaperman who becomes involved in a small-town crusade waged by a veteran woman newspaper publisher against a corrupt political group. Miss George plays the part of the publisher. The supporting cast includes Marjorie Main, Marjorie Lord, Hattie McDaniel and Edward McNamara.

The companion feature will be "That Nazty Nuisance," a Hal Roach comedy, with a cast that includes Bobby Watson, Joe Devlin, Johnny Arthur, Jean Porter, Ian Keith, Henry Victory, Ed Lewis and Abe Kashey.

'Iron Major' Premiere

The world premiere of "The Iron Major" is scheduled for the Keith Memorial Monday at 5 p. m. Both that evening and throughout Tuesday, Pat O'Brien and Ruth Warwick, who are the stars of the picture, will make personal appearances at the theater. The second feature, starting Tuesday morning, will be "Never a Dull Moment," featuring the Ritz Brothers and Frances Langford.

"The Iron Major" tells the story of Maj. Frank Cavanaugh, late football coach at Boston College, covering his service abroad in World War I as well as his career on the gridiron. The picture has been photographed against the background of Boston College and other schools. Mr. O'Brien, of course, plays the title role, and Ruth Warwick the part of his wife. Robert Ryan, Leon Ames, Russell Wade, Bruce Edwards, Russell Martin, Frank Shannon, Dorothy Vaughn, and Margaret Landry are in the supporting cast.

'For Whom the Bell Tolls'

A second week is scheduled at the Metropolitan for the Technicolor screen version of "For Whom the Bell Tolls," Ernest Hemingway's novel about the war in Spain. Gary Cooper has the role of Robert Jordan, the American volunteer with Republican guerrilla forces. Ingrid Bergman is the Spanish girl Maria. Katina Paxinou, the Greek actress, gives a notable performance as Pilar, the woman who takes over leadership of the guerrilla band. A long list of well-chosen players fill the other roles taken from the novel.

'This Is the Army'

At the Paramount and Fenway, "This Is the Army" is being held for a second week starting Thursday. The film, which has a backstage story written around the original Army show, has a cast of 300 soldiers and such movie players as George Murphy, Joan Leslie, Ronald Reagan, George Tobias, Alan Hale, Kate Smith, Frances Langford and Gertrude Niesen.

At RKO Boston

Woody Herman and his orchestra, Paul Winchell, ventriloquist, and Marion Daniels, dancer, will be on the stage at the RKO Boston beginning Thursday. The first-run feature film will be "Crime Doctor," an adaptation from the radio series, with Warner Baxter and Margaret Lindsay in the principal roles.

At the Exeter

Beginning Thursday, the feature films at the RKO Boston will be "So Proudly We Hail," with Claudette Colbert, Paulette Goddard, Veronica Lake and Sonny Tufts. The other feature will be "My Heart Belongs to Daddy," with Richard Carlson and Martha O'Driscoll. On Sunday two revivals are scheduled: "The Scarlet Pimpernel," starring Leslie Howard and Merle Oberon, and "The Ghost Goes West," with Robert Donat.

Ceylon at Telepix

Thaw expedition pictures of Ceylon will be seen at the Telepix beginning Friday. Other items on the program of short features will include "Arctic Passage," a Pete Smith film, animal novelty, sings by Helen O'Connell, Sheepshead Bay, "Super Mouse," and newsreels.

'So Proudly We Hail'

Starting Thursday the Uptown will be showing "So Proudly We Hail," with Claudette Colbert, Veronica Lake, Paulette Goddard, and Sonny Tufts. The companion feature will be "Hi Diddle Diddle" with Adolphe Menjou and Martha Scott.

At the Esquire

Starting Friday the feature films at the Esquire will be "Headin' for God's Country," with William Lundigan and Virginia Dale, and "Adventures of a Rookie," starring Wally Brown and Alan Carney.

'The Sky's the Limit'

Fred Astaire and Joan Leslie in "The Sky's the Limit" will be seen at the Washington Street Olympia and Scollay starting Thursday. On the same program will be "Hi Diddle Diddle" with Adolphe Menjou and Martha Scott.

Today on Short Waves

Chungking—10:00 p. m.—World News in English, XGOY, 9.63 meg., 31 m.
Caracas—6:15 p. m.—Songs of Many Lands, YV5RN, 6.20 meg., 48.4 m.
Moscow—6:48 p. m.—Program in English, RKE, 15.1 meg., 19.7 m.
London—7:30 p. m.—Newsletter for Newfoundland, GSC, 9.58 meg., 31.3 m.; GRG, 11.68 meg., 25.6 m.
London—8:45 p. m.—Fela Sowande and His Hotshots, GSC, 9.58 meg., 31.3 m.; GRG, 11.68 meg., 25.6 m.
Moscow—9:00 p. m.—Comments in English, RKE, 11.8 meg., 20.3 m.
London—9:15 p. m.—BBC Theatre Orchestra, GSC, 9.58 meg., 31.3 m.; GRG, 11.68 meg., 25.6 m.
Sydney—9:25 p. m.—"In Australia This Week," VLQ7, 11.71 meg., 25.5 m.; VLQ5, 9.68 meg., 41 m.
London—10:00 p. m.—"Freedom Forum," GSC, 9.58 meg., 31.3 m.; GSL, 6.11 meg., 49.1 m.
Guatemala—11:45 p. m.—Popular Music, TGWA, 9.68 meg., 31 m.
Owing to conditions abroad, some of these programs may be subject to change.

© Paramount

Ingrid Bergman

In a detail from "For Whom the Bell Tolls," continuing at the Metropolitan.

© United Artists

Robert Donat

In the revival of "The Ghost Goes West," due at the Exeter Sunday.

Dance News

"There are no dancing feet in Europe today," writes Michael Herman, director of the Community Folk Dance Center, "but the spirit of the enslaved nations will dance again at the Sixth Annual Folk Festival of the Center to be held on Oct. 22 at Arlington Hall, 19 St. Marks Place, New York City. Among the groups scheduled to appear are the Hawaiian Folk Dancers led by Huapala, the Polish Folk Dance Circle, the Scottish Castle Roy Troupe, the Italian Folk Dance Group, Norwegian Folk Dance Group, Dance Ukraine, Swa-Hili African Group, and the Swiss Folk Dancers. There will be folk dancing for all from 8:30 to 12:30 p. m.

"The annual Folk Festivals sponsored by the Community Folk Dance Center are a practical demonstration of how peoples of many countries can live, work and play together in peace and harmony. Throughout the year lay people meet regularly to learn and do these folk dances as a recreational activity. At Festival time, the various ethnic groups come in costume to give demonstrations of their native dances."

Mr. Herman believes that folk dances were meant to be done and not watched. As a result, after each nationality group demonstration, the audience joins hands and learns the dances too.

"The dances taught are not limited to just the simple dances of the European countries," Mr. Herman goes on to say, "but include dances of Hawaii and the primitive dances of the Africans. In the process of learning these dances, the participants also acquire an education in the history, costumes, customs and music of the countries."

Tudor Premiere

Antony Tudor's "Dim Luster," to Richard Strauss's "Burlesca," with costumes designed by the Motleys, will have its world premiere by Ballet Theater at the Metropolitan Opera House, New York, this evening. It will be repeated, according to the schedule, on Oct. 22, and at the matinee of Oct. 24.

During the week Massine's "Mademoiselle Angot" will have its sixth performance on Oct. 21, and again be repeated at the matinee of Oct. 23; Argentinita's "Pictures of Goya" will be repeated tonight and Sunday; and Lichine's "Fair at Sorochinsk" on Oct. 22, 23 (evening) and 24 (matinee).

Dunham Show to Tour

Katherine Dunham's "Tropical Revue" will go on tour, it is said, when it closes its engagement at the Martin Beck Theater on Nov. 13 to make way for "A Connecticut Yankee," as no other Broadway theater is available. M. L.

Jungle Theme Pictured By Marta Adams

Pictures and sculptures by Marta Adams will be on view at the Grace Horne Galleries through October. Mrs. Adams, a resident of Cambridge, has spent a good deal of time in Mexico, and the Mexican jungle has been the inspiration of the works in this display.

Mrs. Adams takes up her brushes in a sense as a hobby, for sculpture and drawing have been her media, hitherto. Encountering the jungle with its luxuriant foliage, exotic blossoms, superabundance of animal, bird, insect, and reptile life, she seems to have turned naturally to the adaptable communicativeness of the brush.

What is impressive is her profound susceptibility to the experience of the jungle, her delight, wonder, and horror. Jungle life is stranger than fiction; it surpasses fancy; it is full of surprises and symbols. It takes courage for an artist to translate the awe and fascination into the language of paint.

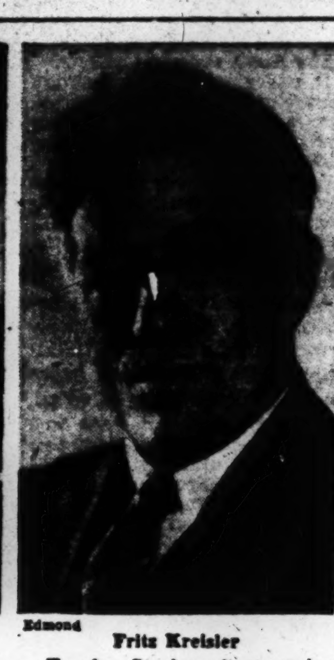
To Mrs. Adams the imagery is evasive, weightless, and transient. She tries to fix the intangible, shape the illusory, fasten onto the Oriental paper with China inks a rhapsodic pageantry. She starts anew with each encounter, permitting the fresh image to influence her hand, intensify her hues. Where opacity is telling, the colors are solid; where transparency conveys the fleeting impression, the tones are pellucid.

Sometimes she relies upon her more professional line for qualification. Her skill in draughtsmanship safeguards her against a too rampant excursion into the fantastic. She has a loving understanding of animals, their peculiar moods and bearing and behavior. And when she turns to plants, she finds them bidding for attention with their opulent forms and intense hues. The colors are sometimes piercing, sometimes glowing, sometimes succulent, sometimes raw. People, too, by imaginative transformation become the appropriate inhabitants of this entrancing world. The odd seems natural, the unusual normal when an artist with marked inventiveness envisions it.

Her sculpture, too, is modeled with a peculiar intuitive responsiveness and gentle wit. Several animal figures and a few heads done in the round, in relief, and in combinations of techniques are also shown. This is a memorable exhibition. D. A.

Pat O'Brien

Coming to the Keith Memorial Monday in "The Iron Major."



Edmond

Fritz Kreisler

To play Sunday afternoon in Symphony Hall.

'The Christian Science Monitor Views the News'

For Thursday, Oct. 21
12 noon WMEX 1510kc

Today's FM Programs

W67B, Boston (46.7mc)

3:00 p. m.—News; FM Varieties.
3:45 p. m.—From A to Z in Novelty.
4:00 p. m.—News; Vocal Varieties.
4:15 p. m.—Ridin' the Range.
4:30 p. m.—Music You Want.
5:00 p. m.—News; Band.
5:15 p. m.—The Master Singers.
5:30 p. m.—Music.
6:00 p. m.—News; U. S. Navy Band.
6:30 p. m.—"Your Ivory Tower."
6:45 p. m.—Church in the Wildwood.
7:00 p. m.—News; Dinner Music.
7:30 p. m.—"Caribbean Nights."
7:45 p. m.—H. V. Kaltenborn.
8:00 p. m.—News; Golden Gate Quartet.
8:15 p. m.—Treasury Star Parade.
8:30 p. m.—Concert Hall.
9:00 p. m.—Sign Off.

W43B, Boston (44.3mc) and W39B Mt. Washington, N. H. (43.9mc)

3:00 p. m.—Sheelah Carter, news.
3:15 p. m.—Concert Orchestra.
3:30 p. m.—Yankee House Party.
4:00 p. m.—Walter Compton, news.
4:15 p. m.—Across the Footlights.
4:30 p. m.—"Full Speed Ahead."
5:00 p. m.—"Dansant"; Music.
6:00 p. m.—News Service.
6:15 p. m.—Sports; Music Interlude.
6:30 p. m.—Dinner Music.
7:00 p. m.—Fulton Lewis Jr., news.
7:15 p. m.—Ted Cole; Bobby Norris.
7:30 p. m.—Hal McIntyre's Orchestra.
8:00 p. m.—"Sizing Up the News."
8:15 p. m.—News Service.
8:30 p. m.—"Take-A-Card"; Quiz Show.
9:00 p. m.—Gabriel Heatter; News.
9:15 p. m.—Gracie Fields' Show.
9:30 p. m.—"Soldiers With Wings"; drama.
10:00 p. m.—John B. Hughes; News.
10:15 p. m.—Sunny Skylar, songs.
10:30 p. m.—Paul Schubert, news.
10:45 p. m.—Musical Roundup.
11:00 p. m.—News Service.
11:15 p. m.—Buddy Franklin's Orchestra.
11:30 p. m.—Guy Lombardo's Orchestra.

Rose Franken To Take Play Into New York

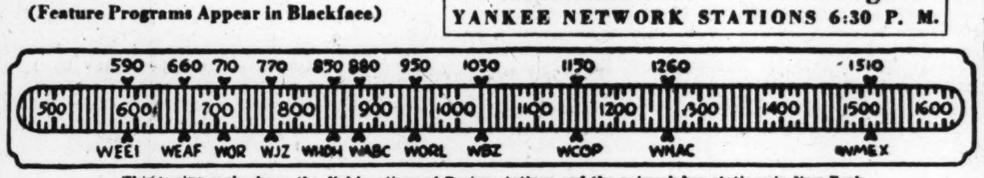
"Outrageous Fortune," Rose Franken's new play at the Wilbur, will go into New York next week as originally planned. Early yesterday the playwright and her husband, William Brown Meloney, who is co-producer, had agreed with Gilbert Miller to withdraw the play temporarily for revisions at the end of this week. But later in the day Miss Franken and Mr. Meloney decided to go on with their plans for a Broadway opening and the cast agreed to a reduction in salaries pending the outcome of the Broadway venture.

Edward P. Goodnow, who with Francis G. Cleveland has been active as a resident producer in Boston with the Stagers and more recently with the summer theater circuit operating out of Tamworth, N. H., is reported in New York to be about to engage in Broadway production in association with Jacques Thery. The first play on their schedule is said to be "The Best Minds," a lampoon on political conventions, by Burton Crane of the New York Times financial staff, and Mr. Thery.

Radio Timetable

(Feature Programs Appear in Blackface)

Tonight: A New Monitor International News Program
YANKEE NETWORK STATIONS 6:30 P. M.



This tuning scale shows the dial locations of Boston stations and the network key stations in New York

	WEEI-590kc-CBS	WHDH-850kc-BLUE	WBZ-1030kc-NBC	WNAC-1260kc-MBS	WMEX-1510kc-199m
3:00	"Mary Marlin": sk.	Morton Downey, songs	'Woman of America': sk	Sheelah Carter, news	Waltzing With You
3:15	Across Caribbean	News; Air Express Music	"Ma Perkins": sketch	Concert orchestra	Waltzing With You
3:30	News, Snapshots	'State Dept of Education:	Pepper Young's Family.	Yankee House Party: Va-	Gene Autry and Cowboy
3:45	"Help Wanted"	speaker; orchestra	"Right to Happiness"	riety Show; orchestra	Jamboree
4:00	Your Home Front	Air Express Music	Backstage Wife: sketch	Walter Compton, news	Francine Presents
4:15	Reporter; news	Newscast	Stella Dallas: sketch	Across the Footlights	Tommy Dorsey's Orch.
4:30	Book Fair	Air Express Music	Lorenzo Jones: sketch	"Full Speed Ahead":	Xavier Cugat's Orch.
4:45	Legion; Date Book	Musical Poll of Hits	Young Widder Brown: sk	U. S. Navy program	Charlie Spivak's Orch.
5:00	Five O'Clock Follies;	Musical Poll of Hits	"When a Girl Marries"	Musical Roundup	Johnny Long's Orch.
5:15	Evelyn Howe, m. c.	Dick Tracy, sketch	"Portia Faces Life"	"The Black Hood": sk.	Irish Melodies
5:30	"Follies"; Quartet	"Jack Armstrong"	'Just Plain Bill': sketch	"Chick Carter": sketch	Irish Melodies
5:45	American Women	"Captain Midnight": sk.	'Front Page Farrell': sk.	"Superman": sketch	News service
6:00	Comment; news	Terry and the Pirates	News; Sports reporter	News service	Sports news
6:15	Texas Rangers	Newscast	"The Melodeers"	Sports; Music	Moment Musicale
6:30	Lyn Murray; Music	Bing Crosby, songs	"Jesting With Jesters"	Monitor World News	News service
6:45	News; 6:55 J. Harsch	Phil Saltman's Blue Boys	Lowell Thomas, news	Sports; music	Sports of the Day
7:00	"I Love a Mystery"	Sports; music	Fred Waring's Orchestra	Fulton Lewis, Jr., news	March to Victory
7:15	Harry James' Orch.	Anthony Bruno's Orch.	J. W. Vandercook, news.	Ted Cole; Bobby Norris.	Richard Salinger, news
7:30	"Easy Aces": sketch	The Lone Ranger: west-	Nat Barrows Reports	Hal McIntyre's Orch.	Lyric Theater; drama
7:45	"Mr. Keen": sketch	ern drama	John Barry, comments	Hal McIntyre's Orch.	Your Army
8:00	Sammy Kaye's Or.	Earl Godwin, news	"Mr. and Mrs. North":	"Sizing Up the News"	Studio speaker
8:15	Sammy Kaye's Or.	Lum 'n' Abner: sketch	comedy mystery drama	News service	Billy Dooley's Orch.
8:30	Drama, with Jean	Quiz Program: guests;	Beat the Band: Hilde-	'Take a Card': quiz with	Tommy Carr's Orch.
8:45	Hersholt; news	J. C. Flippen, m. c.	garde; H. Sosnick's Or.	Wally Butterworth	Boris Goldovsky, pianist
9:00	Lionel Barrymore:	Freddy Martin's Orch.;	Eddie Cantor; Nora Mar-	Gabriel Heatter, news	Chopin Concerto No. 1
9:15	Mayor of the Town	Jimmy Monaco, s'gwrit'r	tin; comedy; guest; or.	Gracie Field's Show	Chopin Concerto No. 1
9:30	Jack Carson Variety	Russ Morgan's Orch.	"Mr. District Attorney".	"Soldiers With Wings":	Chopin Concerto No. 1
9:45	Show; guests	Dance Orchestra; song	"Mr. District Attorney"	drama; guest stars	Chopin Concerto; News
10:00	Moments in Music:	Raymond Gram Swing	Kay Kyser's College of	John B. Hughes, news	Local Sports
10:15	'Forza Del Destino'	Waltz Time: Music	Musical Knowledge	Sunny Skylar, songs	Local Sports
10:30	Morton Gould's Or.	'The Symphonette,' with	Kay Kyser's College of	Paul Schubert, news	Local Sports
10:45	Alec Templeton	M. Piastro, cond.	Musical Knowledge	Musical Roundup	Local Sports
11:00	News; World War 2	News	News; Weather; Organ	News service	Teddy Powell's Orch.
11:15	"Jam"; Rideout	Harry Green's Orch.	Richard Harkness, news	Buddy Franklin's Orch.	Tommy Carr's Orch.
11:30	Claudio Arrau; Con-	Fishermen's Program	"Wings of Tomorrow":	Guy Lombardo's Orch.	Day's End: music
11:45	cert Orchestra	Lou Bresse's Orch.	Band; speaker	Guy Lombardo's Orch.	Day's End; news

Thursday's Programs

	WEEI-590kc-CBS	WHDH-850kc-BLUE	WBZ-1030kc-NBC	WNAC-1260kc-MBS	WMEX-1510kc-199m
7:00	Top o' the Morning	Air Express Music	News; musical program	Organ Melodies	
7:15	News; music	Newscast	Dress Parade; Weather	News comment	
7:30	Music; news	Musical program	News service	Music; Band Box	New England Fellowship:
7:45	News; Rideout	'Human Relations'; songs	Spike Jones' Orchestra	Musical Clock	religious program
8:00	News of the world	Martin Agronsky, news.	Musical Toast	News service	Musical Timetable
8:15	Caroline Cabot	Church in the Wildwood	Musical Toast	"George & Dixie"; news	Musical Timetable
8:30	Carl Moore's Club.	Nancy Lee; Wom's Pgm	News service	Louise Morgan Interv'ws	Musical Timetable
8:45	Carl Moore; news	Newscast	Studio speaker	Louise Morgan Interv'ws	Musical Timetable
9:00	P. Fortescue, Inter.	Breakfast Club	Mildred Carlson, talk	News; "Tune Factory"	Scandinavian Melodies
9:15	School of the Air:	Breakfast Club	Church in the Wildwood	"Yankee Tune Factory"	Scandinavian Melodies
9:30	Far and Near Tales	Breakfast Club	Wartime Food News	"Yankee Tune Factory"	Studio speaker
9:45	Food Fair	Breakfast Club	The Goldman Band	"Yankee Tune Factory"	Studio speaker
10:00	"Valiant Lady"	Morning Market Basket	Lora Lawton: sketch	News; "Tune Factory"	Waltz Time
10:15	American Stories	Women and the War	"The Open Door": sk.	"Yankee Tune Factory"	L. Grossman, talk
10:30	Honeymoon Hill	Fishermen's Pgm; news	"Helpmate": drama	"Yankee Tune Factory"	Shopping With Marie
10:45	Bachelor's Children	"Tops in Bands"	Parade of Stars	"Yankee Tune Factory"	Mason
11:00	Mary Lee Taylor	Breakfast Music; Inter.	Road of Life: sketch	News; "Tune Factory"	"Kick-Conga!"
11:15	Second Husband: sk	Breakfast Music; Inter.	Vic and Sade: sketch	New England Cupboard.	"Francine Presents"
11:30	"Bright Horizons".	News commentator	'Brave Tomorrow': dr.	Happy Joe and Ralph	Glenn Miller's Orch.
11:45	"Aunt Jenny"	Lily Carthew Interviews	"David Harum": sketch.	Imogene Wolcott: Talk	News service
12:00	Kate Smith Speaks	Newscast	News; Weather; Music	Boake Carter, news	Monitor Views the News
12:15	"Big Sister": sketch	Bond Wagon Quiz	Chet Gaylord, songs	"Spotlight Revue"	The Pepper Shaker
12:30	Helen Trent: sketch	National Farm and Home	Marjorie Mills: talk	Musical Roundup	Italian Melodies
12:45	Our Gal Sunday: sk	Hour: music; speakers	Marjorie Mills: talk	Musical Roundup	Italian Melodies
1:00	"Life Beautiful"	'Baukhage Talking'; news	The Little Show	News service	Italian Melodies
1:15	"Ma Perkins"	'Good Food Buys'; music	The Little Show	Jack Berch & His Boys	Concert Melodies
1:30	B. Flynn, news	Edward MacHugh, hymns	"Mary Foster": sketch	Musical Roundup	Curtain Time; Theo
1:45	"The Goldbergs"	Fishermen's Pgm; news	News service	Cedric Foster, news	Carreiro, songs
2:00	Dramatic sketch	Rodriquez & Sutherland	"The Guiding Light": sk.	News; Music Roundup	Melody Mystery Contest
2:15	Dramatic sketch	Mystery Chef, food facts	"Lonely Women": sketch	"Yankee Kitchen"	Melody Mystery Contest
2:30	'We Love & Learn'	"Singing Stars"	'Light of the World': sk.	"Yankee Kitchen"	Novelty Musicale
2:45	"Perry Mason": sk.	"Singing Stars"	Hymn recital	Sports comments	News service
3:00	"Mary Marlin": sk	Morton Downey, songs	"Woman of America": sk	Sheelah Carter, news	Waltzing With You
3:15	'Caribb'n'; 'Stories'	News; Air Express Music	"Ma Perkins": sketch	Concert Orchestra	Waltzing With You
3:30	News; Music	Studio orchestra; talks	'Pepper Young's Family'	Yankee House Party: Va-	Gene Autry, Cowboy
3:45	"Help Wanted"	Studio orchestra; talks	"Right to Happiness"	riety Show; orchestra	Jamboree
4:00	Your Home Front	'Human Relations'; music	'Backstage Wife': sketch	Walter Compton, news	"Francine Presents"
4:15	Reporter; news	Newscast	Stella Dallas: sketch	Across the Footlights	Bing Crosby, songs
4:30	Book Fair	Air Express Music	"Lorenzo Jones": sketch	'Full Speed Ahead': U. S.	Artie Shaw's Orch.
4:45	WAC Enlistment	Musical Poll of Hits	"Young Widder Brown"	Navy Program; orch.	King Sisters, songs
5:00	Five O'Clock Follies	Musical Poll of Hits	"When a Girl Marries"	Musical Roundup	Kay Kyser's Orch.
5:15	Five O'Clock Follies	"Dick Tracy": sketch	"Portia Faces Life"	"The Black Hood": sk.	Irish songs
5:30	Follies; Quartet	"Jack Armstrong": sk.	"Just Plain Bill": sketch	"Chick Carter": sketch	Irish songs
5:45	American Women	"Captain Midnight": sk.	'Front Page Farrell': sk.	"Superman": sketch	News service
6:00	'Front Page'; News.	Terry and the Pirates	News; News com'entator	News service	Sports comments
6:15	News comments	Newscast	You and the War	Sports; Music	Moment Musicale
6:30	"Musically Yours"	Phil Saltman's Blue Boys	Music for Moderns, s'ngs	Monitor World News	News service
6:45	News; 6:55 J. Harsch	Phil Saltman's Blue Boys	Lowell Thomas, news	Sports; Music	Sports of the Day
7:00	"I Love a Mystery"	Sports; music	Fred Waring's Orchestra	Fulton Lewis, Jr., news	March to Victory
7:15	Harry James's Or.	Anthony Bruno's Orch.	J. W. Vandercook, news	'Coach Fr'k Cavanaugh'	R. Salinger, news; Taxes
7:30	'Easy Aces'; comedy	Adrian and Alice, songs.	Bob Burns, the Arkansas	Political talk	Religious program;
7:45	"Mr. Keen": drama	Norman Cloutier, music	Traveler; Variety show	Fred Lang, news	speakers
8:00	Mary Astor; Mischa	Earl Godwin, news	Fanny Brice; Frank Mor-	Treasury Star Parade	Studio speaker
8:15	Auer; C. Ruggles	"Lum 'n' Abner"	gan; Hanley Stafford	News service	Billy Dooley's Orch.
8:30	Death Valley Days.	America's Town Meeting:	"The Aldrich Family,"	'Human Adventure': dr.	Royal Light Quartette
8:45	Death Valley; news	'Does a Two-Third Vote	starring Dickie Jones	'Human Adventure': dr	Irish music
9:00	Major Bowes' Ama-	of the Senate Impede	Music Hall: Bing Crosby	Gabriel Heatter, news	Dukas: Sorcerer's Ap-
9:15	teur program	the U. S. For'n Policy?'	& Co.; Cass Daley	Gracie Fields' Show	prentice
9:30	Dinah Shore Show:	Abe Lyman's Orch.	Joan Davis; Jack Haley;	"U Tell 'Em Club": Tom	Dukas: Sorcerer's Ap-
9:45	drama; music; g'st	Dance Orchestra; songs	Orch.; Paul Lukas	Slater, m. c.; guests	prentice
10:00	"The First Line"	Raymond Gram Swing	Gary Moore; Jimmy Du-	Raymond Clapper, news	News service
10:15	"The First Line"	Frazier Hunt Reports	rante; Roy Bargy's Or.	Biographical Sketches	Treasury Star Parade
10:30	"Romance": Dick	'The Symphonette,' with	'March of Time': Ambas-	Paul Schubert, news	Tommy Carr's Orchestra
10:45	Haymes; chor.; or.	M. Piastro, conductor	s'd'r Gromyko; Col Knox	Musical Roundup	Vaughn Monroe's Orch.
11:00	News; World War 2	News	News; Weather; Organ	News service	Jimmy Dorsey's Orch.
11:15	"Jam"; Rideout	Harry Green's Orchestra	Richard Harkness, talk.	Ran Wilde's Orch.	Ray Noble's Orch.
11:30	"Flashgun" Casey":	Fishermen's Program	Music of the New World:	Guy Lombardo's Orch.	Day's End: music
11:45	mystery drama	Jerry Wald's Orch.	From Valley of Anahuac	Bill Bardo's Orch.	Day's End; news

Entertainment Timetable

Plays

Colonial—"The Patriots," by Sidney Kingsley. Presented by the Playwrights' Company and Rowland Stebbins. Starring Walter Hampden. 8:30. Matinees Thursdays and Saturdays at 2:30. (Last week.)
Boston Opera House—"Artists and Models." Presented by Lou Walters, Don Ross, E. M. Loew and Michael Redstone. Starring Jane Froman. 8:30. Matinee Saturday (Oct. 23).
Plymouth — "Kiss and Tell," comedy by F. Hugh Herbert. Featuring Violet Heming, Walter Gilbert and Betty Anne Nyman. 8:30. Matinees Thursdays and Saturdays at 2:30.
Shubert—"Porgy and Bess," by George Gershwin and Du Bose Heyward. Presented by Cheryl Crawford. Featuring Todd Duncan. 8:30. Matinee Saturday at 2:30. (Last week.)
Wilbur—"Outrageous Fortune," by Rose Franken. Presented by Gilbert Miller. Featuring Elsie Ferguson, Maria Ouspenskaya, Margalo Gillmore and Frederic Tozere. 8:30. Matinee Saturday at 2:30. (One week.)

Films in Boston

Esquire—"Oklahoma Kid," James Cagney, Rosemary Lane. 3, 6:25, 9:45. "We've Never Been Licked," Noah Beery, Jr. 1:05, 4:30, 7:50.
Exeter—"Assignment in Brittany," Pierre Aumont, Susan Peters. 1:50, 5, 8:10. "Hers to Hold," Deanna Durbin, Joseph Cotten. 3:20, 6:30, 9:45.
Fenway—"This is the Army," George Murphy, Alan Hale, Ronald Reagan, Kate Smith. 11:30 a. m., 3:05, 6:20, 6:35, 8:55.
Kenmore — "Little Women," Katherine Hepburn, Joan Bennett. 2:30, 6, 9:30. "Fleet's In," Dorothy Lamour. 1, 4:15, 7:50.
Keith Memorial—"Top Man," Donald O'Connor, Susanna Foster, Peggy Ryan. 10:45 a. m., 1:35, 4:25, 7:15, 10:05. "Seventh Victory," Tom Conway. 9:35 a. m., 12:25, 3:15, 6, 8:50.
Majestic—"Sherlock Holmes Faces Death," Basil Rathbone. 12:40, 3:52, 7, 10. Stage Show: 2:30, 6, 9.
Metropolitan—"For Whom the Bell Tolls," Gary Cooper, Ingrid Bergman. 9:25 a. m., 12:10, 3, 5:50, 8:35.
Modern—"So Proudly We Hail," Claudette Colbert. 10:30 a. m., 1:55, 5:30, 9:05. "Mexican Spitfire's Blessed Event," Lupe Velez. 9:20 a. m., 12:45, 4:20, 7:55.
Orpheum—"Salute to the Marines," Wallace Beery, Fay Bainter. 9:05 a. m., 12:15, 3:40, 6:50, 10:15. "My Kingdom for a Cook," Charles Coburn. 10:45 a. m., 2:05, 5:20, 8:45.
Paramount—"This Is the Army," George Murphy, Alan Hale, Ronald Reagan, Kate Smith. 9:45 a. m., 12:05, 2:25, 4:45, 8:55, 9:05.
RKO-Boston—"Honeymoon Lodge," David Bruce, Harriet Hilliard. 11:10 a. m., 2:10, 5:05, 8, 10:20. Stage Show: 12:30, 3:35, 6:25, 9:20.
Scollay—"Wintertime," Sonja Henie, Jack Oakie, Cesar Romero. 10:05 a. m., 12:55, 3:50, 6:45, 9:35. "Gorilla Man," John Loder. 11:45 a. m., 2:40, 5:35, 8:25.
South Station Theater—"Airways to Peace," "A Nation Dances," "Nursery Rhyme Mysteries," "Amphibious Fighters," Duke Ellington and His Orchestra, "Scrappily Married," with Leon Errol, Cartoons, latest newsreels and other shorts.
State—"Salute to the Marines," Wallace Beery, Fay Bainter. 11:30 a. m., 3:05, 6:30, 10:05. "My Kingdom for a Cook," Charles Coburn. 1:20, 4:55, 8:20.
Telepix—"Airways to Peace," "Hollywood in Uniform," "Hunting Dogs," "Pete Smith," Disney, "John Nesbitt," "Scenic Alaska," "Duke Ellington, Digest of World News. Continuous 10:30 a. m. to midnight.
Uptown—"Someone to Remember," Mabel Paige, John Craven. 1:25, 4:40, 7:55. "Hers to Hold," Deanna Durbin, Joseph Cotten. 2:50, 6:05, 9:20.
Washington Street Olympia—"Wintertime," Sonja Henie, Jack Oakie, Cesar Romero. 10:20 a. m., 1:10, 4, 6:50, 9:35. "Gorilla Man," John Loder. 9:05, 11:55 a. m., 2:45, 5:30, 8:20.

Films in Suburbs

ALLSTON—Capitol: "So Proudly We Hail," Claudette Colbert, Paulette Goddard. "Mexican Spitfire's Blessed Event," Lupe Velez. 1:45, 7:50.
Allston: "His Girl Friday," Cary Grant, Rosalind Russell. "First Comes Courage," Merle Oberon. 1:45, 8.
ARLINGTON—Capitol: "Behind the Rising Sun," Margo, Tom Neal. "Get Going," Grace McDonald, R. Paige.
Regent: "Young Mr. Pitt," Robert Donat. "Ladies Day," Lupe Velez.
BRAINTREE—Braintree: "Stage Door Canteen," all-star cast. 2, 6:45, 9:05.
BRIGHTON—Egyptian: "Watch on the Rhine," Bette Davis, Paul Lukas. "Two Senoritas," Jinx Falkenburg. 1:50, 8.
BROOKLINE—Brookline Village: "Behind the Rising Sun," Margo, Tom Neal. "Good Morning, Judge," Dennis O'Keefe.
Coolidge Corner: "Hers to Hold," Deanna Durbin, Joseph Cotten. "All By Myself," Patric Knowles.
Cleveland Circle: "Destroyer," Edward Robinson, Glen Ford. "Nobody's Darling," Mary Lee, Gladys George. 1:45, 8.
CAMBRIDGE—Central Square: "So Proudly We Hail," Claudette Colbert, Paulette Goddard. "Hoosier Holiday," Dale Evans. 1:50, 8.
Harvard: "Mr. Smith Goes to Washington," James Stewart. "Desert Victory." 2, 8.
University: "We've Never Been Licked," Richard Quine. 1:30, 4:45, 8:10. "Hers to Hold," Deanna Durbin, Joseph Cotten. 3:10, 6:25, 9:35.
DORCHESTER—Dorchester: "Hers to Hold," Deanna Durbin, Joseph Cotten. "Phantom Killer," D. Purcell, J. Woodbury.
Codman Square: "Oklahoma Kid," James Cagney, Humphrey Bogart. "Falcon in Danger," Tom Conway. 1:30, 7:45.
Franklin: "Oklahoma Kid," James Cagney, Humphrey Bogart. "Falcon in Danger," Tom Conway. 1:45, 8.
EVERETT—Capitol: "Henry Aldrich Swings It," Jimmy Lydon. 2, 7, 10:07. "Watch on the Rhine," Bette Davis, Paul Lukas. 3:05, 8:05.
Park: "Destroyer," Edward G. Robinson, Marguerite Chapman. "Two Senoritas from Chicago," Jinx Falkenburg.
HYDE PARK — Fairmount: "Destroyer," Edward G. Robinson. "Youngest Profession," Edward Arnold. 1:30, 8.
Hyde Park: "Sky Lark," Claudette Colbert, Ray Milland. "Buy That Town," Lloyd Nolan. 1:30. Continuous 7-11.
JAMAICA PLAIN — Jamaica: "Hers to Hold," Joseph Cotten, Deanna Durbin. "Frontier Badmen," Dianna Barrymore. 1:45, 7:45.
LEXINGTON — Lexington: "Bombardier," Pat O'Brien. 3:30, 8:15. "Truck Busters," Richard Travis. 4:10, 10.
MALDEN—Granada: "So Proudly We Hail," Paulette Goddard, Claudette Colbert. 2:55, 5:50, 8:55.
Mystic: "Oklahoma Kid," James Cagney, Humphrey Bogart. 3:30, 7, 9:55. "Someone to Remember," Mabel Paige, John Craven. 1:55, 8:30.
Maplewood: "Constant Nymph," Charles Boyer, Joan Fontaine. 3:55, 8:55. "Man Trap," Lloyd Corrigan, Dorothy Lovett. 1:52, 7:53.
Orpheum: "Man from Music Mountain," Roy Rogers. 2:15, 8. "Bombardier," Pat O'Brien, Randolph Scott. 3:30, 9:15.
Strand: "We've Never Been Licked," Noah Beery, Jr. 3:15, 9:10. "Headin' for God's Country," William Lundigan. 1:55, 7:50.
MATTAPAN—Oriental: "So Proudly We Hail," Claudette Colbert, Paulette Goddard. "Mexican Spitfire's Blessed Event," Lupe Velez. 1:30, 6:45.
MEDFORD—Medford: "Ox-Bow Incident," Henry Fonda. "Melody Parade," Eddie Quillan. 1:45, 6:45.
Fellsway: "Coney Island," Bette Grable, George Montgomery. "Two Tickets to London," Michele Morgan.
MELROSE—Melrose: "The Pride of the Yankees," Gary Cooper, Teresa Wright. "Petticoat Larceny," Ruth Warrick.
NATICK—Colonial: "Heaven Can Wait," Gene Tierney, Don Ameche. "Bomber's Moon," Annabella, Kent Taylor, George Montgomery. 1:45, 8.
NEEDHAM — Paramount: "Destroyer," Edward G. Robinson. "The Youngest Profession," Virginia Weidler.
NEWTON—Paramount: "Best Foot Forward," Lucille Ball, William Gaxton. "The Falcon in Danger," Tom Conway. 2, 8.
QUINCY — Quincy: "We've Never Been Licked," Anne Gwynne. "Alaska Highway," Richard Arlen, Jean Parker. 2, 8.
Strand: "So Proudly We Hail," Claudette Colbert, Paulette Goddard. "Yanks Ahoy," William Tracy, Joe Sawyer. 2, 8.
SOUTH WEYMOUTH—Cameo: "My Friend Flicka," Roddy McDowall. "Dixie Dugan," James Ellison. 2:45. Continuous from 6:45.
WAKEFIELD—Wakefield: "Married Bachelor," Ruth Hussey, Robert Young. 2:10, 7:55. "Smilin' Through," Jeanette MacDonald, Gene Raymond. 3:30, 9:21.
WALTHAM—Embassy: "So Proudly We Hail," Claudette Colbert, Paulette Goddard. "Mexican Spitfire's Blessed Event," Lupe Velez. 2, 8.
WATERTOWN — Watertown Square: "Friendly Enemies," James Craig, Nancy Kelley. "Murder in Times Square," Edmund Lowe.
Coolidge: "Coney Island," Betty Grable, George Montgomery. "The Mysterious Doctor," John Loder.
WAVERLEY—Strand: "Destroyer," E. G. Robinson, Glenn Ford. "What's Buzzin Cousin," Ann Miller, Rochester.
WELLESLEY HILLS—Community Playhouse: "Presenting Lily Mars," Judy Garland, Van Heflin. "My Friend Flicka," Roddy McDowall, Preston Foster, Rita Johnson.
WEST NEWTON—West Newton: "Destroyer," Edward G. Robinson. "The Youngest Profession," Virginia Weidler.
WINCHESTER—Winchester: "Du Barry Was a Lady," Lucille Ball, Red Skelton. "Aerial Gunner," Richard Arlen, Chester Morris.
WINTHROP—Winthrop: "Watch on the Rhine," Bette Davis, Paul Lukas. "Mexican Spitfire's Blessed Event," Lupe Velez. 2:30, 7:50.

Never a Dull Moment on
WHDH
BOSTON'S BLUE NETWORK Plus STATION
850 on your Radio Dial

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE SERVICE CENTERS
BOSTON
Little Building
80 Boylston St.
MEZZANINE FLOOR
Open: Weekdays and Holidays—11 a. m. to 11 p. m.
Sundays—1 p. m. to 11 p. m.
FALMOUTH
Collins Block
Main Street
Open: Weekdays Holidays and Sundays 2 to 10 p. m.
All Servicemen and Servicewomen WELCOME

AMUSEMENTS

BOSTON (CONCERTS)
AARON RICHMOND PRESENTS
SUN. 3:30—Remaining Tickets
SYMPHONY HALL
KREISLER
Sun. Aft., Oct. 31—Jordan Hall
SMETERLIN
CHOPIN PROGRAM
EMINENT POLISH PIANIST
ALSO IN ANDOVER
Phillips Academy, Fri. Eve., Oct. 29

BOSTON (STAGE)
WILBUR ONE WEEK EVES. 8:30 MAT. TODAY
GILBERT MILLER presents (Prior to N. Y.)
"OUTRAGEOUS FORTUNE"
A new Play by ROSE FRANKEN
with ELSIE FERGUSON, MARIA OUSPENSKAYA, MARGALO GILLMORE, FREDERIC TOZERE
EVES. 1.10-2.75 MATS. WED. & SAT. 1.10-2.20

WILBUR 2 WEEKS BEG. OCT. 25
CLIFTON WEBB, PEGGY WOOD, MILDRED NATWICK, HAILA STODDARD
BLITHE SPIRIT
NOEL COWARD'S Best Comedy
SEATS NOW!

SHUBERT Last 6 Performances
CHERYL CRAWFORD presents
GEORGE GERSHWIN & DuBOSE HEYWARD'S
PORGY AND BESS
GOOD SEATS REMAIN FOR ALL PERFORMANCES
Eves. 55c-2.75 Wed.-Sat. Mats. 55c-2.20

COLONIAL LAST SIX TIMES
THE PLAYWRIGHTS' COMPANY and ROWLAND STEBBINS present
WALTER HAMPDEN in "THE PATRIOTS"
By SIDNEY KINGSLEY

Managers of theatres advertised in The Christian Science Monitor appreciate your identifying yourself as a Monitor reader.

BOSTON (MOVIES)
LOEW'S STATE & ORPHEUM
"SALUTE TO THE MARINES" in TECHNICOLOR starring Wallace BEERY
plus "MY KINGDOM FOR A COOK"

KEITH MEMORIAL
DONALD O'CONNOR, SUSANNA FOSTER, PEGGY RYAN in "TOP MAN"
plus 2nd Hit "THE 7TH VICTIM" with Tom Conway

NOW! METROPOLITAN
Gary COOPER • Ingrid BERGMAN
"FOR WHOM THE BELL TOLLS"
in Technicolor—Continuous Showing

PARAMOUNT FENWAY
NOW Irving Berlin's "THIS IS THE ARMY" in Technicolor

UPTOWN
DEANNA DURBIN • JOS. COTTEN
"HERS TO HOLD"
Plus "Someone to Remember"

SOUTH STATION
AIRWAYS TO PEACE
A NATION DANCES • LEON ERROL

MALDEN, MASS.
MALDEN SQUARE GRANADA MALDEN 7654
"HERS TO HOLD"
Deanna Durbin — Joseph Cotten
"MEXICAN SPITFIRE'S BLESSED EVENT" Lupe Velez

NEW YORK (STAGE)
3 MATS. Every Week
HELEN HAYES in HARRIET "A HIT!"—WALTER WINCHELL
HENRY MILLER'S, 43 St. E. of B'wy.
"Continuously laughable, yet heart-warming." The Christian Science Monitor
JANIE 2nd YEAR LAUGH HIT
PLAYHOUSE, 48 St. E. of B'way.
4th Year! A PERFECT COMEDY Atkinson, Times
LIFE WITH FATHER
HOWARD LINDSAY and DOROTHY STICKNEY
EMPIRE, Broadway and 40 Street
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED
THE THEATRE GUILD'S MUSICAL HIT!
OKLAHOMA!
Music by RICHARD RODGERS
Book & Lyrics by OSCAR HAMMERSTEIN 2d
Directed by ROUBEN MAMOULIAN
Dances by AGNES de MILLE
BETTY GARDE, ALFRED DRAKE, JOSEPH BULOFF, JOAN ROBERTS
ST. JAMES Thea., W. 44th Street
EVES. 8:30. MATS. THURSDAY & SATURDAY 2:30.
Tonight Best Seats $3.30
THE TOWN'S TOP MUSICAL HIT! "Took Audience by Storm"—World-Tel.
ROSALINDA
Music by JOHANN STRAUSS
44TH ST. THEA., West of B'way.
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE Now to Nov. 7
TONIGHT 8:30—MAT. SAT. & SUN. 2:30
S. HUROK presents
RUSSIAN BALLET BY THE Ballet Theatre
COMPANY OF 125
SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA
1500 SEATS AT 85c, 1.10, 1.65
Sonja Henie & Arthur M. Wirtz present
SECOND EDITION
STARS ON ICE
CENTER THEA., Rockefeller Center
"A TRIUMPH!"
Jan KIEPURA Marta EGGERTH
in the New Opera Company Production of
THE MERRY WIDOW with Melville Cooper
MAJESTIC THEATRE, West 44 Street

N. H. Adopts Program Of Integrated Recreation

The Week in New Hampshire

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

CONCORD, N. H., Oct. 20—More than 300 Federal, State and local leaders have agreed to an eight-point program to provide "well integrated community action" in the planning of and making effective recreational programs and in utilizing existing resources. This conclusion was reached at the conference on wartime recreation called by Gov. Robert O. Blood. Active committees will be established in each community to co-ordinate and plan wartime recreation.

Mark McCloskey, national director of the recreation division of the Federal Security Agency, told the New Hampshire leaders that "one of the miraculous things in this country is the way the people of small towns have organized themselves to pour out their hospitality for servicemen in their communities." He said that facilities established to insure proper recreation and relaxation for servicemen constitute the "greatest adult education class" in history.

Debt Declines

The long-term debt of New Hampshire cities and towns has declined well over $1,000,000 in the last year. This is disclosed by the State Federation of Taxpayers Associations. "The long-term debt of our cities, towns and districts is now the lowest in over 20 years," declares the Federation, "and the rate of decline in the past few years far exceeds that of municipalities in other states. Gross debt, which includes temporary notes, fell from $18,892,337 in 1938, to an estimated $13,812,627 this year, or a drop of 26.8 per cent in the five year period. In this general shrinkage of municipal debt in New Hampshire, which now continued uninterrupted since 1938, our public officials and our economically minded citizens deserve equal credit."

Tire Shortage

Paul E. Sargent, State Rationing Executive for the OPA, has warned drivers that the tire shortage is more serious than ever before. "There is widespread and dangerous misunderstanding about the tire situation," according to Mr. Sargent, "and many car owners have the impression that the tire shortage has been overcome by the production of synthetic rubber. Nothing could be farther from the truth. Every day more and more people are coming to local boards for tires, while our quotas shrink. Only those drivers whose work is most essential to the winning of the war can count on new replacement tires for at least the next 12 months. Passenger car drivers are not the only ones who must worry. The truck tire situation is especially acute, and will remain so for many months. Even essential trucks may have to be laid up if present tires are abused."

Law Test Planned

The power of New Hampshire's Governor and Council to suspend enforcement of various State laws during wartime may be tested in court. The Governor and Council recently suspended, under these wartime powers, a provision of the State pari-mutuel law covering the distribution of race track funds to agricultural fairs. The law provides that a certain cut from pari-mutuel gambling shall be distributed among the agricultural fairs on the basis of their cash prizes distributed during the previous season. As practically all of the fairs shut up shop this year the Governor and Council acted to give the five non-operating fairs a cut from Rockingham.

Chopping Bees

The fire-wood shortage in Manchester is going to be partially solved by chopping bees. Four thousand cords of wood have been located growing near Manchester and is available to wood choppers on the stump. Professional wood choppers are not available. So individuals wishing the wood are going to do their own chopping. They will be required to pay a stumpage price of $2 a cord when they apply for a permit to chop on the plots.

Facilities have been made available to yard and haul the wood to the individuals' homes for another $6.50 a cord. It will cost an additional $2 a cord to have the wood cut into stove lengths. Arrangements have been made with the OPA for extra gasoline for choppers. The present ceiling price for cord wood in the Manchester area is now $18 a cord.

Bothersome Rules

Federal rules and regulations are "necessary if folks are to be fed but they do take up a fellow's time." That is the view of George M. Putnam, veteran head of the New Hampshire Farm Bureau. Mr. Putnam finds that conferences on Federal rules and regulations and aiding New Hampshire farmers in understanding and complying with these regulations is big business. Farmers are so busy, with labor shortage, tending to their production problems that they depend heavily on the Farm Bureau for aid when they find themselves faced with a government rule or regulation applying, possibly, to their operations. The farmer is more interested in the raising of a hog than the rules covering its disposition.

Child Labor

The employment of 15-year-old school children in retail stores has been permitted by the Governor and Council through exercise of wartime powers. The order permits three hours employment on school days, eight hours on other days, and a total of 18 hours while schools are in session and 40 hours at other times. Sometime ago the same powers were exercised to permit 15-year-olders to work as telegraph messengers. The latest move was in line with recommendations of the War Manpower Commission, the U. S. Office of Education, the Federal Security Board and the U. S. Department of Labor.

Industrial Leaders Help Small Plants in Distress

By a Staff Photographer

Board of Governors of the Smaller Plants Corporation of New England

The small plants organization recently worked out under Act of Congress with a $150,000,000 appropriation is unique in that it enlists "big fellows" to work with the "little fellows." The task of S. W. P. C. is chiefly to assist small concerns to obtain war contracts or essential civilian orders. Wallace B. Donham, former dean of the Harvard Business School, is chairman of the New England Board of Governors, and selected its other 11 members. There are similar boards in the other regions of the country. Front row, left to right: Henry W. Jones, American Tube Bending Co., New Haven, Conn.; Alfred C. Fuller, Fuller Brush Co., Hartford, Conn.; Richard C. Cooke, S. W. P. C. Regional Director; Wallace B. Donham, Harvard Business School, Chairman; Lawrence Whittemore, B. & M. Railroad, Boston; Charles H. Swisher, Deputy Director, S. W. P. C. Back row, left to right: John D. West, representing Dudley Harmon, Executive Vice-President of the New England Council; Edward O. Otis, Jr., Otis, Inc., Providence, R. I.; Maurice Park, representing Francis C. Heywood, Marvellum Co., Holyoke, Mass.; Wilson Palmer, United Shoe Machinery Co., Beverly, Mass. Heber England, Jones Bros. Granite Co., Montpelier, Vt.; Frank Baumis, chairman of the regional engineering advisory council of S. W. P. C., Townsend, Mass.; Maxwell C. Huntoon, Providence Braid Co., Providence, R. I.

Support Urged For Subsidies In V Program

"Subsidies are better than runaway inflation," declared Joseph Salerno, State President of the Congress of Industrial Organizations, at a meeting today of the American Defense Group of Harvard University.

During the meeting the group also hit at inflation by dispatching to Massachusetts' delegation in Congress a request to close the inflationary gap "by at least as much as the Treasury's request proposes"—$10,500,000,000 more in taxes.

Mr. Salerno held that $5,000,000,000 in subsidies is an insignificant amount when we consider that inflation will be controlled. As a result of price control so far, the nation has benefited by $70,000,000,000 in lower prices," he asserted.

In urging support for subsidies, he said, "England has tried it and it works. We can try it and it will work."

Mr. Salerno also reported on a conference he had yesterday in New York with Sidney Hillman, C. I. O. leader now heading the C. I. O. Committee for Political Action.

"There is great enthusiasm throughout the country," he said, "for support of President Roosevelt's 'Victory Program' and defeating those Congressmen next year who refuse to support it."

Support for the Wagner-Murray-Dingell proposal on more social security was expressed by the C. I. O. leader as a means of "alleviating dislocations when demobilization comes."

In its tax memorial to the Massachusetts members of Congress, the group pointed out that immediate action was necessary as an anti-inflationary measure, that the last session's concern over pay-as-you-go merely changed the method of collecting taxes rather than increase them adequately, that increased taxes are necessary to equalize the tax burden among Americans, and that "this nation among nations can lead the way toward equitable war financing."

Return to Civilian Products To Boost Small N. E. Plants

Continued from Page 1

war contracts or have only a small part of their capacity on war-orders, if they previously made these essential civilian goods, if they still have the facilities, and if they have or can get the required labor.

"There are now between 1,500 and 1,800 small plants of New England on the danger line—running at two thirds of normal, taking 1941 as normal, or less. Some are going into the red. A good portion are not qualified for war contracts, but are capable today of manufacturing what they did in peace time, as they have the knowledge and the machinery."

Preparation for the essential civilian campaign in New England proved the major topic at yesterday's meeting here of the Board of Governors of the Smaller War Plants Corporation of New England, Mr. Cooke reported. The Board consists of 12 business leaders of the region headed by Wallace B. Donham, former Dean of the Harvard Business School, as chairman.

"The first thing is to interview small plants to see if they can and will make the essential items now opened for production," Mr. Cooke said. "We are asking private industry to help us do the job. Thirty or 40 men over New England have already volunteered to make the canvass, 13 here in Boston. They come from banks, public utilities, etc. For instance we have a power salesman from one of the utility companies who knows the plants and shops in his locality, and from one of the banks its man who handles new business.

Enter Training

"They begin today coming into our offices over New England for training. They will put in a few days getting ready, start out Monday, and then work until Nov. 10 finding the eligible establishments.

"It is necessary to get going quickly, because the first allocation of materials to plants begins at Washington on Nov. 15. This will be for the first quarter of the year. Between now and the middle of next month we have to check our plants so that they can send in their requests for materials. The next division of materials comes in February. This will be for the second quarter of the year.

"Our staff will go out to plants, tell them our story, learn if they made the essential civilian items previously, whether they now have any open capacity available, and whether they need work. If any plant is full up on war work, we shall pass it by.

"If a substantial portion of our plants in New England don't go into the manufacture of these essential commodities, many of our communities are likely to have to do without them. Demand for such goods elsewhere is likely to be so great that all that is made in Chicago and New York, for instance, will be taken up there, leaving none over to come into New England.

"We must get a lot of these commodities produced in New England if we are to obtain any civilian benefits from the new program."

Alien Patents

Plans to locate a service on enemy alien patents in Boston were also brought to the Board of Governors of Smaller War Plants Corporation here yesterday by Howland H. Sargeant, Chief of the Division of Patent Administration of the Office of Alien Property Custodian at Washington. Mr. Cooke said. SWPC is to be tied in with this service.

"Fifty thousand of these patents, including chemicals, plastics, etc., are to be made available to small plants," Mr. Cooke continued.

"The Board of Governors also took action looking toward having a representative of SWPC on production urgency committees, such as that at Hartford, Conn., the only one to date in New England.

"The problem of labor supply has become so urgent at Hartford that it was recently made a 'quarantined area,' which is a step beyond a Group I area. Control of contracts is being handled by the War Production Board and control of hiring of labor by the War Manpower Commission. Labor is being placed in accordance with the rating of importance given war contracts by the WPB. A production urgency committee has been set up on which the WPB, WMC, the Army, Navy, and other agencies are represented, but not the SWPC. Our Board voted to request the WPB and WMC to include a representative of SWPC on the committee."

Antiquarians Hold Meeting In Worcester

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 20—More than 50 members of the American Antiquarian Society from New England, New York, Philadelphia, and Washington gathered here today for the annual meeting of the Society. In the absence of the President, Samuel Eliot Morison, Vice-President Paul B. Morgan presided.

A report of the Council was presented by the Director, Clarence S. Brigham, who told of continuous use of the Society's library during the year by visiting scholars who have been unable to consult books in other institutions.

The Society's Librarian, Clifford K. Shipton, summarized the work of the year and described the gifts of books and collections which have come to the Library. His report also mentioned some of the unusual files of newspapers received, notably the long file of the Philadelphia "American Daily Advertiser" from 1793 to 1829, a gift from Stephen W. Phillips of Salem, the "Oregon State Journal" from 1864 to 1909, given by Paul B. Morgan of Worcester, and the largest existing collection of French newspapers of Louisiana, the gift of Edward L. Tinker of New York.

Among the many manuscripts received were the diaries and letterbooks of Henry and George Moore, covering life in New England and the West in the first half of the nineteenth century, given by Charles L. Morse of Worcester; and the letter-books of McCarty & Davis, early book publishers, from Dr. A. S. W. Rosenbach of Philadelphia.

Mr. Morison was re-elected President. George Sumner Barton was chosen Vice-President to succeed the late William V. Kellen. One new Councillor, Stephen Willard Phillips of Salem, Mass., was elected.

Unity in Plans Seen Need To Chart Future Business

One of the great problems ahead is to attain a degree of unity on the broad principles of the means that are going to be followed, so that businessmen and others may plan with confidence that these principles will be respected; that constitutional morality will be preserved.

Thus spoke E. V. O'Daniel, Vice-President of the American Cyanamid Corporation, at the closing session of the fifteenth annual Boston Conference on Distribution at the Hotel Statler yesterday.

Although a preponderant majority of the American people want to preserve free competitive enterprise, the heart of which is competition and incentives, because they know that human freedom cannot otherwise be preserved, there is a small minority that would destroy it, either deliberately or unconsciously, by following means that must inevitably lead to that end.

Dr. Max Sokal, former Managing Director of the Austrian Bankers' Association, discussing "Economic Infiltration by Enemy Strategists," asserted that National Socialistic economy must be a militaristic one, because fight for the existence of peoples and nations is not only a total fight but also a perpetual fight. "Militaristic economy is as basic as social economy," he said.

Militaristic Economy

The whole Nazi economic science was transformed into a science of war, Dr. Sokal said. "German leaders announced repeatedly and openly what they had in mind and what they planned," he said. "Hitler said 'We shall create a new Germany in South America' or 'Mexico is a country that cries for a capable master. With the treasures of Mexican soil Germany could be rich and great,' or 'We shall create a new Germany in Brazil. We shall find there everything we need.'

"Incredibly few people knew or wanted to believe that these aggressive theories and speeches really meant business. Economic infiltration began as the groundwork for future headquarters in enemy countries, thus becoming familiar with its possessions and economic possibilities, with the people, with leading men, the probable opponents, the opportunists, extensive knowledge of the country and its weak spots.

"Infiltration was done quite openly in South America. Germans operated an air line from a coastal town into the interior and there was no passport control in that town. Therefore, a steady trickle of Germans would disappear through that way into that country," Dr. Sokal said.

"Not only men but also goods would infiltrate somewhere in South America. There was a port on the West Coast where great quantities of contraband goods coming from Germany and Japan slipped in. Duties were evaded and the goods did not figure in the trade statistics. In one country there were imported in a certain year enormous quantities of Japanese goods but the official trade statistics did not indicate any imports from Japan during that time.

Germans Came to Stay

"More frequently it was done by using the ordinary commercial channels, through which trading is performed by traveling agents, repeating regularly their visits and getting everywhere, even to the most remote spots, or by representatives of business concerns from abroad taking permanent residence in the country on the infiltration list.

"The German technique consisted mainly in setting themselves up in business, not as agents of distant corporations. They came to stay, learned the language, married natives, adapted themselves to local customs.

"Despite all that, they kept their German citizenship besides their newly acquired one. There was a German law expressly permitting that. It was crossing nationality. They remained to be strongly connected with the orders and instructions they would receive from the fatherland and the Nazi Party.

"The most exciting story is the job the German Airlines did in South America. They started in Colombia as early as 1919, operating the Condor Line with pilots, all former German officers, paid by the Air Ministry in Berlin. They systematically expanded the service to the German controlled areas of Brazil, then to Bolivia, Peru, Ecuador, and other locations, and were able through such service to make themselves familiar with every detail of all those countries. The company flew in 1933 about 800,000 miles, but in 1938 about 2,000,000 miles.

"Germany's methods of economic infiltration on the European continent were different from the colonial style overseas. The textbook for the conquest of Europe was written even before the Nazis came to power. The trouble was nobody wanted to believe it. Therefore, in the European case, German economic infiltration was a clear and widely predicted forerunner of military conquest."

'El' in 9 Months Nets $659,024

Contrasting its returns of deficits over a period of years prior to the war, the Boston Elevated Railway today announced a net profit of $659,024 for the nine months ended Sept. 30, 1943. Edward Dana, President and General Manager of the Railway, who made the announcement, said that the road showed a profit of $580,927 for the first nine months of last year.

In the month of September, the total receipts increased by $164,685, and the total cost of service increased by $383,675 as compared with the corresponding month last year, resulting in a net loss of $76,071. Since 1918 the average loss in the month of September has been $260,662.

Revenue passengers carried in September increased by 1,681,575 and revenue miles operated increased by 162,123, as compared to September, 1942.

New Wave Class

To undergo Wave training in New York, 130 New England women are to entrain here tomorrow morning. Including many from the Boston area, they have been sworn in as apprentice seamen.

Boston Edison Company says

...many times when a vacuum cleaner fails to do the work you expect it to do, the cleaner bag is too full of dirt. Be sure to empty the bag every time you use the cleaner.

Boston Edison Company

Boston Schools Are Prepared For Ration Book Registration

Bostonians will register for their No. 4 War Ration Books next week at schoolhouses throughout the City. Dennis C. Haley, Assistant Superintendent of Boston schools, announced that registration will be conducted in accordance with the alphabetical plan, as was done when the No. 2 ration books were issued.

Applicants whose surnames begin with letters A to E are asked to register on Monday, Oct. 25; F to L, Oct. 26; M to R, Oct. 27; and S to Z, Oct. 28. In the event an applicant cannot register on the day assigned for his name, he may register at one of the other sessions.

Registration hours will be from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., and more than 4,000 teachers will participate at 185 schools in distributing more than 750,000 books.

Officials of the Office of Price Administration were warm in their praise today of the work done by the schoolteachers in handling registrations for ration books in the past. The mailing plan, adopted for Book No. 3, worked out well in some areas, they stated, but in many others there was considerable delay in getting the books out, and they feel that the school registration system will work better.

Registration for the No. 4 books will begin on Monday in other sections of Massachusetts, some communities probably completing the work in three days, while others will require five days.

In Brookline, for example, registrants whose names begin with letters A to G will register on Monday; H. to P on Tuesday; and Q to Z on Wednesday. Places: Baker, Devotion, Driscoll, Heath, Lawrence, Lincoln, Pierce, and Runkle Schools, 9 a. m., to 5 p. m.

Young Navigators

Mrs. Edward Rowe Snow

Camera Club Exhibit Subject

Photograph taken by Mrs. E. R. Snow of Winthrop, one of 80 pictures submitted by 20 members of the Boston Young Men's Christian Union Camera Club for exhibition all next week at the club quarters, 48 Boylston Street.

Shank's Mare' Aids Camera Club

Shortage of gasoline and the rationing restrictions failed to dampen the ardor of members of the Boston Young Men's Christian Union Camera Club in their hobby of photography.

The regular semi-annual exhibition of the work of the Club members, normally scheduled for this time of year, could not be held because of the inability of the members to roam the countryside and coast line in search of good "subjects."

But, undaunted by the obstacles, the Club arranged a special "Shank's Mare" exhibition with a view of seeing what Boston itself offered in the way of pictorial subjects. The result is a fine collection of 80 prints, submitted by 20 members and covering about all types of photography. The exhibition is scheduled for Oct. 25 to 30 at the Club quarters, 48 Boylston Street, Boston. The show is open from 9 a. m. to 10:30 p. m. Monday through Saturday, and members announce that visitors are welcome to see both the show and the clubrooms.

Harvard R.O.T.C. Adds 42 Men To Army Transportation Corps

War Activities in New England

Commissions in the Army's Transportation Corps were given today in New Orleans to 42 recents graduates of the Quartermaster Reserve Officers Training Corps at Harvard's Graduate School of Business Administration.

Fortified with military training received on Soldiers Field and introduced to wartime problems in transportation through special courses recently instituted at the Business School, the graduates were entered as Class 10 in the Transportation Corps Officer Candidate School last June.

Newest technical brauch of the Army Service Forces, the Transportation Corps operates the New Orleans school as its only source of officer training.

The four-month course covered rail, water, and highway transportation, as well as infantry tactics, instruction in weapons, and physical training.

Employee Awards

Cash awards for submitting "ideas for victory," as announced today by the Army's Quartermaster Depot here, have been received by Aloysius G. Gunning of Boston, John W. Rockett of Watertown, and Roland E. Parker of Nashua, N. H.

Naval Cadets

Procurement activities formerly under the Naval Aviation Cadet Selection Board were transferred today to the Office of Naval Officer Procurement, 150 Causeway Street. Seventeen-year-old high-school seniors who wish to obtain information or apply for aviation training are requested to call at the office, according to Capt. C. H. J. Keppler, director of officer procurement.

Army Economy

Suggestions of employees in one typical Army Ordnance arsenal have resulted in a saving to taxpayers of $1,150,000, it was disclosed today by the Boston Ordnance District of the Ordnance Department.

A shop foreman's suggestion, for example, resulted in the substitution of a pressed wood part in the manufacture of flares, thereby saving $465,000 in labor and releasing 900 tons of steel and 9,500 pounds of cadmium, it was said.

"Now that Workmen's Compensation is compulsory, will our costs be higher?"

"Not if we take advantage of the new 'Insurance Alternative' recommended by Boit, Dalton & Church."

Accidents and injuries can be controlled and employee relationships improved through an "insurance alternative." It often means important savings, too. Half-knowledge is costly! Write or telephone *now* for "BDC VITAL FACTS ON WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION."

Boit, Dalton & Church

INSURANCE SINCE 1865

89 BROAD STREET, BOSTON 10 • *Telephone* HUBbard 3100

FREDERIC C. CHURCH · CHARLES C. HEWITT · JOHN W. GAHAN
FREDERICK G. FARQUHAR · COLLINS GRAHAM · STANLEY H. KING

SETTLE YOUR CLAIMS IN ADVANCE THROUGH CORRECTLY WRITTEN POLICIES

Red Army Break-Through Threatens to Trap German Force in Dnieper Bend

Continued from Page 1

Dniepropetrovsk, 55 miles to the east.

Pyatikhatka is at the junction of the main railway between Znamenka and Dniepropetrovsk and one running south to Krivoi Rog. Its capture leaves the Germans but one line, through Krivoi Rog, to evacuate the whole Dnieper bend.

Four crack divisions were routed by the tank-supported Russian attack, which rolled westward for from 9 to 12 miles Oct. 19 to liberate more than 100 towns, said a Moscow communiqué.

The German garrison at Dniepropetrovsk was left with but a single railroad line running southwest to Nikolaev on the Black Sea, severance of which would isolate the large Nazi forces crowded in the pocket of the big Dnieper River bend.

Huge amounts of booty were abandoned by the Germans at Pyatikhatka. Fifteen fully loaded railway trains, 30 tanks, 172 guns and 1,300 motor trucks were included in the day's bag, the Russians said.

Further Red Army progress was reported north and south of Kiev. Here Soviet troops "completed the annihilation of remnants" of motorized Nazi units striving to prevent encirclement of the great stronghold, the communiqué said.

South of Gomel, southern anchor of German defense lines in White Russia, the Russians swept more Germans from the Dnieper-Sozh triangle and further extended their bridgeheads on the west bank of the Dnieper below Rechitsa on the road to Poland.

Forcible evacuation of Kiev's wartime population of 150,000 was reported. According to the Russians civilians are being driven west along the road to Zhitomar in two groups, destined for slave labor camps in Germany.

90 P. C. of Nazis Slain Fell on Russian Soil

By the Associated Press

London, Oct. 20

Lord Selborne, Minister of Economic Warfare, said Oct. 15 that about 4,000,000 German servicemen have been killed in this war, nine tenths of them in Russia. The total killed is more than twice as many Germany lost in World War I.

Italy:

Nazis Fall Back In Volturno Sector

The Germans fell back from the Volturno Valley to a fresh mountain line, it was announced, leaving behind them one of the war's worst scenes of destruction.

They are establishing a strong new mountain line anchored on the high Massico Ridge and the town of Mondragone, six miles north of the Volturno River mouth, and extending 27 miles northeast to Venafro.

Official dispatches from Fifth Army Headquarters said the Nazis were burning houses, shooting civilians, destroying livestock, tearing up railroads, dynamiting roads, and firing haystacks to provide smokescreens to cover their retreat.

The devastation of the countryside and wiping out of civilians as well as their farms was the most complete yet encountered.

The new enemy line is made up of a series of high, difficult ridges intersected by deep valleys through which pass the main highways from Naples to Rome.

The Fifth Army pushed forward five miles north and northeast of Capua.

The advance carried the Fifth Army into the towns of Pignataro, six miles north of Capua, Roccaromana, five miles northwest of Liberi, and the highway junction and town of Dragoni, 2½ miles northwest of Alvignano.

These advances put them 11 miles north of the Volturno.

Attacking heavily along the Adriatic coast in the face of increasing resistance by reinforced Nazi troops, the British Eighth Army captured Petacciato nine miles west of Termoli.

"The Germans are offering much stronger resistance all along the Eighth Army front, and obviously they brought up fresh troops to aid the tired troops in the line, some of whom were badly knocked about in Africa and Sicily," a headquarters officer said.

British lines were advanced as much as seven miles in the latest attacks.

It was disclosed officially that the veteran British 78th Division—described by some Allied commanders as one of the finest infantry divisions in the world—is with the Eighth Army. The 78th was the major British unit in the landings in the Algiers area last November, and carried the brunt of the fighting in Northern Tunisia last winter.

By a Staff Artist

Allies Advance in Italy

Arrows show main points of advance in Italy of the Allied Fifth Army north of the Volturno, on the left, and the British Eighth Army on the Adriatic coast, on the right.

Hoare Sees Planes Cracking Nazi Morale

By the Associated Press

Madrid, Oct. 20

Sir Samuel Hoare, British Ambassador to Spain, says he believes that Allied air power may crack German morale "sooner than is expected."

Sir Samuel, who recently returned from a visit to London, ventured this prediction in an address to Embassy officials and leading members of the British colony.

Yugoslavia:

Two Patriot Groups Reported United

Gen. Draja Mihailovic, Yugoslav War Minister, issued a declaration that "the unity of our country is being sealed by the common struggle against the hated conqueror."

This was believed to mean that General Mihailovic is willing to suspend the internal quarrels, especially with the Partisans of Josip (Tito) Broz.

The statement declared that "I can assure the entire world that the Yugoslav Army in our country will play a distinguished part in the Balkans, and Yugoslavia will prove once more her high military valor in the struggle for the King, liberty, and democratic Yugoslavia."

Meanwhile, Yugoslav Partisan forces have stopped a German seaborne attempt to land troops on the Dalmatian coast and two near-by islands in the Adriatic, a communiqué issued by General Broz headquarters and broadcast by the Free Yugoslav Radio said.

Landing attempts, the bulletin declared, were directed against the Peljesac Peninsula, which juts northwestward into the Adriatic between Spalato and Dubrovnik, and against the islands of Hvar and Mljet, which guard approaches to those ports.

The Yugoslavs said the Islands and peninsula were firmly in their hands.

Fighting on widely scattered mainland fronts, the Yugoslav bulletin said, was high-spotted by the capture of two towns by Partisan forces—Bilece, 15 miles northeast of Dubrovnik in Herzegovina, and Nova Varos, northeast of Pievlje in Bosnia.

Details of sharp clashes between the patriots and German forces were carried in the communiqué. On Oct. 15 Partisan troops launched a series of attacks on the town of Travnik, 15 miles west of Zenica, backed up by artillery support they stormed all the important fortifications around the town but the Germans came back the next day with a strong motorized counterattack and the Partisans were forced to retire.

Other patriot columns operating between Travnik and Serajevo were said to have clashed with German raiders and supply detachments over the week end.

Further up the Dalmatian coast, Nazi motorized units, reinforced by a division of 100 tanks, rushed from Italy by General Field Marshal Erwin Rommel, broke through Partisan defenses around the towns of Susak and Ogulin and succeeded in capturing them despite fierce resistance.

Continuing their efforts to cripple enemy transportation and communication lines, Yugoslavs said they had derailed several trains on the Susak-Sunja and the Sunja-Kostajnica railway lines. They were still holding their own in the town of Kostanjevica, where street fighting has been in progress for several days.

Japanese Admit Guerrillas Busy In Philippines

By the Associated Press

The Tokyo Radio has acknowledged that anti-Japanese "sedition and guerrilla activities" continued in the Philippines by asserting that the National Assembly of the puppet "Philippine Republic" had voted in Manila to grant amnesty to anyone engaged in such activities if he swears "to become a good citizen."

Describing the second day of a special session of the National Assembly the radiocast also said a national planning board was organized whose work will include a survey of the nation's economic resources in order to "insure self-sufficiency" and provide the Government with fiscal resources needed for its support.

The radiocast said the Assembly had approved "by an overwhelming majority" a treaty of alliance with Japan, "thus insuring the defense of the Philippines."

Argentine Minister Decries Attitude Of Professors

BUENOS AIRES, Argentina, Oct. 20 (AP)—Gustavo Martinez Zuviria, new Minister of Education, denied Oct. 18 that Argentina had "failed to comply with any compromise which would oblige her to intervene in the war."

In a telegram to the rector of the University of Cordoba, who apparently had asked instructions concerning the dismissal of several professors who signed a manifesto Oct. 15 calling for a return to constitutional democracy and fulfillment of international obligations, the Minister said: "Such obligations do not exist."

Referring to the manifesto, Señor Martinez Zuviria said: "Apart from the falsehood of the assertions . . . this attitude, openly opposed to the policy of the Government which has repeatedly manifested its position, is an undisciplinary act not permitted from those who have the authority of professorships and responsibility as public officials."

He accused the signers of "raising isolated voices, trying to create disunity in the country and convince those who are not well informed of our international pacts" that Argentina had not kept its promises.

Discharge of the professors was described as "a severe and painful" but necessary measure.

Continent:

American Bombers Attack Germany

United States heavy bombers, supported by Thunderbolts and Spitfires, attacked targets in Western Germany.

It was the seventh major operation of the month for the American heavy bombers but their first since the destructive smash at Germany's big bearing plant at Schweinfurt, Oct. 14.

The fact that both Thunderbolts and Spitfires accompanied the bombers suggested a heavy precision assault on some German war-production target. In recent weeks most of the raids have been supported by Thunderbolts alone.

A small force of German air raiders dropped bombs at widely separated places in eastern England during the night, the fourth successive night alert in London.

Cunningham to Head Troops in Ireland

By the Associated Press

London

Lieut. Gen. Sir Alan Cunningham, who once commanded the British Eighth Army in Libya, has been appointed commander of British troops in Northern Ireland, it is announced.

He is the brother of Admiral Sir Andrew Cunningham, new First Sea Lord.

South Pacific:

New Rabaul Raid Destroys 60 Planes

Mitchell bombers, flying so low that pursuing Zeros sometimes dipped wings in the sea and crashed, have destroyed 60 more planes and sunk two more warships at the Japanese key base of Rabaul.

This second air pounding within a week of the New Britain fortress to which the enemy's New Guinea and Solomons defenses are hinged was announced by headquarters.

A spokesman also disclosed that Japanese troops have gone over to the offensive against Australians in the Finschhafen, New Guinea, area where Gen. Douglas MacArthur's forces stand nearest New Britain. The Japanese, he said, achieved "some progress," in a drive southeastward from Sattelberg toward Finschhafen, 15 miles away.

Finschhafen was captured by Australians, Oct. 2. On Oct. 17, the Japanese also tried to land from three barges near Finschhafen but two were sunk and headquarters said the troops which succeeded in landing had been wiped out.

On Oct. 12, 177 enemy planes were demolished or damaged and three warships were sunk at Rabaul.

The raid of Oct. 18 was the major part of an aerial attack on New Britain. In addition to blasting Rabaul, on the northeast tip of the island, Allied bombers also struck the Cape Hoskins airdrome midway along the north coast and the Cape Gloucester field on the western tip.

The Mitchells flew alone in bad weather Oct. 18 but they surprised the Japanese with the same tree-top and mast-high tactics they employed in the Oct. 12 attack in which they were escorted.

The approximately 60 Zeros which opposed them managed attacks only after the Mitchells had dropped their bombs and were departing. In the resultant sky battles, 24 Japanese planes were shot down and three Mitchells were lost. The other 36 enemy planes were destroyed on the ground at the Rapopo and Tobera airfields during the two-hour assault.

A destroyer and gunboat were the warships sunk. A 6,000-ton cargo boat also went down and another of similar size and a corvette were damaged severely.

Jane Logan De Luxe ICE CREAM
A Product of Abbott's Dairies, Philadelphia
America's Finest Ice Cream
An important, nourishing dairy food
ABBOTTS DAIRIES, INC.
Philadelphia, Newark, Seashore

burn CUMMINGS COAL
READING
PLAY SAFE
Cummings Famous Reading Anthracite gives lots of heat and lasts longer.
4555 Stenton Ave.—Gla. 0900
5036 Warrington Ave.—Bar. 4044
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

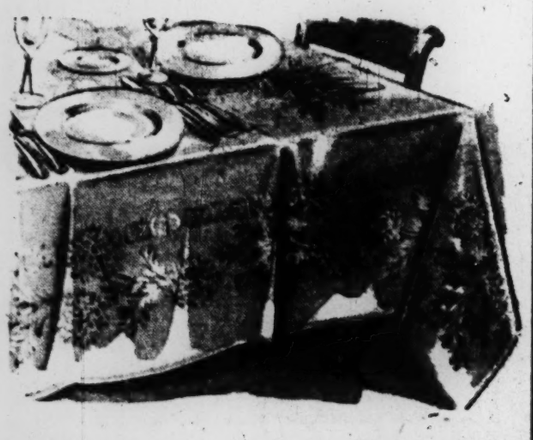
Allen's
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

frosty weather woollen
$22.95
One of a group of smart two-piecers with lovely details that put them in an afternoon mood. The frosty weather colors are inspiring—Chinese red, emerald, amethyst, Venetian blue, also some brown and black. Sizes 12-20.
Dresses—Second Floor
1214 CHESTNUT ST. PEN. 3211
CHELTEN & GREENE GER. 7000

STRAWBRIDGE & CLOTHIER
Philadelphia Store Hours, 9.45 to 5.45; Wednesday, 12 Noon to 9 P. M.

$10.95
After-Dinner Mint Colors
Junior Miss two-piece costume in four soft, luscious shades. Jumper top bound with white has detachable collar of white rayon sharkskin. Skirt made with three deep pleats in front and back. Neat little darts make it fit. Rayon twill (with a woolly look) in mint green, melon pink, powder blue or yellow. Sizes 9 to 15.
JUNIOR MISS SEPARATES
Third Floor

• Market, Eighth, Filbert, Seventh . . . Philadelphia
• One Yellow Trading Stamp with Every 10c Purchase
LIT BROTHERS
Open Wednesdays 12 Noon to 9 P. M.
Other Days, 9.45 A. M. to 5.45 P. M.



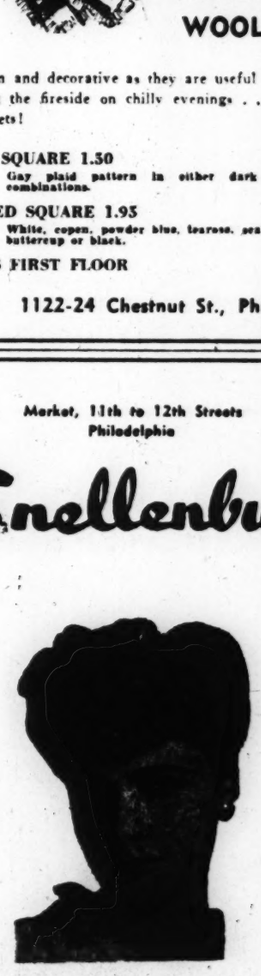
SURELY . . . ENOUGH SAID!
.Double Damask
Pure Irish Linen Cloths . . . The Pride of Any Linen Chest
70x88-Inch $9.98
70x106-Inch $11.98
Planning a very "special gift" for someone? Looking ahead to Thanksgiving? Here are lustrous, satiny, dramatic floral designs. Frosty white, in the heavy quality that "wears forever!"
Matching Napkins, 22x22-Inch.....$9.98 Dozen
Lit Brothers—First Floor, Center, Filbert

For Your Convenience
If the article or service you need is not found in this issue call
PENNYPACKER 9196
Hours 9 to 12 daily
and information will gladly be given regarding local and general advertisers in this paper.
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR
2618 Lewis Tower Philadelphia, Pa. 15th and Locust Streets

dewees

Warm and Gay WOOL SCARFS
As warm and decorative as they are useful . . . under coats, at the fireside on chilly evenings . . . even as bed jackets!
WOOL SQUARE 1.50
Gay plaid pattern in either dark or light combinations.
KNITTED SQUARE 1.95
White, copen, powder blue, tearose, scarlet, aqua, buttercup or black.
SCARFS FIRST FLOOR
DEWEES 1122-24 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Market, 11th to 12th Streets
Philadelphia
Snellenburgs



The Perfect Beauty-Duo
Soft Duart Waves
Aglow With Color
Here is double duty for the beauty of your hair—a deep, long lasting Duart Cinema Wave plus a Duart Liquid Rinse to impart rich, natural-looking color. Your waves will glisten, your curls will be ever so comfortable, your coiffure will be a crown of loveliness.
The wave, $10.00—the rinse, 50c.
Snellenburgs Beauty Salon, Balcony, Center Building

SID KAUFFMAN
Tailor to Ladies and Men
at popular prices
All kinds of alterations and remodeling
RIT 7759
1420 Chestnut St., Crozer Arcade
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Good Writing Paper
Stamped With Emblem of All BRANCHES OF U. S. SERVICE
Box Assortments of
Christmas Cards
39 cents to $1.00
Per Box of Fifteen Cards
DECKER'S
902 Chestnut Street
9 South 15th Street
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The Best Dinner is the wisest choice
THE VERNON RESTAURANT
Our food maintains its standard of goodness now—as always.
CLOSED on SUNDAY
50 W. Chelten Ave., Germantown
PHILADELPHIA

J. HOWARD HAY
INCORPORATED
DECORATORS
Now Celebrating Our 50th Anniversary
• Painting
• Paper Hanging
• Upholstering
• Draperies
Sherwin-Williams Paints and Varnishes
TEL. OGONTZ 0154
475 YORK ROAD, JENKINTOWN, PA.

ALL HATS $2 TO $2.98
No, we do not forget our matronly friends
Hat sketched is of fine felt trimmed with soft feathers
$2.98
Coronet
1935 CHESTNUT ST., PHILA.
37 N. 9th, ALLENTOWN, PA.
OPEN EVENINGS TILL 9 P. M.

Slate—Asphalt Asbestos
ROOFING and SIDEWALLS
Slag or Asphalt for Flat Roofs
Budget Plan
T. S. JOHNSON SONS CO.
626 Cherry Street Walnut 1366
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

ARROW COMPANY
• STATIONERS
• PRINTERS
• ENGRAVERS
Blank Books - Filing Supplies
Greeting Cards
16th and Sansom Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.

FURS for every occasion . . .
Theo. J. Siefert
FURS OF THE BETTER GRADE FOR FOUR GENERATIONS
1710 Walnut Street
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

End of Strike Ordered In Western Paper Plant

DETROIT, Oct. 20 (AP)—The Regional War Labor Board yesterday ordered an immediate end to a 17-day work stoppage involving 226 employees of the Eddy Paper Company of White Pigeon, Mich., which an official described as the first legal, authorized strike in the country since Pearl Harbor.

The Board, in a directive, demanded return of the strikers to their jobs and the co-operation of both union and company officials in the resumption of production. It ordered both company and union officials to refrain from interfering with the strikers' return to work.

Ronald Haughton, Disputes Director of the Regional WLB, said noncompliance would result in a hearing before the full board in Detroit. Under a recent Presidential order, he said, the Board could request that the Government take over the plant and that strikers be referred to their draft boards for reclassification.

Mr. Haughton said the dispute, based upon demands of the United Paper, Novelty and Toy Workers (Congress of Industrial Organizations) for maintenance of membership, first came before the WLB last August. A hearing officer rejected the demand on Aug. 18, Mr. Haughton added, and a union official filed a petition for a strike vote under the Smith-Connally Act. The election was held Oct. 1, and the strike began Oct. 2.

WANTED
DIAMONDS GOLD
JEWELRY PRECIOUS STONES
Your confidence in our reputation is your assurance of receiving the maximum cash prices — IMMEDIATELY. No fee charged—bonded appraisers. Send your jewelry to us insured registered mail for appraisal.
Fifth Ave. Gold Buying Co.
Philip Z. Sherman — Manager
522 Fifth Ave. (corner New York, Suite 910)
MU. 4-5950

THE HISTORIC CHARM OF BROOKLYN HEIGHTS
For gentle folk who appreciate quiet surroundings at reasonable rates.
SUITES AVAILABLE
Roof Garden Solarium Use of Swimming Pool Without Charge. 15 Minutes to Times Sq. Take West Side I. R. T. to Clark Street.
NEW 600 ROOM HOTEL
The PIERREPONT
PIERREPONT AT HICKS STREET
BROOKLYN, N.Y. MAin 4-5500

'Tote Lunch' Gives Florida Workers A Place to Eat

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

JACKSONVILLE, Fla.—Businessmen and women are enjoying the City's newest and most unique eating place, the newly opened "Tote-a-Lunch Center" a project of the Pilot Club [executive business women] which began early in the month with assistance from the nutrition division of the Jacksonville Defense Council.

"Tote-a-Lunch" is the result of a survey made by the Pilot Club of eating habits of businessmen and women. It was found that many lunches were being eaten by workers in storage rooms, rest rooms, halls, basements or behind typewriters. Following a plan developed in several western cities, Jacksonville's "Tote-a-Lunch" program was developed.

Two of Jacksonville's prominent citizens, Mayor John T. Alsop and Francis P. Fleming, chairman, Duval County-Jacksonville Defense Council, were among the officials having lunch at this new center the opening day.

Club members are on duty throughout the lunch hours. Coffee and milk are sold to patrons at minimum prices. The Jacksonville Gas Company supplies space and equipment.

In addition to providing a place for eating packed lunches, this center also has a lounge for relaxation, telephones, rest rooms and other conveniences.

Ship Output Hit By Labor Problems

KEARNY, N. J., Oct. 20 (AP)—Half a destroyer was lost last week at the Federal Shipbuilding & Drydock Co. here because of work lost by stoppages, walkouts and a strike, Walter C. Hemingway, vice-president and general manager of the concern, estimated today.

He said delayed deliveries of big troopships and combat cargo vessels for the Navy also would result.

"This ripple of labor disturbance at Kearny last week well may carry across the Atlantic and Pacific, where it could be reflected in the late arrival of badly needed ships," Mr. Hemingway stated.

"Try as we will, the work lost cannot be made up in a short time," the executive said.

JORDAN MARSH COMPANY

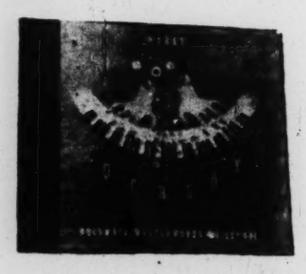
Music for Inspiration!

COLUMBIA MASTERWORKS PRESENT
THE DON COSSACK CHORUS

In a thrilling collection of Russian songs . . . folk songs and battle songs, many of them sung by the brave Fighting Russians of today.

M-542 Four 12-inch records..... 4.73

WEBER'S CONCERTSTUCK
WITH ROBERT CASADESUS AT THE PIANO



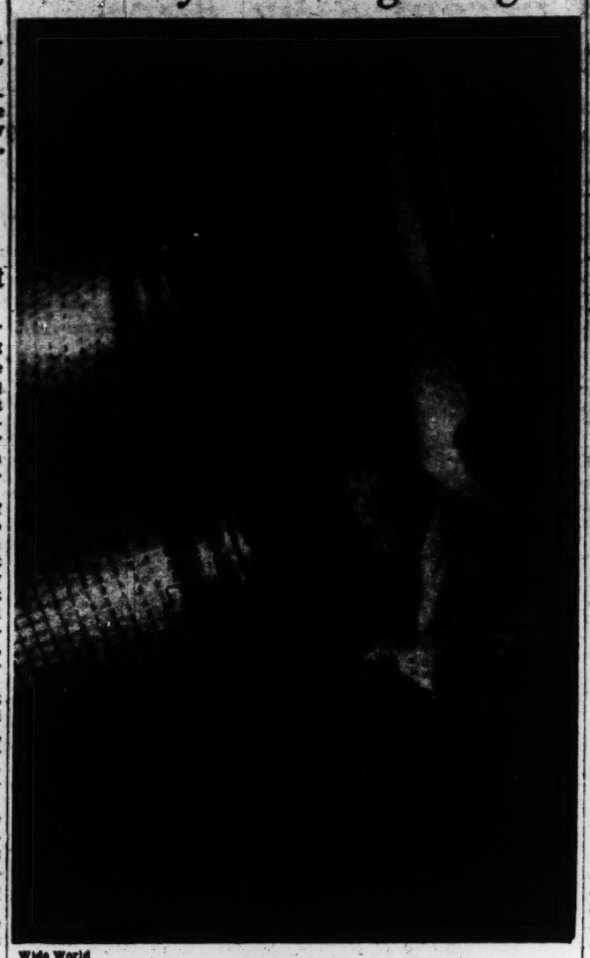
Weber's inspiring Concertstück in F minor for piano and orchestra. With the outstanding French pianist Robert Casadesus, and Eugene Biget conducting the Symphony Orchestra. A polished and brilliant performance.

X-59 Two 12-inch records..... 2.63

C-13 Strauss Waltzes..... 2.63
MX-196 Rhapsody in Blue..... 2.63
MX-180 Peer Gynt Suite..... 2.63

On mail orders, check items wanted and enclose ad with letter. Phone orders: HUBbard 2700, 9:30 A. M. to 9 P. M. or ELiot 3000, 9:30 A. M. until 5:30 P. M. JORDAN MARSH MUSIC CENTER—THIRD FLOOR ANNEX. BOSTON

He Toys With Lightnings



Wide World

Rotor for 7,000-Horsepower Motor

Workman at the Westinghouse Electric Company in Pittsburgh aligns commutator necks which feed electricity to this 100-ton copper-and-steel brute which is being built for a steel plant. More than 50,000 feet of copper wire are concealed in it and it will spin 80 times a minute.

Dependents' Bill Completed

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20 (AP)—The Senate yesterday completed legislative action on a measure boosting payments to dependents of servicemen and sent it to the White House where quick approval is expected.

The measure, approved by the House Oct. 18, provides $50 monthly for a wife, $30 for the first child and $20 for each additional child. The present allowance for a wife is $50 monthly, $12 for the first child and $10 for each additional child.

Increases also are provided for parents and other relatives dependent upon the serviceman for chief support.

The increased allowances will not affect the serviceman's present contribution of $22 a month toward his family's support.

OPA Limits 'Gas' For Procuring Food

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20 (AP)—The Office of Price Administration Oct. 19 limited the scope of provisions allowing special gasoline rations for procuring necessary food.

Persons residing at great distances from market centers continue to be eligible for special rations if they cannot obtain supplies on the nonoccupational mileage in their "A" books.

The amendment specifically excludes persons desiring mileage to obtain food for the operation of a business or occupation. In such cases, qualification for supplementary rations is on an occupational basis.

The amendment is effective Oct. 23.

Dr. Marin Says China Has Great Future

MORMUGAO, Portuguese India, Oct. 20 (AP)—A prediction that China will become a great, unified democratic nation came today from Dr. Juan Marin, Chilean Chargé d'Affaires in China and Consul General in Shanghai.

"I feel the greatest admiration for the Chinese people and their present leaders fighting for their land and freedom," declared Dr. Marin, who is returning home aboard the exchange ship Gripsholm from a four-year stay in China.

Gable Praises Fliers On Eve of Return to U.S.

AT A U. S. FORTRESS BASE IN ENGLAND, Oct. 20 (AP)—Packing up his things to return to the United States, Capt. Clark Gable declared today that the fliers he has been filming for six months are boys "America may well be proud of."

"My chief impression from my work here is the splendid spirit and achievement of all the men," said the film actor who went on five raids over Europe.

Ben Bernie

BEVERLY HILLS, Calif., Oct. 20 (AP)—Ben Bernie, who passed on here today, was known as "The Old Maestro" of the stage, screen and radio.

A well-known band leader, he was here on the West Coast fulfilling entertainment engagements in war plants.

Mr. Bernie was one of the first radio entertainers to "kid" his sponsor's product and he helped form the pattern for that type of commercial advertising with his easy-going, witty microphone manner.

Mr. Bernie was born Benjamin Anzelevitz in Bayonne, N. J., in a family of 12.

Mr. Bernie was making small headway in vaudeville when World War I started. It was then he organized his band, and it was this and his radio programs that made him known from coast to coast.

British Council Moves Against Anti-Semitism

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

LONDON—The National Council of Civil Liberties has followed up its crusade for press freedom with a nation-wide campaign against anti-Semitism and Fascism "as the twin evils threatening the life of democracy."

Conferences and meetings in many cities have been discussing countermeasures, primarily the investigation into the sources of Fascist anti-Jewish drives.

Among remedial measures recommended, the most important is legislation to make criminal offenses of anti-Semitic and Fascist propaganda or racial antagonism.

Existing civil law is not applicable against the libelling of racial groups. The Defense Regulations (39B) are regarded as conceivably available to punish Jew-baiting [false statements and similar factors—prejudicial to the effective prosecution of the war], but for practical purposes hardly adequate to anti-Semitism.

Accordingly, the majority of members of the N. C. C. L. are in favor of legislation which would open the eyes of the public to the menace of what Hitler himself called the "most important weapon of his arsenal—almost everywhere of deadly efficiency." A further recommendation is for the formation of a parliamentary committee on the subject.

This Council, founded in 1934, counts among its supporters the Bishop of Chichester, H. G. Wells, J. B. Priestley, Prof. C. E. M. Joad, Eleanor Rathbone, and many organizations such as trade unions, civil service associations, co-operative societies. There are subcommittees dealing with aliens, refugees, and colonial affairs, as well as a department rendering legal assistance free of charge. Important conferences record an attendance of representatives of nearly 300 organizations aggregating a membership of well over 1,000,000.

Victory Gardens Success

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20 (AP)—President Roosevelt yesterday expressed a hope that victory gardens will be doubled next year. He said they turned out something like 10,000,000 tons of food this year and he hoped for 20,000,000 tons in 1944.

Mexico Tackles Inflation Problem

MEXICO, D. F. (AP)—"Daughter," said the man in the newspaper cartoon, "I want you to discourage that banker's son and pay more attention to Jose—his father is a butcher."

Which is another way of saying that Mexico has inflation troubles even more serious than those in the United States and with considerably less machinery to control them.

The Government is trying to channel private capital into the establishment of new industries—one of Mexico's greatest needs.

President Avila Camacho, addressing the new Congress, recalled that inflation in the United States is not yet a solved problem.

"Powerful countries," he said, "with a better administrative organization than ours, have not been able to find a solution for problems similar to ours."

"Government figures prove the fact of inflation, but the troubled housewife, trying to stretch an inelastic pocketbook to fill her market basket, needs no figures. She knows prices are higher. The average Mexican menu, at best, cannot be reduced by much: when meat prices go up it is not a question of eating a cheaper cut, because the average family is already eating the cheapest. It is only a question of going without meat."

Money in circulation has nearly tripled but the buying power of the peso has dropped, counting 1929 as a normal year, from 84 centavos at the beginning of 1940 to 65 cents in July of this year. That means the family budget buys two thirds of what it did before the war.

The President recently ordered wage increases for all workers, union or unorganized, earning less than 10 pesos ($2.06) a day, and simultaneously banned any further increases in salaries of any amount. The increases ordered ranged from 50 per cent for those receiving less than a peso (20 cents) a day down to 5 per cent for those receiving between nine and ten pesos.

The effectiveness of this step remains to be proved. Unions are complaining about the freezing of wages.

The Government is trying to siphon off excess buying power, but it is hampered by the fact it doesn't need much extra income. Mexico's war effort is not costing a great deal. It has resumed payment on its foreign debt but that takes only about 2 per cent of its normal budget, which is around $100,000,000 a year.

To deal with run-away prices, ceilings were fixed—and promptly violated—on leading foods. But some 500 housewives were sworn in as honorary food inspectors in the Federal District (Mexico City) where the prices were most out of line, and given power to issue summonses. They did, prices came down and now are fairly stable.

A new factor tending to drive up prices—a shortage of some important foods—has come into the picture in the past few weeks. A long drought in many parts of the country cut the corn crop to about 50 per cent of normal and then heavy rains damaged the newly-planted winter crop.

YOU CAN COUNT ON BROOKS BROTHERS' CLOTHES

It has taken 125 years of uncompromising quality in materials, painstaking skill in style and workmanship, and straightforward fair-dealing, to build "Brooks Brothers" into one of the most highly respected trade names in the world.

A century and a quarter of *reputation* as well as experience, stands behind our trademark—so that no matter how difficult the times may be, you can always count on Brooks Brothers' clothes.

Ready-made Fall Suits, $58 *to* $92
Ready-made Fall Overcoats, $70 *to* $110
Sixth Floor Shop Suits, $43 *to* $55 • *Overcoats*, $47 *to* $69

Now in the Second Quarter of Our Second Century, 1818-1943

ESTABLISHED 1818
Brooks Brothers
CLOTHING
Men's Furnishings, Hats & Shoes
OFFICERS' UNIFORMS, SUPPLIES AND ACCESSORIES
346 MADISON AVENUE, COR. 44TH ST., NEW YORK 17, N. Y.
NUMBER ONE WALL STREET • NEW YORK
NEWBURY, COR. BERKELEY STREET, BOSTON

ICELAND—*This U. S. Army Signal Corps photograph shows gasoline drums being rolled ashore for distribution to supply depots all over Iceland.*

SOUTH PACIFIC—*"What It Takes" is the U. S. Navy's caption for this official photograph showing high octane gasoline arriving at a South Pacific base.*

"What it takes"

On every battle front, the finest fighting men in history are hewing out tomorrow's Victory. The home front's biggest job is to keep the supply streams rolling to these fighters.

Above, at the right, is "precious cargo" (the Navy's phrase) coming ashore on a South Pacific island. It is the high octane gasoline that sends bombers soaring out to blast the Japs.

Oil drove the ships that carried this cargo from the United States. Gasoline drove the Navy barges that brought it in through reefs and shallows. Supplies for the toiling men arrive in the same way.

All this goes on continuously around the world. America has a big advantage over the Axis in petroleum *quality* and *quantity*. It gives United Nations' fighting men one of their margins for Victory.

That superiority was developed under a competitive business system which has made America strong. Oil companies, operating as a part of this system, constantly found new ways to provide better products and finer service at lower prices.

In the Victory World of tomorrow, you can expect this same competitive business system to bring you even better service than you knew before.

The Atlantic Refining Company

The Christian Science Monitor Guide to Current Film Fare

"What movies shall we see?"

Some of the shows now at your local theaters are worth while; others may be a disappointment. This Movie Guide gives you the information for deciding which are which. Some 200 pictures—virtually all those currently being shown—are briefly analyzed. With the local programs in your hand, you can check the pictures against this Guide, and turn guesswork into an intelligent choice.

For the benefit of parents, the films are classified by their suitability for (M) mature people; (Y) young people; (C) children.

The Movie Guide will be brought up to date and published weekly on Wednesdays.

ABOVE SUSPICION—Mystery story about man and wife on mission for British Foreign Office. Elaborate, entertaining melodrama.—M. Y.

ACTION IN THE NORTH ATLANTIC—First-rate melodrama about redoubtable American Merchant Marine men who sail convoy to Europe.—M. Y.

ADVENTURE IN BLACKMAIL—British-made comedy of misunderstanding resulting from a marriage for revenge that turns romantic with good results in entertainment.—M. Y.

ADVENTURES OF A ROOKIE—Farce about army life of new soldiers.—M. Y. C.

ADVENTURES OF TARTU—Exciting sabotage melodrama, with romantic interludes.—M. Y.

AERIAL GUNNER—Strong program melodrama about revengeful air corps man who perishes heroically. Details of gunnery school absorbing.—M. Y.

AIR RAID WARDENS—Laurel and Hardy help defeat Nazi saboteurs. M. Y. C.

ALASKA HIGHWAY—Melodrama about building of Alcan highway.—M. Y.

ALIBI—Clever detective story well-acted—M. Y.

ALL BY MYSELF—Variations on triangle situation, with advertising business setting, and song-dance relief, all so-so.—M. Y.

ANDY HARDY'S DOUBLE LIFE—Andy winds up his affairs in Carvel and departs for college. Amusing, sometimes touching, sometimes overdone.—M. Y. C.

APPOINTMENT IN BERLIN—Spy melodrama, with neat twist, centering about Briton who wins confidence of Nazis.—M. Y.

ASSIGNMENT IN BRITTANY—War romance centering about young Frenchman's masquerade as another soldier in his old home.—M. Y.

AT DAWN WE DIE—French boy and girl saboteurs shoot works and escape. Good cast in workmanlike story.—M. Y.

AVENGERS—Conventional war melodrama set in Norway.—M. Y.

BACKGROUND TO DANGER—Adventure story about American who assists in keeping Turkey neutral. Sustained entertainment.—M. Y.

BAR 20—Standardized western with liberal showings of scenery.—M. Y. C.

BEHIND PRISON WALLS—Misleading title for mildly entertaining satire on big business—M. Y.

BEHIND THE RISING SUN—Japanese youth becomes killer when war test comes, forsaking his low-caste fiancee, and American friends.—M. Y.

BEST FOOT FORWARD—Entertaining Technicolor musical about girl screen star's adventures as prom date.—M. Y. C.

BEYOND THE LAST FRONTIER—Ranger joins outlaws to bring about their capture. Fast minor melodrama.—M. Y. C.

BLACK SEA FIGHTERS—Stirring Russian documentary showing how the people of Sevastopol held out against the Nazis for eight months.—M. Y. C.

BLACK HILLS EXPRESS—Regulation Western of Wells-Fargo days.—M. Y. C.

BLACK RAVEN—Wholesale murder in inn.—M.

BLOCKED TRAIL—The Three Mesquiteers round up the bandits again—M. Y. C.

BOMBARDIER—Friendly enemies in crews that dropped bombs on Tokyo. Exciting melodrama, strongly masculine in interest.—M. Y.

BOMBERS' MOON—American flier meets Russian girl in Germany and they melodramatically escape to England.—M. Y.

BORDERTOWN GUN FIGHTERS—Lottery swindle smashed in good Western.—M. Y. C.

CAPTIVE WILD WOMAN—Man surgeon transforms ape into woman, who reverts to ape and kills him. Morbid stuff for horror film fans only.—M.

CHATTERBOX—Musical farce about movie and radio cuties, with melodramatic finish.—M. Y. C.

CHINA—American schoolteacher's devotion to pupils in China stirs callous salesman to rousing deeds in aid of Chinese.—M. Y.

CHINA GIRL—Melodrama about U. S. newsreelman and Chinese teacher's daughter, against war background. Realistic bombing climax.—M. Y.

CITY THAT STOPPED HITLER—Realistic Russian record of resistance at Stalingrad.—M. Y.

CLANCY STREET BOYS—East Side Kids lick gangsters in roughhouse kidnap melodrama. M. Y.

CLAUDIA—Dorothy McGuire in delightful performance as a rattle-pate tomboy who grew up.—M. Y.

COASTAL COMMAND—Documentary showing daily work of Royal Air Force in protecting convoys in Northern waters.—M. Y. C.

COLT COMRADES—Hopalong Cassidy outwits crooks who would steal water from ranch.—M. Y. C.

CONEY ISLAND—Honky-tonk singer's rise to fame as Broadway musical star. Gorgeous Technicolor. Will please Betty Grable's following.—M. Y.

CONSTANT NYMPH—Deeply touching, well-acted story of young girl's unrequited love for middle-aged composer, and her passing just when she realizes that she has inspired him. M. Y.

COWBOY IN MANHATTAN—Class B backstage musical about boy and girl beset by Tin-Pan-Alley chiselers.—M. Y. C.

CRASH DIVE—Night commando raid in Technicolor. Good romantic melodrama of submarine war.—M. Y.

CRYSTAL BALL—Heavy-handed romantic farce about girl who gets her man by masquerading as fortune teller.—M. Y.

DANGER! WOMEN AT WORK—Girls doing war jobs. Mediocre melodrama with confused story, but interesting cast.—M. Y. C.

DEATH VALLEY MANHUNT—Wild Bill Elliott gets drop on oil barons. Serviceable western.—M. Y. C.

DEADMAN'S GULCH—Careful formula Western about gangster operators of freight line.—M. Y. C.

DESERT VICTORY—Thrilling British documentary about Montgomery's successful November attack against Rommel in Egypt.—M. Y.

DESPERATE JOURNEY—Implausibility, speed, and excitement as RAF bomber crew, brought down over Germany, escape to England.—M. Y.

DESPERADOES—Technicolor photography in western story with standard plot.—M. Y.

DESTROYER—Melodrama about dauntless sailor who won't let his mates give up.—M. Y.

DEVIL WITH HITLER—Burlesque in which Satan tricks Hitler into performing a good deed. Sparingly funny.—M. Y.

DIARY OF A NAZI—Soviet war picture that makes Russia hero of story and women saboteurs its heroines. Absorbing, thrilling, even humorous at times.—M. Y.

DIXIE DUGAN—Supporting comedy for double bill, seeking to make fun of wartime Washington.—M. Y.

DIXIE—Technicolor musical with impersonation of Dan Emmett, who wrote famous play and helped start Negro minstrelsy.—M. Y. C.

DU BARRY WAS A LADY—Night club entertainment values again prove dubious source of screen farce, even in Technicolor.—M.

EDGE OF DARKNESS—Story of Nazi brutality during occupation of town in Norway. Too much killing for general audience, otherwise excellent of kind.—M.

EYES OF THE UNDERWORLD—Honest police chief is framed and cleared in 61 minutes.—M. Y.

FIGHTING BUCKAROO—The hero saves the ranch in a rip-snorting western.—M. Y. C.

FALL IN—Rival sergeants provide more of slapstick fun furnished in "Tanks a Million."—M. Y. C.

FALLEN SPARROW—Thrilling melodramatic tale of espionage with an unromantic conclusion for novel twist.—M. Y.

FALCON STRIKES BACK—Falsely accused hero rounds up real culprits.—M. Y.

FALSE FACES—District attorney clears son of false murder charge in sincere, but slow-moving melodrama.—M. Y.

FIGHTING FRONTIER—Daring cowboy poses as outlaw and captures bandits in satisfactory minor Western.—M. Y. C.

FIRED WIFE—Matrimonial farce about misunderstanding in advertising and theatrical business. Well cast and continuously amusing.—M. Y.

FLIGHT FOR FREEDOM—Made reckless by lover's fickleness, girl aviator tragically pilots ship to disaster in far Pacific on Navy mission.—M.

FLYING FORTRESS—Mediocre film about Yanks in the RAF, climaxed by raid over Berlin.—M. Y.

FOREVER AND A DAY—History of 140-year-old London house provides thread which brings in more than 70 film players in series of patriotic incidents.—M. Y. C.

FOLLOW THE BAND—Modest musical about farmer-trombonist in night club.—M. Y. C.

FOR WHOM THE BELL TOLLS—Film of Hemingway novel of Spanish Revolution, following book with emulation to be expected. Admirably acted, and photographed in Technicolor in manner to heighten pictorial and dramatic values.—M. Y.

FORTRESS ON THE VOLGA—Russian picture of defense of Tsaritsin (Stalingrad) against Germans and White Russians in 1918, showing how Soviet emerged from First World War chaos.—M.

FRANKENSTEIN MEETS THE WOLF MAN—Double portion chiller-diller strictly for horror trade.—M.

FRONTIER BADMAN—Texans of 1869 beat beef trust in rousing melodrama. Good cast.—M. Y. C.

FRONTIER FURY—Melodrama about hero under unjust cloud who rounds up real bandits.—M. Y. C.

FUGITIVE FROM SONORA—Trick melodrama, which uses Don "Red" Barry as hero and villain. For not too choosy double bills.—M. Y. C.

GALS INCORPORATED—Tasteless musical about gay bachelor who pretends to be married.—M.

GENTLE GANGSTER—Reformed bootlegger cleans up racketeers.—M. Y.

GET GOING—Fair melodramatic farce about Washington.—M. Y.

GILDERSLEEVE'S BAD DAY—Radio comic with peculiar laugh blunders into new mess of trouble that may interest his listening public. M. Y. C.

GHOSTS ON THE LOOSE—East Side Kids raid propaganda lair.—M. Y.

GHOST AND THE GUEST—Rehash of mystery play routines.—M. Y.

GHOST RIDER—Johnny Mack Brown helps Sheriff Hatton round up killer gang.—M. Y. C.

GIRL TROUBLE—Romantic farce about a South American in New York to borrow millions for his rubber plantations.—M.

GOOD MORNING JUDGE—Mediocre program comedy, with music, about man and woman songsmiths who try to outsmart each other, then marry.—M. Y.

GOOD LUCK MR. YATES—War worker, falsely accused of spying, saves shipyard.—M. Y. C.

GREAT MR. HANDEL—Technicolor biography during years of adversity preceding composition of "Messiah." Good cast and careful presentation of numerous Handel songs and choruses.—M. Y. C.

GUADALAJARA—Mexican-made film, with folk songs for musical interest in conventional story of two girls who nearly marry wrong men.—M. Y.

GYANDEV OF INDIA—Talking picture made in Bombay about a semi-legendary prophet who revived a religion of man's brotherhood. Native pageantry and music.—M. Y.

HANGMEN ALSO DIE—Gestapo searchers vainly for Czech assassin of Nazi leader in Prague. Exciting melodramatic mystery.—M.

HARRIGAN'S KID—Offensive, dishonest jockey reforms, thanks to affection for horse and benevolent employer.—M. Y.

HAUNTED RANCH—Range busters find money stolen from Denver mint. Program filler.—M. Y. C.

HAPPY GO LUCKY—Caribbean capers and song specialties, done in Technicolor.—M. Y.

HARD WAY—Ruthless heroine maneuvers sister-in-law from poverty to theatrical fame. Candid but sordid study, well-acted.—M.

HEADING FOR GOD'S COUNTRY—Fifth columnists in Aleutians find their plans defeated. Lively, but conventional melodrama.—M. Y.

HE HIRED THE BOSS—Stuart Erwin as the worm who turns. Topical program filler.—M. Y. C.

HEAVEN CAN WAIT—Don Ameche as modern Casanova in tricky, oversentimentalized story made amusing by Lubitsch's direction.—M. Y.

HENRY ALDRICH SWINGS IT—Henry goes romantic briefly, and encounters crooks in formula melodramatic comedy.—M. Y.

HE'S MY GUY—Backstage musical, pleasantly familiar for Class B double bills.—M. Y. C.

HERS TO HOLD—Agreeable fable with music; boy meets girl, they separate, but will meet again as the war permits.—M. Y. C.

HIDDEN HAND—Melodrama about deranged murderer. Weak in story, direction and acting.—M.

HI DIDDLE DIDDLE—Farce with music about delayed honeymoon.—Frothy.—M. Y.

HI YA, CHUM—Ritz Brothers raise corn in melange of song, dance, and knockabout antics.—M. Y. C.

HIGH EXPLOSIVE—Reckless, selfish truck driver finally sacrifices himself in good cause. Exciting trick plot.—M. Y.

HI, BUDDY—Unpretentious musical with singing and dancing specialties.—M. Y. C.

HIT PARADE OF 1943—Romance of Tin Pan Alley with too-smart writer improved by affection of sweet girl composer.—M. Y.

HIT THE ICE—Abbott and Costello have ludicrous adventures with crooks, ending well in dazzling skiing.—M. Y. C.

HITLER, DEAD OR ALIVE—Alcatraz graduates go to Berlin to "get" Hitler.—M. Y.

HITLER'S MADMAN—Overdone melodrama about destruction of Lidice.—M. Y.

HITLER'S CHILDREN—Tragic story of effect upon boy and girl in Germany of Fuhrer's systematic education of youth.—M. Y.

HOLY MATRIMONY—Amusing fable about famous painter who wished to live peaceful life.—M. Y. C.

HONEYMOON LODGE—Slender musical about es-

HOW'S ABOUT IT?—Tin Pan Alley romance that will be enjoyed by those who like Andrews Sisters style of warbling.—M. Y. C.

HUMAN COMEDY—William Saroyan's pleasant and touching comment upon life in a small town and a particular family as affected by the war.—M. Y. C.

tranged husband and wife who become reconciled through re-enactment of courtship.—M. Y.

HOOSIER HOLIDAY—Musical with Hoosier Hot Shots and other radio talent.—M. Y. C.

HOPPY SERVES A WRIT—Hopalong Cassidy catches bandits. Evergreen melodramatics.—M. Y. C.

HOSTAGES—Melodrama about Prague people held so Nazi leader can steal coal concession. Somber and well acted.—M. Y.

IDAHO—Western, well done, with singing ranger who rounds up bank robbers.—M. Y. C.

INVISIBLE AGENT—Spy story utilizing camera tricks, brutality and Keystone comedy.—M. Y.

IT COMES UP LOVE—Modestly amusing. Gloria Jean comedy romance with songs.—M. Y. C.

IT'S A GREAT LIFE—More Blondie and Dagwood adventures, this time with horse.—M. Y. C.

I WALKED WITH A ZOMBIE—Morbid phony horrors.—M.

Columbia; Ned Scott

Detail From "Sahara"

J. Carroll Naish as an Italian prisoner follows in the wake of "Lulubelle," the tank around which the action centers.

JEANNIE—British Cinderella tale about farm drudge who spends small inheritance on trip to prewar Vienna, and ends by marrying Yorkshire salesman. Light amusement.—M. Y. C.

JITTERBUGS—Laurel and Hardy tangle with crooks and recover girl's bank roll amid slapstick antics and musical turns.—M. Y. C.

JOHNNY COME LATELY—Roving reporter befriends woman publisher and mixes in small-town politics, with good melodramatic results.—M. Y.

JUNIOR ARMY—Freddie Bartholomew and the Dead End kids unmask Nazi agent.—M. Y. C.

KANSAN—Expected Western ingredients.—M. Y. C.

KEEP 'EM SLUGGING—Dead End and East Side Kids slap down each other, then get together to catch perpetrators of crime. It's all a matter of taste.—M.

KID DYNAMITE—East Side Kids tangle successfully with thugs trying to exploit a boxing match, then join up for war.—M. Y. C.

KID RIDES AGAIN—Billy the Kid, framed for a crime he didn't commit, rounds up gang. Routine Western.—M. Y.

KING OF THE COWBOYS—Roy Rogers sings and shoots his way through well-made, finely paced western about saboteurs masquerading as carnival entertainers.—M. Y. C.

LADIES' DAY—Farce about domestic affairs of baseball players. Lupe Velez sets pace.—M. Y. C.

LADY GANGSTER—Mediocre crime melodrama.—M.

LADY TAKES A CHANCE—Girl tenderfoot encounters untamed cowboy and hog-ties him after farcical adventures.—M. Y. C.

LAND OF HUNTED MEN—Range Busters help round up robbers. Fair program supporter.—M. Y. C.

LARCENY WITH MUSIC—Singer's manager saves night club from bankruptcy by popularizing his musical numbers. Program filler.—M. Y.

LASSIE COME HOME—Touching story of collie who refused to be separated from family with which she grew up.—M. Y. C.

LAST WILL OF DR MABUSE—Well-made but morbid mystery story, a study of criminal insanity, with excursions into hypnotism, ghosts and "transmigration of souls."—M.

LAW OF THE NORTHWEST—Mounties defeat land grabbers in ordinary melodrama.—M. Y. C.

LET'S HAVE FUN—Mild program comedy for those who enjoy Bert Gordon's radio humor as "the mad Russian."—M. Y. C.

LET'S FACE IT—Passable musical about soldiers and flighty married couples.—M. Y.

LONDON BLACKOUT MURDERS—Machine-made mystery thriller about murderer who takes justice into his own hands.—M.

LONE PRAIRIE—Uneven western, exciting at times, with cowboys rounding up pay roll robbers in romance of the open spaces.—M. Y. C.

LONE STAR TRAIL—Entertaining, if routine, western mixing thrills with comedy.—M. Y. C.

MAN FROM MUSIC MOUNTAIN—Roy Rogers and Trigger end feud between cattlemen and sheep raisers. Cheerful songs and much handsome mountain scenery.—M. Y. C.

MANTRAP—Passable minor mystery tale with Scotland Yard sleuth unmasking killer.—M. Y.

MASQUERADE—Russian version of century-old tragic poem by Lermontov, with Byronic hero who learns that he cannot look with contempt upon less clever men.—M. Y.

MEN IN HER LIFE—Lachrymose tale about carnival rider who becomes great ballerina.—M.

MISSION TO MOSCOW—Elaborate screening of former U. S. Ambassador Davies' report on Russia's friendship for United Nations.—M. Y.

MISTER BIG—Juvenile jive session.—M. Y.

MOON IS DOWN—Impressive translation of Steinbeck's novel about occupation of Norwegian town by Nazi troops, and their inability to make townspeople cower.—M. Y.

MAN FROM DOWN UNDER—Australian boxing manager in none-too-pleasant melodramatic story about supposed brother and sister who turn out to be not related. War and prize fight scenes.—M.

MORE THE MERRIER—Washington's housing shortage becomes subject of well-written, neatly-acted romantic farce.—M. Y.

MR. LUCKY—Draft-dodging gambler becomes patriotic member of merchant marine in fairly entertaining melodramatic romance.—M. Y.

MURDER IN TIMES SQUARE—Mystery melodrama for lower brackets.—M.

MURDER ON THE WATERFRONT—Class B mystery with clues and spies at every turn.—M. Y.

MY FRIEND FLICKA—Picturesque and touching story of boy's gain in confidence through owning filly. Filmed in Technicolor.—M. Y. C.

MY SON, THE HERO—Strained comedy about down-at-heels fight promoter who puts up successful-businessman front to impress boy.—M. Y.

NIGHT FOR CRIME—Routine "quickie" about a film studio murder and kidnaping.—M. Y.

PARDON MY GUN—Passable western. Engineer proves girl didn't steal hundred grand.—M. Y. C.

PASSPORT TO SUEZ—Lone Wolf unjustly suspected in lively melodrama.—M. Y.

PETTICOAT LARCENY—Girl star of radio seeks local color among crooks and reforms them in a melodrama for the family and juvenile trade.—M. Y. C.

PHANTOM OF THE OPERA—Familiar chiller—filmed in Technicolor with care for musical values. Several horrible scenes.—M. Y.

PILOT NO. FIVE—Regenerated tool of corrupt politician pays debt to society by suicide bombing of Japanese in exciting melodrama.—M. Y.

PRESENTING LILY MARS—Backstage musical, with Judy Garland as country girl determined to act. Romantic and spectacular.—M. Y. C.

PRISON MUTINY—Slightly artificial prison reform melodrama.—M. Y.

PURPLE V—Passable low-priced prison melodrama about downed British flier's escape from Germany.—M. Y.

SHERLOCK HOLMES IN WASHINGTON—Sherlock slickly prevents enemy agents from stealing important papers.—M. Y. C.

SHERLOCK HOLMES FACES DEATH—All usual trappings of creepy melodrama.—M. Y.

SILVER SPURS—Roy Rogers solves a murder mystery in which he is falsely accused.—M. Y. C.

SKY'S THE LIMIT—War-time romantic comedy which Fred Astaire highlights with Joan Leslie as partner.—M. Y.

SLEEPY LAGOON—Girl mayor beats racketeers in passable melodrama.—M. Y. C.

SOMEWHERE IN FRANCE—Steadily entertaining British melodrama of return of vital war machines from France.—M. Y.

SONG OF TEXAS—Roy Rogers sings and shoots way through lively western.—M. Y. C.

SO PROUDLY WE HAIL!—Exceptional cast in moving story of heroism of nurses on Bataan.—M. Y.

SOMETHING TO SHOUT ABOUT—Vaudeville returns in a backstage musical which displays some good incidental talent. Cole Porter songs.—M. Y.

SOMEONE TO REMEMBER—Sentimental comedy about mother who kept hope of seeing long-lost son. Well-cast minor romantic interest.—M. Y. C.

SPITFIRE—Leslie Howard in stirring British-made picture showing how the Spitfire fighting plane was brought to high efficiency.—M. Y. C.

SPY TRAIN—Cheaply made, but fast pace helps melodrama involving reporter and Nazi agents.—M. Y.

STAGE DOOR CANTEEN—Glorifying Canteen's service to soldiers and sailors. Many stage and screen luminaries, and six name bands.—M. Y. C.

STORMY WEATHER—Bill Robinson's inimitable dancing in Negro musical that touches on incidents in his career.—M. Y. C.

STRANGE DEATH OF ADOLF HITLER—Melodrama about killing of Hitler impersonator.—M.

SWING-SHIFT MAIZIE—Long-suffering war worker finally turns against incorrigible girl cheat. Strong, unedifying melodramatic romance.—M. Y.

TENNESSEE JOHNSON—Biographical drama of post-Civil War history, making President Johnson martyr in democracy's cause. Well acted.—M. Y. C.

THANK YOUR LUCKY STARS—Two-hour variety show with Eddie Cantor as guide.—M. Y. C.

THIS IS THE ARMY—Spectacular musical comedy version of stage show, with original cast of 350 soldiers, and others for handsome, stirring patriotic entertainment.—M. Y. C.

TOP MAN—Timely musical about classmates in junior college who work four hours daily in aircraft factory.—M. Y. C.

THOUSANDS CHEER—Parade of stars with camp show done in Technicolor, three bands, and circus act. Good light entertainment.—M. Y. C.

TIGER FANGS—Frank Buck defeats Nazi plot to turn animals loose on jungle natives. Melodrama for duals.—M. Y.

TRUE TO LIFE—Funny comedy about family put on air by needy radio writers.—M. Y. C.

VICTORY THROUGH AIR POWER—Entertaining and absorbing Disney combination of cartoon and realistic photography to present Maj. Alexander P. de Seversky's argument for the consolidation of all U. S. air power under single separate command.—M. Y. C.

WAGON TRACKS WEST—Indian, crooked commissioner, rich grazing lands stirred together into cracking Western.—M. Y. C.

WATCH ON THE RHINE—Paul Lukas and Bette Davis in moving drama of couple devoted to the underground opposition to fascism.—M. Y. C.

WE'VE NEVER BEEN LICKED—War melodrama which has Texas Agricultural and Mechanical College for the most part as scene, and exciting airplane-ship battle for finish.—M. Y.

WEST SIDE KID—Far-fetched melodrama about gangster who reforms neglected family.—M. Y.

WINTERTIME—Sonja Henie again displays skating skill. Long on performance talent and short on story interest.—M. Y. C.

YANKS AHOY—Two battling sergeants capture submarine in knockabout melodrama.—M. Y. C.

YANKEE DOODLE DANDY—James Cagney's superb playing and dancing plus George M. Cohan's tunes dominate biography of song-and-dance man.

YOUNGEST PROFESSION—Girl autograph hunter meets movie stars amusingly, and entangles parents in harmless but annoying gossip.—M. Y. C.

Recent Releases

ADVENTURE IN IRAQ—Essentially a western, though scene is Iraq desert. U. S. Cavalry comes to rescue of heroine at mercy of native chief.—M. Y.

ALWAYS A BRIDESMAID—The Andrews sing five times in this light melodramatic romance about detectives who run down an investment swindle.—M. Y. C.

CORVETTE K-225—Spectacular melodrama extolling heroism of Royal Canadian Navy in war-time.—M. Y.

FALCON IN DANGER—But don't worry, he is booked for more adventures after he has accomplished his present feat of discovering whereabouts of two tycoons who disappear during airplane flight.—M. Y. C.

FOOTLIGHT GLAMOUR—Blondie and Dagwood engage in a spoof of the little theaters for a better-than-average addition to the Bumpstead series.—M. Y. C.

LAD FROM OUR TOWN—Russian wartime romance of tank officer and concert singer.—M. Y.

MAN FROM RIO GRANDE—Don Barry routs gunmen hired to seize his father's ranch in conventional western that has modern skating show for novel interlude.—M. Y. C.

MY KINGDOM FOR A COOK—Testy British author starts a feud in a New England town when he ignores the cultural set and tries to steal another writer's cook. Good romantic farce.—M. Y. C.

SAHARA—Skipper of Yankee tank in African desert fights melodramatic delaying action. Film exemplifies understanding among men of several of United Nations.—M. Y.

SWEET ROSIE O'GRADY—Nostalgic Technicolor musical about a singing star who rose from beer garden entertainer to fiancee of a duke.—M.

WE WILL COME BACK—Russian film about civilian guerrillas who harass the Nazis occupying Soviet villages. Romance and spy-melodrama add piquancy.—M. Y.

Attorney's Report to Court Files Charges Against Judge

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 20 (AP)—Belief that former U. S. Circuit Court Judge J. Warren Davis handed down six "crooked decisions" was expressed in a report filed with the Third U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals here yesterday by Thomas Raeburn White, Philadelphia attorney who has been investigating Judge Davis' judicial conduct for two years.

Five of the decisions cited were in the bankruptcy case of William Fox, former movie magnate, and the sixth in a patent suit for several million dollars, won by the Universal Oil Products Company.

Mr. White said the Universal Company paid its attorney, Morgan S. Kaufman, of Scranton, Pa., a $50,000 fee and he (White) believed Judge Davis received "a financial share in the fee."

Fox's litigation also was handled by Mr. Kaufman, a former U. S. Referee in Bankruptcy.

Fox was sentenced to a year and a day in prison when he pleaded guilty to a charge of conspiring with Judge Davis and Mr. Kaufman to obstruct justice. Judge Davis and Mr. Kaufman were indicted on the same charge, but two juries disagreed and the charges were dropped. Mr. Kaufman later was disbarred from practicing in the Federal courts.

Mr. White's report said the decision in the Universal case, against the Root Refining Company and the Winkler Koch Engineering Company, was "tainted with fraud and corruption" and recommended that it be set aside.

Judge Davis resigned from the bench in November, 1941.

Mr. White's investigation was ordered by the Circuit Court Nov. 26, 1941, after attorneys for several companies involved in the Universal case asked for a reopening of the Davis decision.

Murphy's Tax Plan Rejected by Dewey

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 20 — In reply to a letter from Mayor Vincent J. Murphy of Newark, Democratic candidate for Governor of New Jersey, asking if some arrangement might not be worked out whereby residents of New Jersey working in New York State will not be taxed three times, by the Federal Government and both states, Governor Thomas E. Dewey replied that there could be no changes made under present conditions.

Governor Dewey said that from Mayor Murphy's letter he understood that the New Jersey gubernatorial candidate proposed a New Jersey state income tax.

"This, of course," said the New York Governor added, "is the only way a reciprocal arrangement could come into being. Since there is now on New Jersey state income tax, you must be aware there is no basis for the reciprocal arrangement you seek."

A Coast to Coast Classified Directory **REAL ESTATE** For Sale, For Rent or Exchange • Insurance

Alabama

BIRMINGHAM—2028½ N. First Ave. ED. S. MOORE, Inc. Nothing But Insurance

Montgomery 121½ Lee Street HOME SYNDICATE, Inc. Sales — Rentals — Insurance

LOCAL—LONG DISTANCE Birmingham Mayflower Agts. Wittichen Transfer & Warehouse Co.

Arizona

REAL ESTATE—Rentals, cattle ranches, desert acreage, farms. We invite correspondence. DRACHMAN-GRANT, Realtors. 28 N. Stone Ave., Tucson, Arizona.

California

ALAMEDA, Calif.—Sales, exchanges, management and insurance. Fowler-Caulfield, Realtors, 2417 Santa Clara Ave. LA 2-3656

BEVERLY HILLS GEORGE H. FLEBBE Specializing in HOMES and REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS 174 N. Canon Drive CR 1-0635

BEVERLY HILLS RENTALS and SALES HETTIE LOUISE REYNOLDS, Realtor 9728 Santa Monica Blvd. CR 64787

BEVERLY HILLS, Real Estate and Insurance WILLIAM L. COLLIER CO. 444 N. Camden Drive CR. 63179

HOLLYWOOD 27 Wanted, listings of Real Estate (FOR SALE) BUYERS please register—LETTERS WELCOME. O. E. SOPER 1530 No. Western Avenue GRanite 7752

Los Angeles, 161 So. La Brea Ave. WA. 8821 LEROY ACKLEY, Realtor APPRAISALS, INSURANCE

No. Hollywood—11701 Ventura Blvd. EDWIN S. BINGHAM Hillside 2254—REALTOR—Sunset 27206

PASADENA Since 1887 our predecessors and ourselves have been selling good homes. Furn. and unfurn. rentals. We sell all kinds of Insurance. Residential loans 4%. No commissions. The William Wilson Co. 40 N. Garfield SY. 3-8111

PASADENA 1. Needed at once, homes and apartment income in So. Calif. Have cash buyers; also Eastern exchanges. Write Lehmann Hisey, Citizens Bank Bldg.

REDLANDS, CALIF. "FOWLER'S" Orange Groves, beach and mountain homes

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF. I deal in fine homes, flats, apartment houses, and ranches, anywhere in State. S. N. GRAVES, 704 MISSION ST. EX 4490

San Francisco—Los Angeles REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE 3636 Wilshire, Los Angeles 5

SAN PEDRO (L. A. Harbor) 645 W. 9th —Sales, Rentals, Exchanges, Insurance Hunter McConnell Realtor Home Specialist

SANTA MONICA—3 bed room, 1½ bath; modern home; furnished or unfurnished; $8,250. WARRELL, 327 Arizona.

EDWARD A. UHL Real Estate—Insurance Business Opportunities 92 South Fifth Street, San Jose

JACKSON DIGGS—Realtor Specializing in Homes, Income, Ranches, Exchanges Property Management, Rentals 4016 Wilshire Blvd., Los Angeles EX. 1196

VISITORS to SAN FRANCISCO Rex Arms Hotel Apts., 390 Geary St. Weekly-Monthly Rates 2-3 Rooms

"We Cover the Field" Sales and Exchanges, Homes and Incomes EDDY D. FIELD 1019 S. La Brea, Los Angeles YO 5151

H. C. Patterson, 108 E. Valley, El Monte REAL ESTATE INSURANCE 12 mi. E. of L. A. End of Santa Fe Trail

HAROLD O. WRIGHT COMPANY Realtors 6331 Hollywood Blvd.—GR. 6889—Hollywood

LUNETTA BUCKLEY, Realtor 14938 Ventura Blvd., Van Nuys St. 43316 San Fernando Valley Properties

GERALD C. LARKIN, Realtor and Insurer 2000 W. Florence, Los Angeles 44 PL. 2-1884 Res. AX. 2-2417

District of Columbia

SALES—RENTALS MORTGAGE LOANS PROPERTY MANAGEMENT INSURANCE RANDALL H. HAGNER & CO. 1321 Connecticut Ave., Washington, D. C.

SALES — RENTS LOANS — INSURANCE Since 1907 BOSS & PHELPS 1417 K Street, Washington Member National Association Real Estate Boards

AMOS W. McDEVITT D. C. and Maryland Properties RA 4422

Florida

JOHN T. LARKIN, Realtor Developer—Rental Agent BELLE ISLE COURT Largest Apartment House in Florida 31 Venetian Way Miami Beach

FOR SALE—Country estate of 83 acres—7-room modern, electrically equipped home on Hall's River, near Homosassa Springs, Fla. Fine fishing. Bargain for quick sale. W. R. Melcher Box 1427, Asheville, N. C.

Illinois

AURORA—Open country. Age old trees. Dream by the flickering fire. Neighbors with a cheery "hallo." Stables—numerous bridle paths. Perfect living found on this attractive 22-acre dividable estate on Fox River, 40 minutes west of Chicago. Purchase on long terms with $2500 down. MERMAN OFFUTT, 42 Galena Blvd.

CHAMPAIGN, ILL.—CHUMBLY & TURNER Real Estate Rentals, Sales Fire Ins. Coverage 300 N. Walnut

Illinois (Continued)

REAL ESTATE Mortgages Made and Sold Property Management—Insurance Paul J. Quetschke & Co. 4165 Lincoln Ave. Chicago, Illinois Est. 1910 Tel. Buckingham 8400

Real Estate SURROUGHS REALTY Loans Let us manage your property—small or large 3967 Milwaukee Ave., Chicago KIL. 8100

HELENE S. CAMERON 2738 Pine Grove Ave., Chicago LIN. 1400 Guest and Rooming Houses. Better Type

Property Management—Insurance RUF, Real Estate East St. Louis, Ill., Goldman Bldg.

J. RAY DAVIS—Real Estate, Insurance, Mortgages, Property Management. 1715 W. 95th St., Chicago. Beverly 1875

Indiana

WANTED! Indianapolis Real Estate to Sell Realtors Since 1884 Real Estate—Insurance GREGORY & APPEL, INC. 333 N. Pennsylvania Indianapolis

INSURANCE RENTALS—LEASES—SALES KELLER REALTY, Inc. 8 E. Market St., Rm. 130 Indianapolis

SPAHR AGENCY, FT. WAYNE, IND General Insurance 306 Citizens' Trust Bldg A 3168

Iowa

West Des Moines—507 Elm. Phone 46 CLARENCE M. CORNWELL Insurance—Bonds—Loans—Sales

ART WAGNER Realtor and Appraiser 526 Lane Building Davenport, Iowa

Massachusetts

Dedham, Westwood, Dover and Vicinity MARSH and RICE, Realtors 38 Marsh Street Ded. 2300

Newton—Wellesley—Weston ALVORD BROS., Realtors Office, 81 Union St., Newton Center

MORTGAGES Replaced at 4% or 4½% Free appraisals. No commission 20-mile radius from Boston W. A. Fraser, 37 Saville Rd., Quincy

Sales WELLESLEYS Rents ROGER O. CLAPP Wellesley Hills Square Wellesley 0582

INQUIRIES SOLICITED on any form of INSURANCE ELLIOT & WHITTIER (Our 61st year) 73 Jefferson St., Winthrop 52 Ocean 0539

RENTALS—SALES in Brookline, Newtons, Wellesley and Weston. Selected properties in the better neighborhoods. HENRY W. SAVAGE, Inc., Realtors 1297 Beacon Street, Brookline (Boston) ASPinwall 1804

Insurance of All Kinds HOWARD E. WHITING 4 Brattle St., Cambridge Kir. 6802, Tro. 9037

CANTERBURY HOTEL APARTMENTS 1-2-3 Room Furnished Suites, Kitchenettes if desired. 14 Charlesgate W., Boston, Mass.

Michigan

THE F. A. SERGEANT COMPANY 403 First National Bldg. Phone 23239 Ann Arbor, Michigan Real Estate—Management—Insurance

Minnesota

A. L. SHINNERS CO. Complete Real Estate Service 302 Midland Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.

For Better Homes THE SPRING CO., Realtors Rentals — Sales — Insurance Mortgage Loans — Management WH. 3766 43rd and Upton MINNEAPOLIS

Missouri

FOR SALE—30 acres farm, 5½ miles from Appleton City, Missouri. Fine corn land. Unimproved. Attractive price. Mrs. L. W. Ihde, 400 South High St., Denver, Colorado.

See CHARLES W. YOUNG If you want to buy or sell real estate with DUKE-YOUNG, Inc., 14 N. 8th St., St. Louis, Mo. CH. 3944

Nebraska

T. H. MAENNER CO. Realtors—Property Management—Insurance Safe Deposit Vaults City National Bank Building, Omaha, Neb.

AUSTIN REAL ESTATE Sales—Rentals—Insurance 630 Fed. Sec. Bldg. Lincoln, Nebr.

Nevada

RENO HOMES—RANCHES—INSURANCE GUY MARSH CO.—Realtors Title Ins. Bldg. 30 E. First St.

New Hampshire

AUTUMN TRIPS ARE PLEASANT IF you can get the gas, and IF you can find the home, estate, farm or camp you are seeking! But how much more sensible it is to select a number of likely properties in advance from Previews' illustrated NEW ENGLAND CATALOG, which fully describes hundreds of fine listings. Send $1 today to the National Real Estate Clearing House, PREVIEWS, INC., 30 Congress St., Boston.

New Jersey

VAN NESS CORP., Realtors General and Industrial Real Estate Mortgages, Insurance and Management 24 Commerce St., Newark, N. J. MI. 2-3333

HENRY M. LESHER Homes—Investments—Management Oranges—Maplewood and Vicinity 38 No. Grove St., East Orange Or. 3-4270

ANDREW HAYE, Realtor Country and Town Properties—Insurance 167 North Ave. Tel. Plainfield 6-1617

WILLIAM F. GEHRINGER Insurance and Loss Adjustments 4509 Brown Street, Union City, N. J.

New York

Joseph P. Day, Inc. EVERY PHASE OF REAL ESTATE Auctions—Appraisals—Industrials Analysis—Estates CHRYSLER BUILDING 405 LEXINGTON AVE., NEW YORK CITY

15 Minutes from Manhattan FRANKLIN E. TYRRELL, Inc. Real Estate and Insurance 71-30 Austin St. Forest Hills Bo. 8-7030

JOHN B. HOWE Mortgages Bought and Sold 175-50 Hillside Ave., Jamaica Rep. 9-6163

Ohio

CANTON, OHIO Logan Ave., N. W. bungalow near church. Extra nice well built home. Vacant soon.

HARRY D. WISE, Realtor Insurance and Real Estate 8370 Res. 9506

Cleveland, Ohio Sales—Rentals East Heights Homes and Apartments MAY B. STRATTON 1990 Ford Drive GArfield 7070

COLUMBUS—Now is the time to sell your Central Ohio prop. or farm. Write or ph. C. A. Beckett, Broker, 2367 Indiana Ave. LA-9940.

STANLEY W. ROBBINS Real Estate and Insurance Willoughby, Ohio. Phone 716

Oregon

Everything in Real Estate Loyall R. Rugh 1029 Willamette St., Eugene

We specialize in City and Suburban Homes Listings Wanted J. A. HUBBELL 2306 N. E. Broadway, Portland EA 0500

Pennsylvania

EDWARD L. NOYES Real Estate—Insurance 23 So. Chester Rd., Swarthmore, Pa.

W. J. DILLNER, Transfer and Storage Co., 601 Melwood St., Pittsburgh, Pa. Pl. 3302, Ma. 4567.

Rhode Island

ELEANOR F. MATTSON Real Estate—Insurance 630 Willett Ave. Riverside Tel. EA 3329

Texas

ALAMO HEIGHTS REALTY (And All North Side Properties) 5946 Broadway San Antonio

SAN ANTONIO—Choice E. Rosewood apt. site, restricted area, paving, all util., rock walls both sides. $1950. Garfield 6311.

TEXAS HOTEL "For Sale," 100 rooms—all with private baths. Modern, fireproof, excellent condition. Best Hotel in one of Texas' most progressive cities. H. C. Mueller, Moore Bldg., San Antonio, Texas.

J. H. COMPTON CO. 30 Years' dependable service Ranches—Farms—City Suite 342 Milam Bldg., San Antonio

GLAD to serve you in buying or selling ranches, farms, city properties. WARREN & WORDEN, Travis Bldg., San Antonio.

Washington

REAL ESTATE INSURANCE HOME — FINANCE COLUMBIA REALTY COMPANY 3700 Ferdinand St., Seattle RA-0582

We specialize in quality homes CECIL BURROUGHS CO. 1411-4th Ave Bldg., Seattle. SE-1189

DONAHUE "your home finder" REAL ESTATE—INSURANCE—NOTARY 406 15th Ave N. Seattle PR-2030

West Virginia

"HUNTINGTON, W. VA." For anything pertaining to real estate in this section write PANCAKE REALTY COMPANY 915 8TH AVE., HUNTINGTON, W. VA.

Wisconsin

Milwaukee Real Estate Sales Insurance EDWARD E. EHMKE, Realtor 6038 W. North Ave. Kilbourn 3494

Manitoba, Canada

ARONOVITCH & LEIPSIC, LTD. Realtors Commercial Property Specialists Sales Development Management Members N. A. R. E. B. Winnipeg Since 1895

Mexico

T. C. FRIDMORE-BROWN Av. Juarez 76 Desp. 310 Mexico, D. F.

Shreve *table sterling*

Shreve has always offered one of the largest selections of fine quality sterling. And even under wartime restrictions, you'll find a comparatively ample choice of the essential pieces in a good variety of designs. Remember, it costs no more to shop at Shreve's.

Shreve CRUMP & LOW COMPANY BOYLSTON AT ARLINGTON STREET BOSTON

There are always *friends* of yours at MUIR'S Department Store East Orange, N. J.

QUIET MAY OIL HEATING SYSTEM FOR INSTALLATION SERVICE FUEL OIL Phone MO 3-0202 QUIET MAY BLONDEL CORPORATION 85 Walnut Street MONTCLAIR, N. J.

You'll Enjoy Snapshots More When you mount them in an album with Engel Art Corners

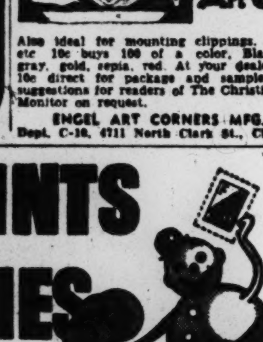
Also ideal for mounting clippings, postcards, etc. 10c buys 100 of a color, Black, white, gray, gold, sepia, red. At your dealer or send 10c direct for package and samples. Helpful suggestions for readers of The Christian Science Monitor on request. ENGEL ART CORNERS MFG. CO. Dept. C-10, 4711 North Clark St., Chicago, Ill.

MARKILO MARKERS Five styles: TH (holes), TN (notched), Flex, Limp, Klip (clip-on). Samples and circulars on request. MARKILO 3633 S. So. Racine Avenue Chicago, Ill.

The NORTHFIELD OPEN ALL YEAR For Interesting Recreation or Just for Rest. Perfect Comfort. Good Food. Genuine Hospitality. Train and Bus direct to hotel. A. Gordon Moody, Manager EAST NORTHFIELD MASS.

IN ALBANY, N.Y. WELLINGTON ✓"Garage-IN" Hotel ✓Friendly Service ✓Excellent Food

SAVE POINTS AND PENNIES



A 1-lb. package of Smith's Split Peas makes 12 to 16 bowls of delicious, hearty, split pea soup.

NO RATION POINTS NEEDED!

Smith's SPLIT PEAS QUICK COOKING—NO SOAKING

DELICIOUSLY DIFFERENT *One Taste Proves It!* MALTEX Cereal

$12.75 lightweight The famed (plain toe) Hanan Hurdler. In black or brown calf (lightweight or heavyweight), brown bucks, white buck, wine cordovan calf ... from $12.75 to $14.75

Only ONE thing to do now..make SURE that your next shoes are HANAN shoes

We think you'll like it if you'll come to us *next time you need shoes* ... and ask for Hanan HURDLERS. You'll find *comfort* and *smartness* and *wear* that can *only* come in *fine* shoes ... and *these* are the finest we know how to build. They're so soft and flexible yet they're modern and *smart* and they wear so satisfyingly. Don't get *less* than Hanans, when you can *get* Hanans. Come and ask ... and just try them on, *once*.

LET'S BUY ONLY THE THINGS WE NEED! WAR BONDS COME FIRST!!

HANAN Shoes

QUALITY—LIKE CHARACTER—ENDURES NEW YORK: 516 Fifth Ave., 127 Broadway, 1375 Broadway (Men's Shoes Only). BALTIMORE: 324 N. Charles St. DETROIT: 40 Adams Ave. West. CHICAGO: 36 N. Michigan Ave.

ZIEGFELD GIRL DUBARRY WAS A LADY BEST FOOT FORWARD

M-G-M Musicals That Clicked! *And now M-G-M does it again with*

"I dood it!" Red SKELTON *Eleanor* POWELL Jimmy DORSEY AND HIS ORCHESTRA Coming Soon!

Willkie Confidence Hits Home in Party Councils

By Roscoe Drummond
Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20—Wendell L. Willkie—who could be right—is utterly certain that he will win the 1944 Republican presidential nomination.

That, at least, is the impression which more than 100 G. O. P. Congressmen gained in the course of a three-hour off-the-record session with him in the capital.

Mr. Willkie arrived in Washington at 7:45 a. m. yesterday and left at 2 a. m. today. He came to appear before a closed meeting of the "Seventy Eight Club," an organization of the 59 freshman Republican Representatives in Congress. He spent the whole of the day in conference with a variety of Party leaders.

One attendant at the three-hour-for-politics dinner described the attitude of the Congressmen toward their possible presidential nominee as one of combined curiosity and skepticism. It wasn't evident whether Mr. Willkie gained any active recruits but there appeared to be no doubt that they were convinced that of all the avowed candidates, Mr. Willkie is well in the lead.

Could Be Wrong, but—

Now, Mr. Willkie could be wrong in appraising the factors which appear to him to make his renomination very nearly a sure thing, but it is not without significance that both his critics and his supporters appeared to be agreed that the successful G. O. P. nominee will have to beat Mr. Willkie to win.

The New York Daily News and the Washington Times Herald, who do not want to see him nominated, but who would support him against President Roosevelt, recently gave prominent display to the story that Mr. Willkie probably would go into the convention backed by at least 400 delegates, with only 530 required to nominate.

Shrewd political analyst Mark Sullivan last week devoted a column to explaining why Mr. Willkie had notable advantages over other aspirants. He held that it greatly worked to benefit Mr. Willkie that Gov. Thomas E. Dewey of New York was committed not to seek the nomination; in fact, to serve out his four years in Albany; that Gen. Douglas MacArthur and former Gov. Harold Stassen could not disengage themselves from the war to conduct any pre-convention campaign on their own behalf.

Points in His Favor

There are, of course, numerous other factors which put Mr. Willkie in a favorable position.

His admittedly wide popular backing among the rank and file of voters—he received more votes in 1940 than any Republican candidate in history, defeated or elected—gives him a strength with which to combat the organization opposition to his nomination.

He already has a running start in the pre-convention campaigns and can undoubtedly make an effective showing in most of the State preferential primaries.

No major opponent has yet shown signs of being able to conduct an aggressive, nation-wide campaign on the scale Mr. Willkie now has under way.

While Mr. Dewey leads the opinions polls assessing the possible nominees, he is publicly commited to the intention of completing his first term as Governor. He is even more committed privately. A draft-Dewey movement would seem to rest upon the premise of a deadlocked convention and Willkie backers do not see a deadlocked convention.

People Don't Forget Him

Mr. Willkie remains persistently and prominently in the news. His world trip gave him prestige in the field of foreign affairs and the unprecedented sale of his book One World testifies to continued public interest in the man and his ideas.

It could be a disadvantage, but it might be an asset that his Democratic opponents are already beginning to pretend that Willkie's activities are really an aid to them.

While he was meeting with some of the Republican leaders yesterday Representative John E. Rankin (D) of Mississippi got up on the floor of the House and told his fellow Democrats they "should not get excited over Wendell Willkie or anything he says or does."

"He is our secret weapon with which we are now breaking up Republican formations behind the lines," he declared. "A few nights ago we turned the big bazooka loose in the Republican china shop in St. Louis, and did he produce results!"

Maybe Mr. Rankin really means just the opposite. Politics is like that sometimes.

Ships to Be Named For Correspondents

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20 (AP)—Twelve Liberty Ships now under construction will be named for 12 American war correspondents killed since the war began, the Maritime Commission announced yesterday.

The correspondents are Edward H. Crockett, Associated Press; Robert P. Post and Byron Darnton, the New York Times; Ralph Barnes, the New York Herald Tribune; Jack Singer, International News Service; Melville Jacoby, Time-Life; Frank Josef Cuhel, Mutual Broadcasting System; Ben Robertson, New York Herald Tribune; Webb Miller and Harry Percy, United Press; Carl Thusgaard, Acme News Pictures; Ben H. Miller, the Evening Sun of Baltimore.

Marriage Bureau Meets Navy Attack

NEW YORK, Oct. 20 (AP)—The U. S. Navy, as part of Cupid's strategy, took possession of New York's marriage license bureau for nearly two hours yesterday.

At 11 a. m. an officer of the midshipmen's school at Columbia University telephoned the bureau that 75 new graduates of the school were "on their way down there right now to get licenses" and had orders to be back at school by 1 o'clock.

Quickly the bureau staff cancelled luncheon engagements, and when the midshipmen began arriving with their brides-to-be special tables and details of clerks were awaiting them.

Today the midshipmen will become ensigns. After that they will get 10-day furloughs before assuming their naval duties.

Elderly Enjoy New Cottages In Edmonton

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

EDMONTON, Alberta, Oct. 20—High up on the north bank of the Saskatchewan River here almost in sight of the southern terminus of the famous Alaskan Highway, a group of elderly people live in peace and contentment, working in their gardens and maintaining reasonable independence due to the development of an idea by the Lions Service Club.

"Thanks to the Lions of Edmonton" as the elderly occupants of a dozen white cottages on the city's outskirts are saying, the pension age is being made one of promise, friendly co-operation, and enterprise. For the city now is putting to good use some of its previously vacant land in good, residential districts, and is carrying out the admonition of the Dominion Government to launch into new home building.

Proud of Crops

With $80,000 placed at its disposal by the Dominion, and with Edmonton paying from $12 to $20 a month to keep a single elderly couple, the Lions Club volunteered the suggestion that the money be turned to building small homes for elderly people unable to live on their present incomes. That was five years ago. The result is the "Home Project for the Elderly" which takes these elderly people off the list of city wards and puts them in the category of citizens making their own way.

And what is more, the elderly folk smile at visitors, wave their hands in the direction of growing crops for their own tables, and declare: "We love it here, and hope we will never have to move away."

There's Mrs. Williams, for instance, who was picking peas when the visitors arrived. A great bed of flowers ran from the side door of her cottage. Under each window were large boxes of gorgeous blossoms, and at the back we saw a fine, well-kept garden. Mrs. Williams said that she and her husband were happier here than they had ever been before.

Pat McDougall, once gardener at the famous Wainwright Park where the great buffalo herd was kept before the war, is a pensioner here. He is responsible for the upkeep of the central parkway with its beds of flowers. The Lions pay him a small wage, as much as is allowed a federal pensioner without affecting his pension. There is splendid co-operation among the residents, however, and the place is spic and span.

"Something Kind"

When the Lions first planned this project some five years ago, they secured a full block of lots from the City of Edmonton, half on one side of the street and half on the other, and the houses face on a sort of private street. This street runs east and west and is laid out extra wide, has two driveways, and a fine boulevard down the middle.

As Bert Burden, Lions Club President, tells the story: "We felt the Club ought to have something special to look after, something necessary, something kind, something that no one else was doing, and something to interest the wives of the members of the Club. The problem of proper care of elderly persons, those who found it impossible to live properly on their income, came up.

"We knew that the city owned plenty of vacant property in good districts, so we went to the City Council and showed them that by building four houses to care for eight couples, the cost would be about $10,000, and they already owned the land. They would have to put up only $5,000 of this sum themselves, take the other $5,000 from the Dominion grant, and within seven years the rent saved would cover the entire amount they would have to invest in these cottages.

"The City Council was quick to see the advantages of the plan and were convinced that if at any time the Lions wished to get out from under the responsibility, that the project was sound enough for any other organization to take on, or to be carried on by the City itself. A block was located in the Highlands, grounds laid out, and four cottages built. Later two more were built, and after the war is over, there will be many more. There is still plenty of room for cottages according to the original plan which stipulates that the buildings must be at least 40 feet apart, and plenty of room for gardens at the rear of each cottage."

Lions Club Idea Realized

Happiness on the Sunset Trail

Mrs. Williams stands in doorway of a typical white cottage built for Edmonton pensioners. Here, almost in sight of the southern terminus of the Alaskan Highway, elderly folk can grow crops and flowers, and live in peace and contentment.

War and Postwar Issues In Rivalry at Moscow

Continued from Page 1

that then the conference will hinge largely on peace problems.

It ought to be said at the beginning, however, that British opinion doesn't go as far as many Americans seem to do in asserting that this tripartite meeting is in effect the peace conference.

British opinon on the whole regards the conference perhaps a bit more realistically as an indispensable first step, not necessarily decisive one way or the other as far as final peace settlements are concerned.

More specifically there is a feeling here in London that the most important issue at stake in the Moscow meeting is Anglo-Russian relations themselves.

This doesn't imply any tendency here to minimize the American aspect of the meeting. On the contrary it is fully realized that in a sense the United States and the Soviet Union have farther to go in order to get together on a working basis than the British and the Soviets, because the foundation of Anglo-Russian relations has already been laid in the British-Soviet pack signed nearly a year and a half ago.

Co-ordination of Views

Leaving the second front deliberately aside and confining discussion to longer-term diplomatic matters, the second major element in Anglo-Russian relations is that of their attitude toward the other powers.

The brightest sign in this respect is the joint Anglo-American-Russian statement regarding the co-belligerency of Italy. This meant that more progress has been made lately toward co-ordinating their various viewpoints.

Much remains to be done in this field. For example, the Soviets and British are by no means completely united in their attitude toward the French National Committee.

Moscow is making intensive efforts to develop the most cordial relations with Algiers, whereas the London attitude toward the de Gaulle-Giraud Committee may perhaps be described as friendly and correct, but not particularly warm.

Attitude on Germany

Similarly there is no agreement as to the attitude toward Germany. The Russians have set up both the Free German Committee and the Council of Captured German Generals in Moscow, whereas the British have pointedly refused to give any recognition to various German refugees here who have endeavored to obtain support for formation of the Free German movement.

The most obvious case, of course, is that of Japan with whom the Russians maintain relatively friendly diplomatic contacts, while the British and Americans are at war with Japan.

Even in the case of China, there is by no means a common attitude. oFr while the Russians give some aid to the Chinese, Soviet relations with Chiang Kai-shek are strained by the Generalissimo's active conflict with Chinese Communists.

[A spokesman for the Chinese Government predicted in Chungking today that this quarrel soon would be settled.]

The World to Come

A third very important element in Anglo-Russian relations is the broader question of their approach to postwar reconstruction in Europe and the world.

Here much depends upon the talks now underway with Moscow. But the truth is that British and Russian attitudes are on the whole so different that it is doubtful whether one conference could succeed in co-ordinating them entirely.

The first step in the right direction was taken when both Governments agreed that it would be a mistake to try to divide Europe up into spheres of influence. To this extent there is a common approach to the main peace poblems.

But there are many differences The Russians, for instance, appear to be opposed to Federal groupings or confederations, either in the Balkans or in Eastern Europe, whereas the British, generally speaking, are in favor of such regional federations.

Conferences at Moscow Timed to Suit Hull

By the Associated Press

Moscow, Oct. 20

Russian officials, in deference to Secretary of State Cordell Hull's habit of working in the daytime, have changed their custom of holding diplomatic conferences late at night. They are scheduling sessions of the tri-partite meeting in the late afternoon.

Coast Maps Show Sabotage Scheme

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 20 (AP)—A series of maps forming the groundwork for what was termed "the most completely planned scheme of sabotage the world has ever seen" was laid Oct. 18 before a State Senate Committee inquiring into sentiment on proposals to permit Japanese to return to the West Coast.

The maps, described by State Senator Herbert W. Slater, purported to show that Japanese-controlled land, prior to Pearl Harbor, had been adjacent to Los Angeles Harbor, with its shipbuilding industry, as well as to "every air field, tank farm, refinery and radio station in this area."

Deputy District Attorney William A. Simpson, who explained the charts, said the Japanese leased land was across the highway from military installations at Fort MacArthur, and that the Japanese held property traversed by important lines of the Southern California Edison Company. The property consisted chiefly of farms, truck gardens and fishing bases.

Mayor Fletcher Bowron asserted that the Japanese, if allowed to return to the Coast, would be a perpetual threat as "fifth columnists."

Rickenbacker Film In Casting Stage

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20—Twentieth Century-Fox is going ahead with plans for a film biography of Capt. Eddie Rickenbacker, survivor of the war's most famous raft experience, despite protest from labor, it was announced today by Christy Walsh, associate producer.

Work on the film is now awaiting Captain Rickenbacker's approval of the script and selection of a cast, Mr. Walsh said.

A number of labor groups have protested against honoring the hero who was bitterly critical of strikes and other deflections on the home front after his miraculous rescue.

Franklin Roosevelt, Jr. Receives Slight Wound

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20 (AP)—Lieut. Franklin D. Roosevelt, Jr., executive officer on a United States warship, experienced a slight hand wound in action in the Mediterranean recently, Senator Richard B. Russell (D) of Georgia, told reporters yesterday.

"I heard about it while abroad and I know it to be true," said the Georgian, chairman of the five-man Special Committee which recently inspected world battle fronts, and a luncheon guest at the White House.

Ending Ban on Chinese Up in House

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20—The proposal to repeal the Chinese exclusion laws came to the floor of the House today, backed by an 8-to-4 vote of the Immigration Committee.

If the measure passes Congress as expected, 105 Chinese will be admitted to the United States each year on a par with Occidentals and about 45,000 foreign-born Chinese already in this country will become eligible for naturalization.

The move for repeal initiated last spring during the visit of Mme. Chiang Kai-shek by a group of former missionaries and other friends of China, recently won the support of President Roosevelt who said that China's contribution to the cause of decency and freedom entitles it to preferred status over other Orientals.

Objections to Bill

One objection expected to be raised against the bill during the House debate is that it places China in a favored position over other Asiatics, including Koreans and Hindus. On the other hand, it also will be pointed out that the bill does not give the Chinese 100 per cent immigration equality, since a European born in a non-quota country—in South America, for instance—would be eligible for non-quota admission to the United States, whereas a Chinese would come under the Chinese quota.

The bill before Congress provides that in selecting the 105 Chinese to be admitted to the United States each year, preference up to 75 per cent shall be given to Chinese born and resident in China, but all Chinese, no matter from what country they emigrate, would be under one quota.

Though there are about 45,000 foreign-born Chinese in the United States today, sponsors of the bill think it is unlikely that all will become citizens, because a large number never have been admitted for lawful permanent residence, a requisite for naturalization.

Other Laws Face Change

The bill before the House, introduced by Representative Warren G. Magnuson (D) of Washington, would amend about 15 laws passed between 1882 and 1913 for economic reasons.

Four Republican members of the House Immigration Committee filed an opposition report describing the bill as a "feeble gesture to do a futile thing at the expense of sound and long-established" immigration policy. They said immigration changes should await the return of American soldiers from the war.

Favoring repeal, Representative Noah M. Mason (R) of Illinois argued that increased trade with China, stimulated by better relations, will furnish jobs to thousands of ex-soldiers and ex-sailors.

"China is awakening from her long sleep," Mr. Mason told the House. "She is on the verge of an industrial revolution. She will need billions of dollars worth of machine tools after the war is over to help in her industrial development."

French Filch Messerschmitt

ALGIERS, Algeria, Oct. 20 (AP)—Six French officers, flying a "stolen" Messerschmitt, landed near Algiers and related how they had filched hidden fuel "liter by liter" to make an escape flight from a German field to Great Britain.

The group arrived from Croydon Field by way of Morocco, escorted by British planes, after their story was verified by a French colonel in England.

A lieutenant piloted the plane, which they spent several weeks repairing ostensibly for the Nazis to use. He was accompanied by a captain and other lieutenants.

The pilot said he was shot down in June, 1940, north of Düsseldorf and was taken prisoner after parachuting to earth. afterward he was placed with other officers in a plane repair shop where the Germans forced them to work on military craft.

Last July 5 the Germans gave them a Messerschmitt to repair. They worked the plane and reworked it. While they were stalling for time they pilfered as much gasoline as possible.

"We saved it liter by liter," they said. "In two months we had enough gasoline and oil."

At 8 p. m. Sept 29 they took off. Two hours and 15 minutes later they were welcomed by a "terrible" flak barrage near Croydon.

"Don't shoot! We are six French officers," the captain shouted to the defenders over the plane's radio. The antiaircraft fire ceased but English Spitfires arose and encircled the Messerschmitt.

Lacking papers and subject to extensive examination, the group finally met a French colonel who was a native of the same town as one of the fugitives. He verified their story and the group was sent to Algiers.

Rosenbaum's
Pittsburgh, Pa.
★
From the heart of America to the suffering people of the world
The
United War Fund

SCHMIDT'S Kumfort Shoes
Customer Satisfaction
Since 1875, Schmidt's customers have been "Satisfied Customers" . . . because here you are correctly fitted with Quality Shoes that are built to provide lasting comfort!

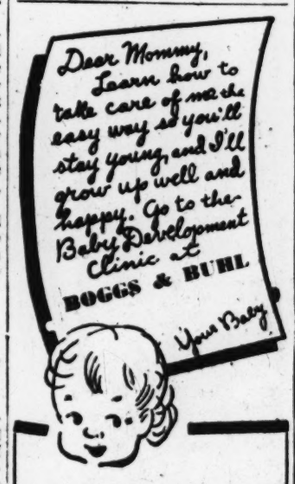
Miller's Foot Defenders, $9.95 up
Sizes 4 to 12—AAAAA's to EEE's
Ladies' Berkshire Hosiery
Tredmor 1⅝ Heel
Our customers may order by mail from our records of their size. Enclose ration coupon No. 18.
SCHOOLED FOOT FITTERS • CONVENIENT CREDIT
534 Smithfield St OPPOSITE OLIVER BLDG.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Guaranteed Cliffwood
FURS
$269*
INDIAN LAMB. Softer than caracul, silkier than Persian; dyed a clear, beautiful gray. Full length tuxedo, turn-back cuffs.
*Plus tax
FRANK & SEDER
SECOND FLOOR
PITTSBURGH, PA.

If the Article or Service you are seeking is not in this issue call
ATlantic 9418
Hours 9 a. m. to 12 noon daily except Saturday and Sunday
The Christian Science Monitor Advertising Information Bureau
PITTSBURGH, PA.

F. C. HINKEL & BRO. INCORPORATED
Flowers
Fresh from the Greenhouses
Plants Cut Flowers
Member of F. T. D. A.
Phone Wellington 2100
Greenhouses: East Bellevue Road
R. D. No. 7, Bellevue, Pa.
Downtown Displays
92 Allegheny Market Fairfax 8020
PITTSBURGH, PA.

PITTSBURGH, PA.
SERVICES WITHIN REACH OF ALL
Super THOROFARE Markets
VACUUM PACKED
NIBLETS BRAND CORN
12 oz. can 13
NORTHERN TISSUE roll 5
SODA CRACKERS 2 1 lb Pkgs. 25
LIFEBUOY SOAP cake 7
THOROFARE-STREAMLINE MARKETS


Dear Mommy,
Learn how to take care of me the easy way so you'll stay young, and I'll grow up well and happy. Go to the Baby Development Clinic at
BOGGS & BUHL
Your Baby
COME TO B & B BABY DEVELOPMENT CLINIC
October 25-30
Each day a different lecture to make child care easy.
Learn from Miss Yolande Price, R. N., the newest methods of raising baby. Moving picture today, "Babies Can Be Fun." Lectures at 11 a. m. and 2:30 p. m. Private consultation with nurse, if you have any special questions.
Boggs & Buhl
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Best Buy Any Day— WAR BONDS!
YOUR SEVEREST CRITIC.
A man can fly the stratosphere, lick ten times his weight in Japs, survive three weeks on a rubber raft.
But he can't fool the little lady!
She knows what's what! So, you'd better play safe and wear FASHION-TAILORED clothes. She'll spot their swank instantly.
She won't be jealous over the way they hug your neck. She'll applaud the nonchalant, sophisticated your neck. correct lapels . . . the tailoring, for! Remember, drapes—no TAILORED CLOTHES are 100% pure virgin wool. And the workmanship is tops.
Only Sears simple way of doing business makes them cost less. Save the difference and loan it to Uncle Sam—he needs it!
Fashion Tailored Clothes
$28.50 . . . . . $32.50
Fashion Tailored Student's Suits $21.50
SEARS, ROEBUCK AND CO.
★ EAST LIBERTY—328 N. Highland ★ NORTH SIDE—515 Sandusky
PITTSBURGH

The Home Forum

Above the Waves

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

A BEAUTIFUL picture appears in the Bible narrative of Jesus walking on the water, The account given in the fourteenth chapter of Matthew tells of the disciples toiling on a tempestuous sea, until in the fourth watch of the night—that darkest hour preceding the dawn—they saw Jesus walking toward them.

When the disciples were troubled at his appearing, their fears were quieted by these loving words, "It is I; be not afraid." Peter responded, "Bid me come unto thee on the water." Jesus said, "Come." So, today, the supporting Christ enables us to walk serenely above the waves of doubt and fear, for he bids us, "Come," turn from all mortal, material sense and rise to man's divine freedom.

Peter walked safely until he looked at the tossing waves and felt the boisterous wind, then he began to sink. This should teach us how to remain above the buffeting waters of mortal mind by beholding the Christly power that commands the waves. "Peace, be still," instead of fearfully watching the raging elements of evil manifested in hate, aggression, and destruction.

♪ ♪ ♪

Jesus was always compassionate and loving. His hand was ever outstretched to save and heal. Thus he lifted Peter up from the dark waters threatening to engulf him, and they went into the ship with the others.

What peace and comfort may be realized today by all those struggling in a tempest-tossed world, weary, discouraged with the strife, fearful perhaps of the outcome, if only a glimpse can be caught and retained of the Christ. Hazards of war may seem to combine with evil's self-assertive boast of power, but the Christ still walks the waves as on the Sea of Galilee, and with mighty power is stilling the tempest, delivering the children of men from perils and destroying their fears.

When in time of stress our human efforts seem unavailing, if we look away from all material ways and means we, too, may behold our deliverer close at hand, ready to save to the utmost. Did not God promise through his prophet Isaiah (43:2), "When thou passest through the waters, I will be with thee"? Even though the waves may have dashed over our craft, yes, though we may feel drenched with the turbulent elements of evil, yet the promise still stands, and our God is at hand and "the power of his Christ."

Mary Baker Eddy, the Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science, has written in "Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures" (p. 273): "Jesus walked on the waves, fed the multitude, healed the sick, and raised the dead in direct opposition to material laws. His acts were the demonstration of Science, overcoming the false claims of material sense or law."

Jesus walked confidently over the same turbulent waters that rocked the disciples' boat. The same waters, but viewed so differently! He not only stepped with authority over all physical laws, but he also surmounted the surging unrest of mortal thinking, the raging malice, ingratitude, animosity, and bigotry of his opponents, through the Christ which was his real being; and which is defined in Science and Health (p. 583) as, "the divine manifestation of God, which comes to the flesh to destroy incarnate error."

Jesus always expressed the triumphant Christ, his divine sonship, that eternal, deathless, invincible selfhood which he shared with all humanity in teaching us to pray (Matthew 6:9), "Our Father which art in heaven."

♪ ♪ ♪

Mrs. Eddy proved the power of God in her own healing, in which the unbroken continuity of God's law of life was revealed to her, and she too reached out lovingly to help the world. She has shown how all may find the ever-present Christ, and walk with faith and courage and calm trust even as she did. Through reading Science and Health numberless sufferers have been enabled to leave their sick-beds, rise above discouragement and fear, and attain happy, useful lives. Many who have found healing and regeneration in Christian Science humbly and gratefully echo her words in her beautiful poem, "Christ My Refuge" (Poems, p. 12):

"And o'er earth's troubled, angry sea
I see Christ walk,
And come to me, and tenderly,
Divinely talk."

Christian Scientists rejoice that they have learned to utilize practically the precious Bible promises of God's ever-present help, for Christian Science is based on the Bible and from it derives its divine authority.

Many proofs of God's protection are experienced today even in war-torn parts of the world. What proofs of divine power we all may see if we but cling resolutely to the truth of harmonious being when the troubled waves of sickness, fear, sin, and pain seem to rise higher and yet higher. We can indeed walk over this surging sea, supported by the same power that upheld Jesus and Peter, as we realize this Christly presence in whatever testing time we may experience. No matter what destruction evil's diabolical scheming may claim to accomplish, let us look to the ever-present Christ for support and courage, knowing that thus we, too, can walk safely over the threatening waves.

(In another column will be found a translation of this article into Spanish)

Prayer That Brings Results

At Casablanca, in the Southwest Pacific, and elsewhere, the world has been witnessing stirring examples of answered prayer.

Food, water, safety, greater effectiveness, and healing of sickness and wounds, have been acutely needed, and have come through prayer. Even skeptics, seeing the results, have been convinced.

What, broadly, is the meaning of these experiences? Is there a kind of prayer that can be counted on—that is definitely available and availing under all conditions? Can there be prayer without groping, without mystery, with certainty as to its results?

The answer to these questions, Christian Science shows, is an unqualified Yes. The words of the Founder of Christianity, "Ask, and ye shall receive"—words which bore no hint of an exception—are revealed in this teaching as a statement of pure Science.

There *is* a sure method of asking, and even children often use it.

The first chapter of the Christian Science textbook, Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures by Mary Baker Eddy, explains the spiritually scientific and unfailing prayer. Study of this great chapter—to say nothing of other portions of the book—has brought healing and increased dominion to countless thousands.

Science and Health with Key to the Scriptures is published by the Trustees under the Will of Mary Baker Eddy. It may be had in a beautiful and durable Pocket Edition in black, blue, or brown morocco leather at $5; a DeLuxe Edition in black or blue levant morocco or brown antique grain morocco leather at $7, and in various other editions at higher and lower prices. It may be purchased at Christian Science Reading Rooms everywhere or will be sent postpaid on receipt of remittance by

ALFRED PITTMAN
Publishers' Agent
One, Norway Street
Boston 15, Massachusetts, U. S. A.
Catalogue of all the works of Mrs Eddy sent free on request.

By Courtesy of the Fogg Museum of Art, Harvard University, to THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

A PRE-COLUMBIAN PAINTED COTTON CLOTH FROM PERU

THE TEXTILES made in Peru in pre-Columbian days are among the handsomest and most entertaining of aboriginal American handiwork. They reveal a taste for decorative and brightly colored costume. They disclose the variety of fibers accessible and used ingeniously by tribes in various locations. They show the exquisite colorings obtained from dyes skillfully extracted from mineral, animal, and vegetable sources. The patterns are informed, through symbols and stylized pictures, with the prevailing manner of belief.

The ornamented cloths of the Andean provinces have been preserved through the fortunate combination of burial customs and an exceedingly dry climate. The quantities of textiles brought to light in recent excavations show how dextrously the Peruvian natives worked on their looms, devising patterns which were brilliant and subtle. The tapestries and embroideries were wrought in wools of the native llama, alpaca, vicuña, and guanaco accessible in the highlands, while cotton was a product of the lowlands.

This is a portion of a Peruvian cloth which is believed to be of the Late Coastal Tiahuanaco style (about the beginning of the eleventh century). Unlike the better known Peruvian weaves, it is not tapestry or embroidery, but a plain-woven, cotton cloth that has been painted. The decoration was applied apparently with a flat or cylindrical mold, known as a cliché. It may have been made of wood, metal, or clay. Such block printing has been known elsewhere and is a process practiced today, continuing despite the speedier machine-applied design.

The pattern consists of repetitions, in diagonal rows, of figures of cats, condors, and terraced motives, probably inspired by tapestry weaves. In tapestry such motives would have resulted from the technical process, the interplay of warp and weft threads. The design in a painting or printing process can be freer. However, such borrowing of "limitations" of one medium by another, not bound by the same restrictions, is commonly encountered in decorative art. The squares in the original are less than an inch high and wide, and are consequently admirable for clarity.

DOROTHY ADLOW

Certain Domestic Theme Songs

MY FATHER HAD no ear for music, as far as we could ever discover, and this had the effect of excluding him from the nightly concerts in which we all took part. I doubt if he ever listened. Yet once or twice there were times when, to my great surprise, he actually broke into something like song. It was always when we were driving back along the leafy road from the town to our mountain, when something had happened to make him more than usually happy. The woods would be full of music at that hour, so that we moved through a dripping cascade of bird voices behind the rhythmic beat of flying hoofs. And Father would begin to carol the one song he remembered from his college days in the eighties:

"Ahoy, ahoy, oh, I'm your own dear boy,
I'm the lad with the auburn hair,
My name is Pat Malloy."

It really wasn't a very good song, according to our standards, but it seemed to satisfy him; and, strangely enough, he actually got the tune right. At least, we could recognize it. Evenings, when he drove home alone, the song heralded his coming. Mother pointed out that, in another age, it would have been a personal horn call.

♪ ♪ ♪

Once he told us that his little brother used to sing himself home through the dark woods, when he had gone on a visit to a distant uncle and had been kept late. And he always remembered the sound of that child's treble, coming nearer and nearer down the forest aisle, until at last the words, too, could be heard:

"Jerusalem, my happy home,
Would God I were with thee!"

Of course, the little fellow had no idea of the city he sang about. He thought only of a hearth fire, his brothers and sisters, the lamp-lit room. "O Mother dear, Jerusalem" meant the one who waited for him.

I think that hymn was especially dear to my father because it always brought back his brother, almost as if the child had become the song he sang. And, for us who had never seen him, it must have revealed what we might have missed if we had known the visible presence. The courage, the wistfulness, the innocence, the crystal-clear faith of the little boy had translated themselves into music that, for us, could utter no other affirmation so well.

♪ ♪ ♪

There were at that time a great many other songs that had come to be identified for us with people we knew. Nancy, our cook, certainly could not fry chicken or knead bread without the help of certain rhythmic strains, usually:

"O I run all de way,
I run all de way
To year dem angels shoutin'."

And Dorcas who did the churning in the farm below our house had a great fondness for:

"He rode through the vale in the dark
of the moon."

Sammy's father, who supplied us with wood, always brought it down the trail to the whistled tune of a jig he played on the fiddle at every mountain dance. He hadn't composed it, but it was the one necessary accompaniment to his quick, restless gait; hence, in our ears, part of his unique individuality.

It wasn't until I began to read that I learned this habit of identification had been going on for a long time, so long that hardly anybody ever remembered its original purpose. There on the thickly-forested mountain, where one could hear a music-making stranger approaching long before he could be seen, the practicality of so announcing one's self became plain, and literature came to life. How delighted I was when I read of the debonair singer of:

"Who passes by this road so late?
Compagnon de la marjolaine—
Who passes by this road so late,
Always gay?"

And Trilby who became inseparable from:

"Malbrouk s'en va-t-en guerre,"

and Gilbert Parker's hero whose mood was, unforgettably:

"There is rest for the weary . . .
There is rest for you!"

Of course, the song lent a haunting glamor that was a kind of extension of life to all these personages, so that they return to memory whenever it is heard. We listen and name them, just as people now say: "There's Bing!" and are pleased with themselves for knowing it, almost as if the melody were a secret password to friendship.

♪ ♪ ♪

And, if it has happened that lovely bits from "L'après-midi" or some such classic are used to suggest soap or shoes or cereals, most of us don't really mind, do we? A great many more people have become acquainted with Debussy and Beethoven that way. And then, too, some of those airs, like my father's Pat Malloy, gain an extra charm because of the well-remembered voice.

Maybe the lovers of "serious music" take it too seriously, as if it were a personal possession which might be hurt by too much handling. I don't believe music, or even a common little tune, can be worn out or really injured. It has a life of its own, quite immune from any kind of wear or corruption; and, no matter how we make use of it, we can never harm it or add or detract from it for long. After a while, it will escape into the future, to sing itself back into the ears and hearts of a new generation. And, perhaps, to mean more than it ever did before.

ELAINE WESTALL GOULD

There Shall Be Singing

While beauty lives in willow trees,
There shall be singing.
There shall be leaves of willow, ringing
Their own wind bells
Until the autumn air is mellow,
And cool bright notes of yellow
Drift downward into silence.
Then, branches pendulous and slim,
That care not if the clouds are grim,
Shall gladly be symphonic strings
For winds to use, that winter-long,
Shout a virile song.

ELIZABETH CRAWFORD YATES

POR ENCIMA DE LAS OLAS

Traducción del articulo sobre la Ciencia Cristiana publicado en ingles en esta pagina

APARECE en la Biblia un hermoso cuadro relativo a Jesús caminando sobre las aguas.

El relato, que aparece en el capitulo catorce de Mateo, nos dice como los discípulos se afanaban en el tempestuoso mar, hasta la cuarta vela de la noche—la hora más obscura que precede al amanecer—cuando vieron a Jesús venir hacia ellos.

Cuando los discípulos se turbaron con su aparición, sus temores se calmaron con estas tiernas palabras: "¡Yo soy; no tengáis miedo!" Pedro respondió: "Si tú eres, manda que yo vaya a tí sobre las aguas." Jesús dijo: "Ven." Así hoy, el Cristo sustentador nos capacita para caminar serenamente por encima de las olas de la duda y el temor, pues él nos dice: "Ven," vuélvete de todo sentido mortal, material, y levántate a la libertad divina del hombre.

Pedro caminó sin peligro hasta que miró las encrespadas olas y sintió el borrascoso viento; entonces empezó a hundirse. Esto debiera enseñarnos á permanecer encima de las azotadoras aguas de la mente mortal contemplando el poder del Cristo que ordena a la ola: "¡Calla! ¡sosiégate!" en vez de mirar temerosamente los enfurecidos elementos del mal manifiestos en odio, agresión y destrucción.

♪ ♪ ♪

Jesús siempre fué compasivo y cariñoso. Su mano siempre estaba extendida para salvar y curar. Por eso levantó a Pedro de las obscuras y amenazadoras aguas que le engolfaban y ambos entraron en el barco con los demás.

Cuánta paz y consuelo pudieran lograr hoy todos aquellos que luchan en un mundo agitado por la tempestad, cansados, desalentados con la lucha, temerosos quizá del resultado, si solamente echasen un vistazo al Cristo y lo retuviesen. Los riesgos de la guerra parecen combinarse con el jactancioso poder que el mal afirma tener, pero el Cristo todavía camina sobre las olas como en el Mar de Galilea, y con eficaz poder está acallando la tempestad, salvando de los peligros a los hijos de los hombres y destruyendo sus temores.

Cuando en tiempos de angustia nuestros esfuerzos humanos parecen ser sin provecho, si quitamos la mirada de todos los modos y medios materiales nosotros, también, podemos contemplar a nuestro libertador muy cercano, listo para salvar hasta lo sumo. ¿No prometió Dios por medio de su profeta Isaías (43:2): "Cuando pasares por las aguas, estaré yo contigo"? Aun cuando las olas se estrellen contra nuestra embarcación, sí, aunque nos sintamos inundados por los elementos turbulentos del mal, sin embargo, la promesa permanece todavía, y nuestro Dios está a la mano, y "la soberanía de su Cristo".

Mary Baker Eddy, la Descubridora y Fundadora de la Ciencia Cristiana, ha escrito en SCIENCE AND HEALTH WITH KEY TO THE SCRIPTURES (CIENCIA Y SALUD CON CLAVE DE LAS ESCRITURAS), p. 273: "Jesús caminó sobre las olas, alimentó la multitud, curó a los enfermos y resucitó a los muertos en directa oposición a las leyes materiales. Sus actos fueron la demostración de la Ciencia que vence las falsas pretensiones del sentido o ley materiales."

Jesús caminó confiadamente sobre las mismas aguas turbulentas que mecían la embarcación de los discípulos. Las mismas aguas, pero vistas tan diferentemente! El no solamente pisoteó con autoridad todas las leyes físicas, sino que también venció la embravecida agitación del pensamiento mortal, la furiosa malicia, ingratitud, animosidad y el fanatismo de sus oponentes, por medio del Cristo que era su ser real y el cual se define en SCIENCE AND HEALTH (p. 583) como: "La divina manifestación de Dios, que viene a la carne para destruir el error encarnado."

Jesús siempre expresó el Cristo triunfante, su filiación divina, aquella entidad que es eterna, inmortal, invencible, de la cual él hizo partícipe a toda la humanidad al enseñarnos a orar (Mateo 6:9): "Padre nuestro, que estás en los cielos".

♪ ♪ ♪

La señora Eddy probó el poder de Dios en su propia curación, en la cual le fué revelada la inquebrantable continuidad de la ley divina de la vida y ella, a su vez, amorosamente extendió su mano para ayudar al mundo. Ella ha demostrado que todos podemos hallar al Cristo siempre presente y caminar con fe, valor y tranquila confianza como ella lo hizo. Por medio de la lectura de SCIENCE AND HEALTH un sin número de personas que sufren han sido capaces de dejar sus lechos de dolor y levantarse por encima del desaliento y el temor hasta llegar a ser felices y vivir una vida útil. Muchos que han hallado curación y regeneración en la Ciencia Cristiana humildemente y con gratitud repercuten las palabras de su hermoso poema, "Cristo Mi Refugio" (Poemas, p. 12):

"A Cristo veo caminar
y viene a mí,
por sobre el torvo y fiero mar;
su voz oí."

Los Científicos Cristianos se regocijan de haber aprendido a utilizar prácticamente las promesas de la Biblia de la ayuda de Dios siempre presente, pues la Ciencia Cristiana está basada en la Biblia y de ella deriva su divina autoridad.

Muchas pruebas de la protección de Dios se experimentan hoy aun en partes del mundo destrozadas por la guerra. Cuán grandes pruebas del poder divino podemos todos ver si resueltamente nos asimos a la verdad del ser armonioso cuando las agitadas olas de la enfermedad, el temor, el pecado y el dolor parecen elevarse más y más. Podemos sin duda caminar sobre este embravecido mar, sostenidos por el mismo poder que sostuvo a Jesús y a Pedro, cuando nos damos cuenta de la presencia del Cristo en cualquier tiempo de prueba por que podamos pasar. No importa cual sea la diabólica destrucción que el mal intente llevar a cabo, volvámonos al Cristo siempre presente en pos de ayuda y valor, sabiendo que así nosotros, también, caminaremos con seguridad sobre las olas amenazadoras.

Información respecto a la literatura de la Ciencia Cristiana publicada en este idioma puede obtenerse dirigiéndose a la Casa Editorial de la Ciencia Cristiana: The Christian Science Publishing Society, Boston, Massachusetts, E. U. A.

On Italian Primitives

THE FOURTEENTH CENTURY Italian painting at large may be fairly illustrated from the work of Giotto. No artist surpassed him in technical proficiency during the entire century. He was never surpassed in solemnity, in seriousness, in religious feeling, and in original power. The artists of his time were frequently his equals and worthy rivals in individual works. The fourteenth century painting has then these following general qualities. It did not attempt facial portraiture, it did not elaborate backgrounds or landscape details, it did not attempt perspective. The action and gesture are treated with more or less success, according to the individual genius and talent. The idea was the main thing. The artist was satisfied when he had conveyed it, and the public was satisfied when it grasped it. — From "Roman and Medieval Art," by W. H. GOODYEAR, M. A. (1893.)

Goethe in the Role of Prophet

FEBRUARY 21, 1827—Dined with Goethe. He spoke much, and with admiration of Alexander von Humboldt, whose work on Cuba and Colombia he had begun to read, and whose views as to the project for making a passage through the Isthmus of Panama appeared to have a peculiar interest for him. "Humboldt," said Goethe, "has, with a great knowledge of his subject, given other points where, by making use of some streams which flow into the Gulf of Mexico, the end may be perhaps better attained than at Panama. All this is reserved for the future, and for an enterprising spirit. So much, however, is certain that, if they succeed in cutting such a canal that ships of any burden and size can be navigated through it from the Mexican Gulf to the Pacific Ocean, innumerable benefits would result to the whole human race, civilized and uncivilized: But I should wonder if the United States were to let an opportunity escape of getting such work into their own hands. It may be foreseen that this young state, with its decided predilection to the West, will, in thirty or forty years, have occupied and peopled the large tract of land beyond the Rocky Mountains. . . . In such a case, it would not only be desirable, but almost necessary, that a more rapid communication should be maintained between the eastern and western shores of North America, both by merchant-ships and men-of-war, than has hitherto been possible with the tedious, disagreeable, and expensive voyage around Cape Horn. I therefore repeat that it is absolutely indispensable for the United States to effect a passage from the Mexican Gulf to the Pacific Ocean; and I am certain that they will do it."—From "Conversations of GOETHE with ECKERMAN."

Indispensable

to Joyous and Rapid Progress

A great inspiration and help are the Christian Science periodicals established by MARY BAKER EDDY, Discoverer and Founder of Christian Science. They are the organs of The Mother Church, The First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, Massachusetts.

The Christian Science Journal
"Designed to put on record the divine Science of Truth" (The First Church of Christ, Scientist, and Miscellany, p. 353, by Mary Baker Eddy). Each monthly issue brings metaphysical articles, editorials, testimonies of healing, and an authoritative directory of Christian Science Churches, Societies, Reading Rooms, Practitioners, Teachers, and Nurses. Price, one year, $3.50; single copy, 35c.

Christian Science Quarterly
Contains the Lesson-Sermons, studied daily by Christian Scientists, and read at the Sunday services throughout the world. Published four times a year in English; and in seven languages with English on alternate pages. Price, one year, $1.00; single copy, 25c. Monthly in Braille. Price, one year, $2.50; single copy, 25c.

Christian Science Sentinel
"To hold guard over Truth, Life and Love" (ibid.). Published weekly. Carries short articles, editorials, testimonies of healing, and timely information about the Christian Science movement. Price, one year, $3.50; single copy, 10c.

The Herald of Christian Science
"To proclaim the universal activity and availability of Truth" (ibid.). Published monthly in German and in French editions, alternate pages of English. Price, one year, $2.00; single copy, 20c. Quarterly in Scandinavian, Dutch and Braille editions, $1.00 a year; single copy, 25c.

The Christian Science Monitor
"To spread undivided the Science that operates unspent" (ibid.). A daily newspaper for all the family. Price, one year, $12.00; three months, $3.00; single copy, 5c.

These periodicals may be purchased at any Christian Science Reading Room or ordered direct from The Christian Science Publishing Society, One, Norway Street, Boston 15, Mass., U. S. A.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1943

Zero Hour on Pacific: How U.S. Flat Top Launched Attack on Wake

U.S.-No. Africa Plan to Resume Private Trade

These new transactions will be supervised by United States agencies on strict terms.

By Egon Kaskeline

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

Commercial transactions between French North Africa and the outside world have been carried out exclusively by United Nations' economic agencies while private business has been eliminated. French business circles in this country represented by the French Chamber of Commerce have vigorously denounced this policy which they hold partly responsible for the lasting economic difficulties in the liberated territories.

Today, however, according to Washington dispatches, the State Department is discussing a plan with the French authorities which would enable American importers to enter into purchase agreements with North African exporters. These private transactions, although supervised by United States agencies, would be concluded on strictly business terms. They would be channeled through the U. S. Commercial Company and the individual traders would communicate with this agency or with regional offices of the Department of Commerce.

Ores Shipped

It is to be hoped that execution of this plan will stimulate American trade with North Africa and, by this, improve the strained supply situation in the French colonies. So far the United States has received manganese and other ores from North Africa while phosphates and iron ores have been shipped to Great Britain. Resumption of private trade is likely to enlarge the number and quantity of goods exchanged.

The "North African Economic Board" was organized by the Allies to handle the problems of civilian supply to the liberated territories in North Africa. Headed by Maj. Gen. Humfrey M. Gale, the board works in close contact with the economic services of the French Committee of National Liberation. The ultimate aim of the Allies is not only to secure essential food and other supplies for the civilian population in North Africa but to build up stock-piles of food and raw material which can be used to bring relief to the peoples of liberated European countries.

North Africa is potentially a rich colony and, in prewar years, it exported important quantities of food and raw materials, especially phosphates and iron ores, to the mother country. Even during the first eight months of this year, almost 500,000 tons of phosphates and 150,000 tons of iron ore have been exported to Great Britain while the United States received cobalt and manganese from Morocco.

Cereal Crops Good

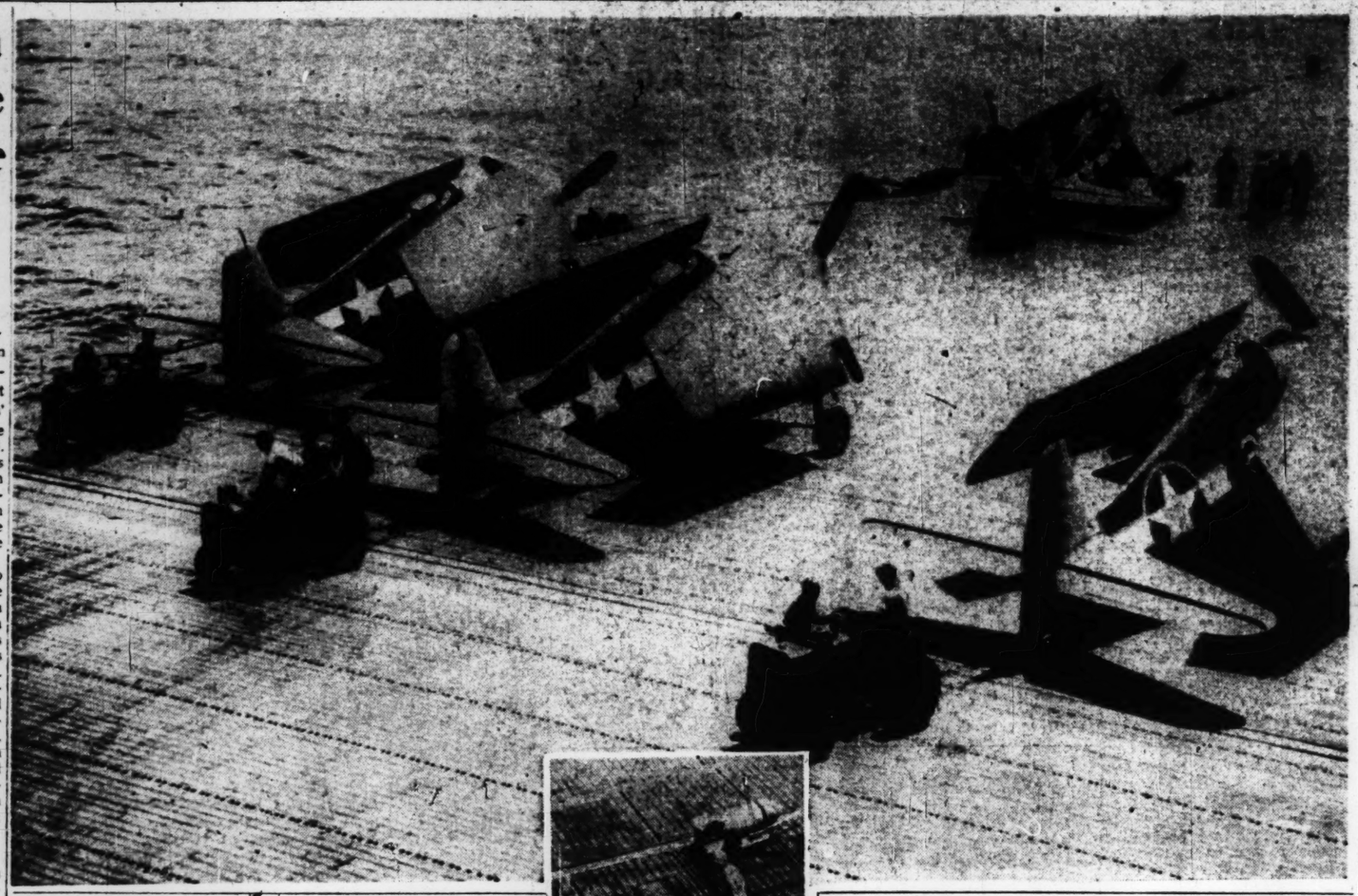
The food situation is likely to improve in the coming months. The 1943 cereal crops have been good and will not only provide for the needs of the North African population but will leave a surplus of 400,000 to 500,000 tons, available for exportation abroad. However, the lack of other food articles as meat, dairy products, vegetables and fruits is still appalling.

Main obstacle to the North African economic recovery is the strain on Allied shipping space. Opening of the Mediterranean Sea lane made hundreds of thousands of tons of Allied shipping space available for new assignments. However, very important amphibious operators, the conquest of Sicily, and the invasion of the Italian mainland, were decided by the Allied High Command. The stream of military supplies to Allied fighting forces has to be kept up while food and vitally needed medical products must also be sent to the population in the newly conquered areas.

More Freighters

This means that despite the victorious termination of the African campaign, shipping space available for shipment of civilian goods to North Africa had rather decreased in recent weeks. During the coming months shipping conditions are likely to improve as the Allies have succeeded in greatly reducing the German submarine menace and in building numerous new freighters.

Distribution of consumers' goods among the inhabitants is also hampered by the use of the North African railway and of other transportation facilities for military transports. René Meyer, French Commissioner for Transportation, pointed out that the internal transportation system of the North African colonies has been strained to the breaking point and that 80 per cent of the railway traffic has been military. The almost exclusive use of the main branches of the North African railroads for military transports and army supplies has greatly disturbed the civilian economy because only very small quantities of fuel are available for civilian road transportation. Moreover, most of the trucks and other civilian vehicles in North Africa are in poor condition and should have been replaced some time ago.



Associated Press from United States Navy

Battle Preparations

Upper: Four baby tractors each tow their load of the Navy fighter plane, the Hellcat, about the flight deck of an American aircraft carrier. Lower: Seamen roll out 1,000-pound bombs.

Navy Fliers Nonchalant As Big Test Approaches

Activity and noise fill hangar and flight decks as crew of carrier speed fighting planes from storage quarters to battle stations and thence on their way to surprise Japanese garrison.

This vivid description of scenes aboard an aircraft carrier in the last minutes before the start-off on a great raid comes from The Christian Science Monitor's correspondent, whose stories of the raid on Wake Island, as witnessed from the cockpit of a dive-bomber, were published in these columns Oct. 12 and 13. The account of the last-minute instructions to the quiet, armchaired pilots in the ready room, the pandemonium below on the hangar deck as engines are tuned up and tiny tow trucks scud around getting the planes in position, and finally the split-second take-off takes the reader into the innermost life of the carrier at a supreme moment.

By Gordon Walker

Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor
Accredited to the United States Naval Forces in the South Pacific

ABOARD AN AIRCRAFT CARRIER ATTACKING WAKE ISLAND, Oct. 5. Delayed—It is a few hours before dawn and the men of carrier "X"—one of the Pacific Fleet's newest flat tops—are rushing about in the darkness, preparing for the attack which is about to begin.

There is contrast with the night before, when all had been tranquil and informal.

In the wardroom, officers had lounged after dinner, talking of their families, the weather, and the coming battle.

They had recalled proudly how the captain had pushed the ship into commission four months ahead of schedule, loading provisions and starting the turbines before the chocks had been pulled from under the hull and the dry dock flooded.

Talked of Battle

They had talked about a previous battle, when they had sneaked inside the Japanese air search routes and began dropping bombs on Marcus Island before the startled defenders knew what was happening.

We had done the same thing on this mission; only this time we had crept in with the most powerful task force so far concentrated in the Pacific, to within close range of Wake Island without being spotted by a single enemy snooper.

On the hangar deck last night the crew's swing band had been blaring forth "hot rhythm" to a swaying and stomping audience which at that moment didn't care much if one of the strongest Pacific bases was only a few miles away.

In the ready room, just under the flight deck, pilots sprawled in leather-upholstered chairs, their legs thrown over the arms. The squadron commander might have been giving night-before instructions for a home-town football game, rather than briefing crack fighter and bomber pilots for what was to be one of the biggest carrier-borne air strikes.

Trouble for Japanese

"We'll start off by dropping a few eggs on that administration building at Heel Point," he had said.

"I want you to lay them down before that Nip commander gets a chance to get his nightshirt off.

"Then I want one of you birds to make a low run and see if you can't put a few curves in that coastal gun at Peacock Point.

"The AA will be plenty hot.

"And remember, if you have to bail out, pick a nice easy spot far enough from the island so the 'cans' can run in and pick you up without coming in range of the big guns on shore."

The callous reminder of dangers apparently had been laughed off. These youngsters had long since pondered their dangerous job. They knew what it meant, but outwardly they seemed far more serious about the acey-deucy games that had started up.

Now it was only an hour to take-off time, and the night take-off from a rolling carrier deck and the rendezvous in the dark with the planes from other ships is one of the most hazardous operations aboard a carrier.

There is still an air of jaunty nonchalance, as pilots adjust 'chute packs, strap hunting knives to their legs, and jot down navigation notes on their plotting board.

"Don't take number 34," someone shouted, "her gas gauge shows full all the time." Everyone laughed. A few are sitting back in chairs seriously munching sandwiches. All appear calm, relaxed, and ready.

Down on the hangar deck the scene is different. It is a bedlam of activity.

Lights are extinguished. Closely packed warplanes begin to sputter and cough, then settle down to an even roar as engines warm up.

It is pitch dark down there in that roaring inferno, yet deck crews race among the whirling propellers as though they weren't there, pushing planes one by one on to the elevators.

Up on the flight deck another crew works in the dark, pulling planes off the elevators as they shoot up, and hauling them back to the stern of the ship.

Bedlam on Flight Deck

The flight deck is like Times Square on New Year's Eve. Hundreds of men in yellow flight caps run about, shouting orders above the roar of motors.

Jeeps and tiny trucks weave in and out at top speed, their horns adding to the clamor. Up to a plane they race, stop only long enough for a seaman to hook on to the tail piece, an then whisk it down the length of wooden deck to its berth at the stern.

Long and careful teamwork training has taught these men how to move six-ton aircraft as though they were baby carriages. For when a carrier goes into battle, the slightest delay in shifting planes may spell loss of aircraft or even the ship itself.

When a plane comes circling into the deck for a landing, it is hooked to a tow car almost before its landing speed is braked. It must be rushed forward to the parking area to clear the deck for the plane which is coming in just behind.

When all have landed, they are rushed back to the stern again to be ready for instant take-off if an emergency should arise. Damaged planes must be lowered to the hangar deck for repair, lest they get in the way.

When Minutes Count

All this must be completed in minutes, for a carrier is most vulnerable when it is recovering aircraft.

Everything is ready now, and the giant flat top swings around into the wind.

Crews crouch in the catwalks at the edge of the deck. Pilots begin filing out of the "island" to their waiting planes.

Up on the bridge the air officer looks at his watch, and then leans over to signal below. On the flight deck a plane moves out, its wings unfolding like an eagle stretching for flight, as it taxies to the starting line.

A starter close by waves an illuminated stick in circles as the pilot "revs" up his engine to take-off speed. When the starter thinks the engine sounds just right, the flag shoots down.

The plane rolls forward, at first slowly, then gathering speed in a roaring dash down the black deck in a trail of exhaust flashes. Its tail lifts, and even before it reaches the end of the deck, it is air-borne.

Another Plane on Line

Hardly has it turned from the ship's course when the starter is coaxing another plane up to the line, backing up and signaling with his hands to maneuver the bulky giant to the correct position.

Planes roar down the deck in quick succession. A lot depends upon the rapidity of a take-off in combat operation, for planes cannot be strung out over too great an area before they rendezvous.

The last plane leaves the deck, and high above the carrier exhaust sparks and running lights begin to merge in attack formation, gradually disappearing in the direction of the dim horizon.

The ship swings back into cruising position, and settles down to normal operation.

Some time later a bos'n's whistle shrills, and the ship's loudspeaker rasps:

"Now hear this: our aircraft have just reached their target and report no enemy fighters in the air nor any ground fire. The attack is proceeding according to schedule."

A cheer goes up all over the ship; the defenders of Wake Island have been taken completely by surprise.

Mussolini Ready to Quit Post? Graziani Hinted as Successor

BERN, Switzerland, Oct. 20 (AP)—A Budapest dispatch to the Swiss newspaper Gazette de Lausanne said today that Benito Mussolini had indicated his intention to resign as head of Italy's "Fascist Republican Government" and had asked the Directors of the Party in Berlin to name Marshal Rodolfo Graziani as his successor.

The dispatch said the former Duce never had left Germany although he was reported to have returned to Rome from Germany after his "liberation" by Nazi Parachutists. Italians in Budapest, the dispatch added, said that Mussolini had never actively participated in the new government, which was "against his heart."

Grandi in Portugal

CHIASSO, Switzerland, Oct. 20 (AP)—The Swiss Telegraphic Agency today quoted the Munich Radio as saying that Count Dino Grandi, former Italian Ambassador to Britain, was in the small village of Diana in Portugal.

The Portuguese Government has forbidden him to leave the locality, the broadcast said, adding that several other personalities were in exile there, including Gen. Auguste Nogues, former supreme commander of French Defense Forces in North Africa.

Sforza in Italy

LONDON, Oct. 20 (AP)—The Algiers Radio said Oct. 19 that Count Carlo Sforza, former Italian Foreign Minister and Senator, had arrived in Italy.

Sforza left Algiers after talks with American Minister Robert Murphy and Allied leaders.

Cheers Greet Exchange Ships For War Prisoners at Sweden

GOTEBORG, Sweden, Oct. 20 (AP)—Invalided British Tommies, Americans, Canadians, and Australians uproariously welcomed the transport Empress of Russia and the hospital ship Atlantis as they docked in the rain late yesterday in preparation for exchange of wounded war prisoners.

As tugs nosed the 17,000-ton Empress of Russia to the quay there was rapid-fire banter between the British crew and the British repatriates waiting aboard the German hospital ship Ruegen and in a train standing at the wharf siding.

"You're late," shouted one Tommy, pointing to his watch.

The British ships originally were due Oct. 18.

Soon choruses of "Roll Out the Barrel," "Carry Me Back to Blighty," and other favorites rang out.

A merchant sailor with a megaphone shouted across to the expectant Tommies, "Are we downhearted?"

"No," was the deafening reply.

"Shall we win?"

"Yes," was the thunderous answer.

Sixty of the 835 Germans who crossed from England on the Empress lined the ship's rail and seemed to enjoy the fun, occasionally breaking into wide grins.

It is expected the 5,173 British Empire wounded and 17 Americans here will be able to depart from Göteborg about 10:30 a. m., Thursday. The Germans probably will leave a few hours earlier. The departure will be dependent on word from the Swiss Red Cross that a contingent of wounded Germans—Berlin said 3,876—had been transferred by the Allies to Nazi hospital craft at Oran, Algiers.

Gripsholm Boarded

MORMUGAO, Portuguese India, Oct. 20 (AP)—Joyfully, 1,500 Americans and nationals of other Western lands who had been detained by the Japanese, boarded the exchange liner Gripsholm today, ate hearty American meals and settled down for the journey home after being exchanged for a shipload of Japanese.

They had been brought here on the Japanese ship Teia Maru after many months of internment or rigid surveillance.

American officials said the ship probably would sail Thursday after 2,400 tons of Red Cross cargo for distribution in internee and prison camps in Hong Kong, Manila, China and Japan, were transferred from the Gripsholm to the Japanese vessel.

French en Route

BARCELONA, Spain, Oct. 20 (AP)—A group of 850 Frenchmen left Barcelona last night for Madrid en route to southern Spanish ports where they will embark for North Africa.

While the dispatch did not say, at least some of the group presumably planned to join the French forces in North Africa to fight against the Axis.

Exchange in Spain

MADRID, Oct. 20 (AP)—An exchange of German and British disabled war prisoners will take place at Barcelona Oct. 28 or 29, the Barcelona correspondent of the Spanish news agency Cifra said today.

India Famine Takes Big Toll Despite Relief

NEW DELHI, India, Oct. 20 (AP)—Mortality in famine-stricken Calcutta is rising despite Government and private efforts to alleviate the situation, it was disclosed yesterday.

Statistics compiled by a Calcutta Corporation health officer showed 2,154 fatalities last week, compared with 1,927 the preceding week.

For the past five years the average weekly fatalities totaled only 573.

Famine is taking a toll in other sections of India also.

'Fifth Column'

Recorded by CBS

The Japanese "are stepping up their efforts to sabotage morale in India and to disrupt the country's war effort by 'fifth column' tactics and so the authorities have taken on new powers to meet this Japanese threat," the London Radio reported.

Capital punishment may now be imposed for offenses such as "hindering the armed forces, interfering with their loyalty, or passing on information to the enemy."

Wavell Sworn In

NEW DELHI, India, Oct. 20 (AP)—Field Marshal Viscount Wavell was formally sworn in today as Viceroy of India, succeeding the Marquis of Linlithgow, who has held the office since April, 1936.

Viscount Wavell arrived here Monday by Plane from Britain.

Hitler Seizure of South Tirol A Military-Political Gesture

By Ernest S. Pisko

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

By ordering German troops to occupy South Tirol, Hitler has erased a frontier which he himself, not so long ago, had declared to be "forever inviolable."

According to a Stockholm dispatch, the move had not only a military but also a political character. The seizure of the Provinces of Bolzano, Trento, and Belluno is not only to safeguard the lines of communication with German divisions in Northern Italy, but is also intended to symbolize that Austrian territory, ceded to Italy after World War I, has been returned to its former owner.

By this act Germany is concurring, although unwittingly, with the postwar policy of the British Government. As Prime Minister Winston Churchill told Commons last September, the Italian "Empire" has ceased to exist, and although this term referred primarily to Italy's colonial possessions, there is little doubt that a rectification of the Alpine borders is also planned.

Etsch Valley's Status

Such a prediction may be ventured, at least as far as the 60-mile stretch of the Etsch Valley—or as the Italians call it, the Upper Adige—from the Brenner Pass down is concerned. The southern part of the Provinces of Trento and Belluno will probably revert to Italy.

South Tirol proper, the Brenner-Bolzano region, has caused the Nazi Party a great deal of trouble during the last 20 years. The fanatics among Party members and among German Nationalists in general could never reconcile themselves to Hitler's renunciation of any German, or rather, Austrian, claim for the return of South Tirol.

In the early 20's it occurred frequently that the Führer's tirades about uniting all the German tribes were interrupted with shouts of "What about South Tirol?"

Oppression by Fascists

This question was justified, not only in view of the South Tirolians' undisputed ethnical character, but also in view of the oppression and persecutions to which those former Austrians were subjected by Fascist authorities.

When Hitler seized power, in 1933, every discussion of, or even allusion to, the South Tirolian problem was barred. The approximately 300,000 German-speaking inhabitants of South Tirol were sacrificed for the sake of Il Duce's friendship.

After the invasion of Austria, in March, 1938, the country was wild with rumors that Mussolini had agreed to return to Austria what had once been one of its most beloved provinces. However, on May 7 of that year, on occasion of his Rome visit, Hitler announced that he would regard the Brenner line as "the definite separation of the living spaces of the two nations [Germany and Italy]," and he even bound the German people to look upon the "frontier of the Alps as forever inviolable."

In order to eliminate any possibility of friction that might arise from the German minority group right across the Reich's border, the two Axis Governments signed an agreement on Oct. 21, 1939, providing for the resettlement of the South Tirolians.

According to this agreement, all German nationals living in the Upper Adige region were compelled to move to Germany, while Italian nationals of German origin had the choice either to emigrate to the Reich or stay. In the latter case, they had to pledge themselves to become full-fledged Italians. Of the 300,000 persons belonging to the second group, more than 180,000 decided upon emigration.

Most of the emigrants were settled in the Austrian Provinces of North Tirol, Vorarlberg, Carinthia, and Styria. Some small groups have been reported resettled in Sudeten-Germany, Luxemburg, and Lorraine.

Contradicting Reports

No reliable data are available about the total of South Tirolians who left their homes since October 1939. The official figure, released in the spring of 1942, was 72,000, as quoted in the International Labor Office's recent study on The Displacement of Population in Europe.

The same source quotes contradicting German reports of last spring, admitting on one hand to the "difficult and troublesome" character of the resettlement of the South Tirolians, but asserting, on the other hand, that "much progress" was made in 1942.

It is safe to assume that the total of resettled German-Italians does not exceed 100,000 to date. This figure represents about one fourth of South Tirol's indigenous population. Its removal cannot have failed to disrupt the province's economic organization seriously, and to repatriate the emigrants would seem the logical thing to do. Yet it is doubtful whether such a step can be taken now, with the Reich's transportation facilities taxed far beyond capacity.

It is still more doubtful whether the emigrants will consent to returning home at a time when South Tirol has become one of the main targets of Allied air raids and the battle front is drawing uncomfortably close.

Status of Princess Debated

LONDON, Oct. 20 (AP)—Suggestions that Princess Elizabeth should be given more opportunity of mixing with the public and other young men and women of her age have been made in the House of Commons.

The subject came up yesterday during the second reading of the Regency bill to allow the Princess to become a Counsellor of State when she reaches the age of 18 next year instead of waiting until she is 21.

Laborite Arthur Greenwood proposed that her education should be conducted in association and co-operation with others of her own age "so that she might fulfill her responsibilities with knowledge and experience of life."

"It is the desire of the King and Queen that Princess Elizabeth should have every opportunity of gaining experience in the duties which would fall on her in the event of her accession to the throne," said Home Secretary Herbert Stanley Morrison.

Threat of Famine Hangs Over Greece

By the Associated Press

Istanbul, Turkey, Oct. 20

A repetition of the 1941 famine during which thousands perished appears in prospect for the Greeks this winter unless their country is freed quickly from the Nazis or new and larger shipments of relief food are sent to them.

Swept by enthusiasm over Allied victories in North Africa and Sicily, the Greeks threw stocks of hoarded foodstuffs on the market in the belief that they would be liberated before the winter, according to information reached here.

This was said to have exhausted their last reserves and they now face the winter months with insufficient clothing and fuel.

Japan Now 'Liberates' India

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20—Japan is now extending its strategy of setting up puppet regimes to India, according to a Domei (Japanese News Agency) dispatch from Singapore made available by the Office of War Information today.

According to the item, which was broadcast from Tokyo, a provisional government of India will be set up tomorrow (Thursday) under the presidency of Subhas Chandra Bose, leader of the puppet "Indian Nationalist" Movement. It is announced in advance that immediately upon its formation the new "government" will declare war on Britain and the United States.

Recently, Chandra Bose has been capitalizing on famine conditions in his home province of Bengal by offering to send 100,000 tons of rice from Burma into India if the British would let it pass on his terms. The Japanese have suggested that Bose's army would bring the rice with them when they "liberated" India.

The new move to set up a puppet Indian Government follows the Japanese policy of granting spurious "independence" to Burma and the Philippines and fake "participation in the Government" to natives of the Indies, Malaya and British North Borneo.

In Burma, the new regime was also followed by an immediate declaration of war, and in the Philippines by a military alliance with the Japanese within a few hours.

The Indian move is aimed at blunting the offensive which Japan says she momentarily expects to be unleashed on Burma by the Allied armies in India. It is of a piece with Chandra Bose's threat to oppose any invasion from India by an Indian army of his own 300,000 strong.

This puppet army has failed to materialize, however, judging from Bose's defensive statements in recent weeks. On Aug. 15 he threatened to invade India "in two months." But on Oct. 5 he reversed his stand in a Singapore radiocast and said that "it may require at least one year or more before the Indian National Army will set foot in India proper."

Belated Credit Given Tech For Crew Win Over Harvard

By Gordon Campbell
Staff Writer of The Christian Science Monitor

A bit belated, perhaps, but none the less sincere is this corner's tribute to a bunch of boys whose efforts in their particular sport have gone practically unnoticed in the local press.

Perhaps you saw them this fall, sliding forward and back in their eight-oared, shell, their glistening sweeps rising rhythmically as late afternoon descended on the Charles. They were the Massachusetts Institute of Technology crew, and if you did happen to see them, you were looking at the best M. I. T. crew in history.

If times were normal you would have had a more intimate sight of them, for their pictures would naturally have made every paper in the city. Times being what they are, however, the boys rowed practically for themselves.

Probably Hurt

The fact that they received no acknowledgment for their deeds probably hurt a little, for no one likes to do a good job and go unrewarded. If it weren't that they realized that in the end the sport is bigger than all the publicity ever given it, chances are they might be tempted to wonder if the grueling season was worth all it cost.

The boys worked hard. Their coach, little Bobby Moch, will tell you that. They gradually brought their times down for the Henley Distance to the point where they are the school's record holders in trial runs. And then, to cap the climax, the varsity defeated Harvard for the first time in history.

There may be someone whose crew records go back further than those kept at the Institute, but never in anyone's knowledge around Cambridge have the Engineers outrowed the Crimson varsity. This year's crew did it, though, and more than that it came within a second of tying the mile and five-sixteenths course record of 6:40.

Of course Coach Moch had a lot to do with bringing this crew to its present point of efficiency. But Bob will tell you that he had the boys this fall, and that they had the spirit, and that their captain and No. 7 man, Langdon Flowers, provided the inspiration.

Big Crew

The varsity boat was a big one, for crews around here, with none of the oarsmen going under six feet. Flowers himself is six feet one and weighs 175 while the others range around him. Al Bowen at stroke is 6-4 and weighs 185; Bill Kalb at No. 6 is 6-2 and 178; Bob Cook at No. 5 is 6-3 and 188; Doug Russell at No. 4 is six feet even and 186; Jim Hoaglund at No. 3 is 6-2 and 183; Chick Street at No. 2 is 6-6 and 166, and Jim Hield at bow is six even and 174. Coxswain was Austin Dodge, who seemed even smaller than he is when ranged alongside of these stalwarts.

The varsity win over Harvard of course was the big event of the fall, but some of the other M. I. T. boats could also boast of victories over the Crimson. The Engineer third varsity beat the Harvard freshmen; the jayvees beat the Crimson jayvees by a length and a half, and the Tech light and heavy freshman crews rowed a dead heat in defeating the Harvard freshmen. Only crew to lose to Harvard was the lightweight, which bowed by one-half a length.

By a Staff Photographer
Bobby Moch

Moch, whose freshman crew coach at the University of Washington was Harvard's Tom Bolles, who is now in the Navy, said that the boys deserved all the credit for whipping themselves into shape despite a practice time which was only half of what they had a year ago. "They really went to it," he declared, "and they deserve everything they got."

Bob, who stands but five feet seven, was cox on the University of Washington's Olympic championship crew of 1936. He took over at M. I. T. in 1940 when he came East to study law at Harvard Law School. Today he is a practicing lawyer in downtown Boston.

Next spring he again hopes to be a practicing coach on the Charles.

Gordon Not Taken Seriously About Retirement Move

EUGENE, Ore., Oct. 20 (AP)—Joe Gordon again says he is through with baseball, but no one takes him seriously.

The New York Yankee second baseman is home from his sixth season in the majors obviously tired and discouraged from a season that was not too successful despite his three new fielding records in the recent World Series.

Queried about next season, he said:

"There won't be any spring training, and if there is I won't be there."

This was news to his boss, Manager Joe McCarthy, who said at his Buffalo, N. Y., home he has not heard from Gordon and neither has the club, adding that "I only know what I read in the papers."

Friends here took Gordon's statement lightly in view of last year. After being the "goat" in the World Series he indicated he would retire, but he came back for more.

Coast Guard Faces Bates At Lewiston

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW LONDON, Conn., Oct. 20—Fresh from its 7-0 victory over Rennselaer, Coast Guard Academy is pointing this week for its second encounter this season with Bates College at Lewiston, Maine. A month ago the Cadets beat the Bobcats 25-6 at New London.

This Saturday Bates should prove a far stronger unit than they were in that first meeting, for while they had several outstanding players, they were products of many different football systems and had no game experience together. Now, however, with four games under their belt, the Bobcats shoud be a far smoother aggregation.

Nearly Normal

The Coast Guardsmen, whose ranks have been depleted through injury ever since their opening game, will be nearly at full strength Saturday, with all players except Dan Rayacich, No. 1 wingback, and Phil Chance, best offensive end, ready to play. Back in the line-up after having been sidelined for varying lengths of time are Capt. Johnny Austin, Jack Dorsey, Warren Petterson, Stan Russell, and Bill Chandler.

Emphasis in Coast Guard practice sessions this week have been devoted mainly to polishing up the Cadet attack, with particular attention being given the tailbacks. Both Dorsey and Petterson are rusty on their assignments and timing because of their absence from the line-up.

In Rayacich's place again this Saturday will be Stan Russell, who scored the only tally against R. P. I., with Brad Ellerman as his understudy. Captain Austin at blocking back and Herb (Rocky) Lynch at fullback round out the backfield. Lynch has been practically an iron man performer the past month, and his stature as a college player has risen steadily.

Guards Stood Out

Like Lynch, Lilbourn Pharris and Ray Starbuck have been called upon to play most of the time for the Coast Guardsmen, and their work has stood out. Lieut. Commander Johnny Merriman, Cadet coach, believes the two are as good guards as any pair in New England this fall and that they could make their place on any team in the East.

At the tackles, Moindert "Dan" Boon, who has taken over the left tackle assignment since the first Bates game, has steadily improved, and veteran Joe Fehrenbacher, while not a spectacular player, is reliable and durable. Hall Goodbroad, at right end, continues to be a strong defensive flank and Bill Martin, his running mate, has turned in creditable performances in subbing for the injured Chance, although he lacks the latter's pass-receiving prowess. On these men up forward, including Don Crews at center, will depend the success of the Coast Guard offense and the team's ability to step flashy Bill Hennessy and the other Bates backs.

Loss of Leading Golf Pros Faced By Philadelphia

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 20 (AP)—The Philadelphia District faced loss of two of the country's leading golf professionals today, in sudden developments affecting Harold (Jug) McSpaden and Sammy Byrd, who battled for the unofficial 1943 championship at Chicago recently, with McSpaden the victor.

McSpaden has been called by his Winchester, Mass., draft board for his Army examination on Nov. 2, it became known last night, and friends revealed that he had asked the board to reconsider his 3-A classification and give him an early call.

Almost simultaneously, word came from Detroit that Byrd had agreed to succeed Jimmy Demaret as pro at the Plum Hollow Golf Club. Byrd said he already has submitted his resignation at the Merion, Pa., Golf Club, where he will end four years of service on Nov. 1. Demaret, who had resigned to take a new position at Houston, Texas, said yesterday he had been classified 1-A in the draft.

Discussing the reports that he had volunteered, McSpaden said, "I have not been reclassified 1-A. But it is true that I have asked to be called. I figure that if they want me, it's time I went."

He is married and the father of two small children. Last summer he added the Tam O' Shanter All-American open title to his long list of victories, while Byrd captured the Chicago Victory open. They were the only tournaments attracting nation-wide representation this year.

In a special match at Chicago Oct. 9-10, McSpaden defeated Byrd 141 to 149, to gain recognition as the year's unofficial champion.

McSpaden has been the professional at the Philadelphia Country Club for two years.

Hawks Buy Smith

MINNEAPOLIS Minn. (AP)—Manager Paul Thompson of the Chicago Black Hawks hockey team has announced the purchase of veteran center Clint Smith from the New York Rangers now in training at Winnipeg. The Hawks are training in Minneapolis.

Penn State Tries T

STATE COLLEGE, Pa., Oct. 20 (AP)—Pennsylvania State College will use the "T" formation for the first time in its football contest with the University of Maryland at College Park, Md., Saturday, Coach Bob Higgins said his team will be at full strength.

Cadet Iron Man

United States Coast Guard

Coast Guard Fullback

Practically an iron man this season has been Herb (Rocky) Lynch of the United States Coast Guard eleven at New London, Conn. Lynch, whose home is in Meadville, Pa., has borne the brunt of the Cadets' attack the past month as most of his backfield mates were sidelined through injury.

Notes on the Sports Front

NEW YORK, Oct. 20 (AP)—George Munger, Penn coach, says that if Bob Odell has missed a tackle in two years, he didn't see it, either on the field or in the game movies . . . Rattlesnake Matheson, Detroit Lions guard, claims that playing football is his vacation—even after five years in the big league . . . Wonder what the W. M. C., which okayed the Bears, would say in that case? . . . Word from the West is that Dick Bartell will manage the Oakland Pacific Coast League club next season.

♪ ♪ ♪

Carl Hubbell (back in Oklahoma): "When someone asks me where the Giants finished, I just tell him we finished in St. Louis and I was glad it was the end of the season."

♪ ♪ ♪

After appearing in two games, Bob Fenimore, the Oklahoma Aggies' 17-year-old freshman halfback, was called the best runner, best passer, best kicker, and best pass defender the Cowboys have had in some years.

♪ ♪ ♪

The New York hockey Rangers have signed three goalies for the coming season—21-year-old Ken McAuley and Don Murray and Elwin Rollins, both 17 . . . Apparently Boss Lester Patrick is thinking of last year, when he tried three netminders and still didn't find a good one . . . Reggie Root, who was fired from the Yale coaching staff recently, is back in harness as tutor at New Haven's Hillhouse High School and feeling pretty good about it . . . "I'm expecting to awake Christmas morning," grins Reggie, "and, for a change, go through my mail without finding a notice from Yale's Athletic Association informing me that effective July 1 my services no longer will be required." . . . The Butte, Mont., High School stadium has been named in honor of Lieut. Eso Naranche, former Montana State football star who was killed in action in Africa.

♪ ♪ ♪

Johnny Kelley, who was discharged from the Army this summer, has won the National A. A. U. 20 and 25-kilometer running titles, the New England 15-kilometer crown and wants to go to San Francisco for the 30-kilo run in November . . . Wonder if he was let out because he couldn't march . . . Army trainees Dick Wittenbraker, Warren Lewis, and Neil Funk, who helped Indiana earn second place in the Big Ten basketball race last spring, have been returned to I. U. and are helping to prepare freshmen candidates for the coming season . . . When Capt. Edward S. Mandel, former Penn State soccer star, uncovered a statuette of two booters at Palermo, Sicily, he sent it to the Penn State Alumni Association to be awarded to the Nittany Lions' outstanding soccer performer each year.

Sports Mirror

By the Associated Press

Today A Year Ago

Ohio State named leading football team in country in A. P. poll of sports writers. Georgia second and Alabama third.

Three Years Ago

Undefeated Washington Redskins beat Philadelphia Eagles, 34-17, for firth straight win in National Football League.

Five Years Ago

Joe Di Maggio declares at San Francisco that he's through with holdout tactics and expects to be among first in Yankees' spring training camp in 1939.

J. Frank Facey

J. Frank Facey, who passed on Monday, was well-known throughout the country in the field of amateur sports. For 45 years he had been secretary-treasurer of the N. F. A. A. A. U., and he was chairman of the National A. A. U.'s long-distance committee.

Bruins Starting To Take Form As Inaugural Nears

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

QUEBEC CITY, Oct. 20—Starting their second week of pre-season training and only 10 days away from their first league game, the Boston Bruins hockey squad, aside from a goaler to replace U. S. Coast Guardsman Frank Brimsek, is beginning to take shape.

Though Manager Art Ross refuses to commit himself on his forward line groups, and terms the combinations "experimental," the lines he has been using this week give some ideas on the way in which the Bruins might open the season. These lines are composed: first, Bill Cowley, c.; Art Jackson, l.w.; Herb Cain, r.w.; second, Don Gallinger, c.; Bep Guidolin, l.w.; Charles Scherza, r. w.; third, Joseph Schmidt, c.; Pat Powers, l.w.; Allan Rettinger, r.w.

Cain is a left-hand shot playing right wing in Bill Cowley's line, pending the reporting of Buzz Boll, who teamed with Cowley a year ago. Scherza, the right winger of Gallinger, is an amateur from Brandon, Man., who played with the Oshawa Junior team a year ago. The third line is composed entirely of amateurs.

The three possibilities in the Bruins new kid line are all teen agers. Joe Schmidt from Regina is 16 and last year played with the Regina Abbotts. He is a brother of Johnny Schmidt, who broke in with the Bruins last winter. Pat Powers is a 17-year-old six footer from Toronto, played last year with St. Michaels College, and is a son of the late Eddie Powers, noted coach. Allan Rittinger is a 17-year-old winger from Regina and the Abbotts.

The signing of John Wilkinson, former Ottawa amateur defense player, to a Bruins contract yesterday completes the Boston defense pairings. Wilkinson will team with Jack Crawford. Flash Hollett and Capt. Dit Clapper will play the other defense. Ross is still negotiating for an experienced goaler, but has not clinched a deal so far. It is reported that he may get Nick Damore of Hershey, who played one game for the Bruins on Jan. 25, 1942, when Brimsek was out with an injury.

Shore Has Plenty

HAMILTON, Ont., Oct. 20 (AP)—Manager Eddie Shore had so many players in uniform last night his coach needed a secretary to keep tab on them, but the Buffalo Bisons of the American Hockey League still lost their first exhibition game of the season, 8-3, to St. Catharine's Saints of the Ontario Hockey Association's Senior "A" League.

Buffalo Coach Art Chapman armed himself with a huge chart and called off the names of the youngsters, who filled the player bench to overflowing and fanned along the boards like rail-seat spectators.

New Brother Act

WINNIPEG, Oct. 20 (AP)—The New York Rangers of the National Hockey League have a fourth brother act in the making.

The latest brothers are Grant and Billy Warwick of Regina, who have been traveling at a fast clip in pre-season workouts here. In the past 18 years the Cooks, Bill and Bun; the Patricks, Lynn and Muzz; and the Colvilles, Neil and Mac, have been star brother combinations with the Rangers.

Tax-Subsidy Plans Meet Hot Protest

Continued from Page 1

over the country, to testify this week before the House Ways and Means Committee that higher taxes are essential to block inflation.

A completely different approach, however, has been taken by the National Association of Manufacturers. Before the same Committee its spokesmen argued against any present tax increases at all.

In fact, there is such a confusion of advice, counsel and approach to these kindred topics of taxes and subsidies that there seems difficulty of getting a majority for any constructive proposal.

Any Alternative Doubtful

While the possibility arises of knocking out the Administration's program on subsidies and taxes, the chances of substituting a strong alternative are in question.

Thus the Administration program calls for tax increases of $10,500,000,000 this year. Two-thirds of this would come from proposed higher income taxes, corporate and individual.

The Republicans' flat opposition, however, seemingly kills this proposal, as they are joined by enough Democrats to make a majority on the House Committee.

The Republicans declared.

"We believe that a further increase in taxation at this time would threaten the future solvency of American business and bring about the liquidation of the Middle Class which has always been the backbone of our country."

This is substantially the view of the N. A. M.

Opponents of the Administration plan for raising money are not united.

Many and Varied Opinions

One group argues that no new taxes are needed now. Another argues that sales taxes would be better than the Treasury proposals. Another argues that federal economies would solve the problem with minor tax increases.

As well as one can judge, the drive for a sales tax is diminishing in the House Committee. A flat 10 per cent federal sales tax, it is estimated, would raise $6,300,000,000. But advocates generally urge exemption of necessities, and articles already subject to excise taxes.

With these exemptions the possible income is substantially reduced. Thus, if food alone were exempted, it would take an all-round 15½ per cent sales tax on all other consumption articles to raise what a flat 10 per cent tax would produce including food.

Report Against Sales Tax

The Treasury submitted to the Committee the most extensive report yet made on the sales tax. The Treasury takes a strong stand against such a tax. Of all its variations, it appears to look with least disfavor on a graduated sales tax, though citing administrative difficulties in applying it.

The possibility of avoiding higher taxes by federal "economies" is popular with Congress.

Republican Leader Martin, for example, declared that there appeared to be no question of additional revenue "if the happy-go-lucky spenders of this Administration are allowed to go their merry way without restraint."

"We must curb wastefulness in the war effort as much as in the regular departments," Mr. Martin declared.

Nothing New in Waste Charge

The charge of New Deal extravagance is an old one. There is no reason to suppose that Mr. Roosevelt will vary previous retorts that 95 cents out of each present tax dollar now go to pay for the war, and that while efforts will be made for efficiency, a substantial cut in federal spending now really means a cut in the war effort.

Republicans made another important point.

Without any change in existing law, they declared, two tax increases take effect automatically next year, the carry-over of 12½ per cent from the 1942 tax, imposed in order to put the taxpayer on a pay-as-you-go basis, and the increase in social security taxes from 1 per cent on workers and employers to 2 per cent.

Here again there is no common ground. Treasury officials take the view that antiinflation need for increases is so urgent that more taxes are needed anyway; more specifically they say that the 12½ per cent carry-over charge came after cancellation of a much bigger tax under the Ruml Plan.

Navy's M-1 Blimp Ends First Tests

By the Associated Press

Washington, Oct. 20

The Navy's M-1 blimp, largest nonrigid airship, has completed its first test flights lasting five hours, the Navy announced, but no performance results are being released.

Built by the Goodyear Aircraft Corporation in Akron, Ohio, the Navy said, the M-1 "is half again as large" as the blimps now used for coastal patrol.

A distinctive feature is the car, nearly three times as large as those on the currently use blimps. Outriggers carry two Wasp engines and a blister below permits wider range of observation and use of armament.

Men Who Found Freedom Aid New York Bond Sale

Special to The Christian Science Monitor

NEW YORK, Oct. 19—An original manuscript by Albert Einstein and one of Thomas Mann are included in an exhibit of writings and compositions by European refugees who have found freedom in America, now on view at the New York Public Library at Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street and displayed in connection with War Bond Sales. The library, which is co-operating with the War Finance Committee for New York State, has extended the closing date of the exhibition to Nov. 1.

The Einstein manuscript is in German and included mathematical notes. A holograph copy of Thomas Mann's speech, "The Coming Victory of Democracy," is offered to the public for a minimum bid of $100,000 in bonds, with the privilege of donating it to the library. There is a penciled manuscript by Emil Ludwig shown along with original drawings for his book, "The Nile," done by Rafaello Busoni.

One of the original illustrations for a children's book, "You are," by Emmery I. Gondor, and the long-hand script of a Lion Feuchtwanger novel, the translated title of which is "The Ugly Duchess," are among the items. The motion picture world is represented by the typescript for the film, "Mission to Moscow," presented by Oscar Homolka.

Musical scores include Robert Stolz's composition, "Two Hearts in Waltz Time," and the manuscript for an orchestral score, "Scaramouche," by Darius Milhaud. An out-of-the-ordinary item is a postcard by Johannes Brahms with a written message to Otto Dessoff, conductor of the State Opera House in Vienna.

Reich Chiefs in Conference On War Crisis in Russia

Continued from Page 1

being compelled to undertake a comprehensive withdrawal along the whole of the line from near Leningrad to Odessa.

If the Russians, for example, are able to threaten Riga in the north the Germans may have to make a quick and large-scale retreat from Estonia and part of Latvia and concentrate their forces on that part of the line in Lithuania and on the earlier decided fortified line which has the Pripet Marshes as center portion.

Unfortunately for the German High Command, however, the Russian advance has been too fast and the weather soon to be too unfavorable for them to do much successful retreating "according to plan."

German strategists, thus faced with urgent necessity of shortening their lines, however, appear to lack the necessary transport. They have insufficient reserves to carry out the type of strong delaying rearguard actions that made successful their earlier withdrawals.

Russia's Strong Reserves

It is evident from a number of recent German statements that Berlin is greatly perturbed by Russia's ability to provide increasing numbers of reservec and continue an offensive so strongly and so long.

Allied military developments in Italy and the Balkans certainly offer Field Marshal Keitel and his collaborators little grounds for optimism.

Nor for that matter do they inspire Nazi party leaders to greater efforts on the home front. For they have no military victories to offer the public nor can they guarantee alleviation at home from Allied bombings.

Under such conditions defense and withdrawal are the keynotes of German military strategy today. This situation is not helpful propaganda on the home front and so it is not surprising to hear reports of differences between the Nazi Party and military leaders on the question of withdrawals.

The former and Hitler with them are understood to have opposed withdrawals on the grounds of national prestige and effects on the home front.

Kiev Position Critical

But the German General Staff is faced today with a new situation, especially before Kiev where a new Stalingrad catastrophe may occur and prestige considerations won't be allowed to govern their decisions.

The days when Hitler's military "intuitions" determined strategy are gone by.

Today's problem is that of how military authorities can compel Nazi Party leaders to shed some of their ideological fanaticisms so as to consolidate the home front which is approaching nearer and nearer to cracking—at least to the extent that it will withstand the coming shocks from the battle fronts.

Huge Motor Can Snake Destroyer Clear to Top of 15-Story Building

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Oct. 20 (AP)—A million-pound electric motor, described by the General Electric Company as the most powerful in the world, has been completed, the company announces.

The motor, which the company said will hoist a destroyer out of the water and up the height of a 15-story building in a minute, has been shipped to the Defense Plant Corporation steel mill at New Geneva, Utah, where it will cut 20,000-pound steel slabs 200 feet long for shipyards and war industries.

The motor will turn more power, either alternating or direct current, than any other motor when its 7,000 horsepower is applied at the speed of 25 revolutions per minute.

If a rope could be applied to the motor, which is 44 feet long, 16 feet in diameter, and stands 13 feet above the floor level, it would lift 1,350 tons, the weight of a four-stack destroyer, at the rate of 200 feet per minute, G. E. engineers said.

The motor has no continuous shaft, but instead has two 3,500-horsepower rotors built up on hollow cylindrical bodies, coupled at the center and provided with flanges at the ends. To these flanges are bolted shafts of sufficient size to support the rotor in its bearings and transmit the driving power.

A 7,000-kilowat, six-unit flywheel generator set will power the motor, which requires nine freight cars for shipment.

Refugee Professors in U. S. Charged With Teaching Un-American Theories

NEW YORK, Oct. 20 (AP)—Joseph W. Henderson, President of the American Bar Association, said yesterday some refugee professors from continental countries are spreading "a theory of administrative absolutism throughout the colleges in our country."

Calling for legislation to place a judicial check on decisions of governmental agencies, Mr. Henderson told delegates to the annual meeting of the American Institute of Accountants that "some of the strongest supporters of this administrative absolutism come from the refugee professors."

"They do not understand the separation of powers, as we do in our American doctrine," he said. "They feel that Congress is the only agency of the government through which the sovereign will of the people actually expresses itself. They also seem to think the administrative officials have the power to construe acts of Congress and make interpretations for administrative purposes."

One of the major problems of postwar construction will be restoration of civil rights, temporarily surrendered, and free enterprise, Mr. Henderson said, adding: "We must go back to having a country that is governed by laws and not by men."

Censor Censored, Army Cuts Comment

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20 (AP)—A military censor has no right to add his comment—witty or otherwise—to the mail he examines.

Announcing this, the War Department asked anyone finding remarks added by the censor in mail received from soldiers to report the incident to the Adjutant General, sending along the letter and envelope, "so that the point of origin and the identity of the offending censor may be determined for disciplinary action." The letters will be returned.

"Censorship of communications to and from persons under military jurisdiction," the Department said, "is a necessity in wartime to prevent disclosure of information which would give aid and comfort to the enemy.

"The War Department has never intended that privacy of the mail should be invaded beyond this absolute necessity for security."

Chinese Orphan To Stay in U. S.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20 (AP)—The House yesterday passed legislation permitting Henry White, 17-year-old Chinese orphan, to remain in the United States as a permanent resident.

Henry was working in a bar in Singapore when Kenneth Matchitt White of Portland, Ore., ran across him in 1935 and placed him in a Chinese school. He was interned when the Japanese captured Hong Kong, but arrived in New York on the steamship Gripsholm on Aug. 25, 1942.

Because he is Chinese, under existing law he cannot be admitted to this country for permanent residence. He is presently residing in Los Angeles, Calif., and has been legally adopted by Mr. White.

Discharged Servicemen To Get Lapel Buttons

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20 (AP)—Honorably discharged servicemen and women soon will be authorized to wear Government issued service buttons, Chairman David Walsh (D) of Massachusetts of the Senate Naval Affairs Committee announced today.

He said the joint Army-Navy Personnel Board had approved the lapel buttons after he pointed out that men of draft age who had been discharged from the armed services for physical reasons often were embarrassed because they could not wear uniforms.

RESTAURANTS

BOSTON

KUM-UP-TU
"The Friendly Eating Place"
Delicious meals for keen Fall appetites—moderately priced
Luncheons---Dinners
55 Falmouth Street at Clearway
Opposite The Christian Science Publishing Society

Enjoy BREAKFAST—LUNCH DINNER at ALBIANI CAFETERIA
Fine Foods at Lowest Prices
151 Huntington Avenue
Next to Mechanics Building
6 Other Cafeterias in Boston:
1533 Washington, 632 Washington, 704 Washington, 1136 Washington, 7 School St., 10 Scollay Sq.

Watton's
20 Conveniently Located RESTAURANTS
Over thirty-five years of constant unparalleled service with food of the highest standard.
Food that is really food, properly prepared to retain the necessary elements of food value.
Why Not Have the Best?

PLAINFIELD, N. J.
THE PARK HOTEL
May we invite you to visit our pleasant dining rooms for lunch or dinner.
Steinway and Soloven by Dr. Earle W. Browne, nightly
LUNCH FROM 11:45-2:30 P. M.
DINNER 5:30-9 P. M. Open Sundays
ALBERT W. STENDER, Owner Tel. PL. 6-3600

BROOKLYN, N. Y.
HOTEL PIERREPONT
55 Pierrepont Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Daily and Sunday Dinners..85c-$1
Main 4-5500

CHESTER, PA.
IN CHESTER PA. IT'S THE WASHINGTON HOUSE RESTAURANT
Completely air conditioned where fine foods support an old historic reputation!
417 MARKET STREET

PHILADELPHIA, PA.
The Normandy Inn (Famous for Home Cooking)
Lunch ..... 60c, 85c and 95c
Dinners ..... 85c, 75c, 85c and $1
Catering special dinner parties
1311 Moravian St., Philadelphia, Pa. Spruce 3089
Not open on Sunday

PITTSBURGH, PA.
Central Cafeteria
327-331 FOURTH AVENUE
Featuring HOME STYLE FOODS
Wholly Purchased, Carefully Prepared Well Served Luncheons ONLY 11 to 2:30.
(Closed Sundays)

LING NAN
American-Chinese Restaurant
Luncheons 45c up
Dinners 60c up
Sunday Dinners 60c
11 A. M. to 3 A. M.
183 Massachusetts Ave.
COM. 9808

Lobster Claw
280 Huntington Ave.
Just Above Mass. Ave.
FINEST SEA FOOD AND LOBSTERS
Also Chicken and Steak Specials Daily

EMBASSY CAFETERIA
142 Mass. Avenue (near Fenway Theatre)
EXCELLENT FOOD
Luncheons from 25c Dinners from 35c

Brittany COFFEE SHOP
DELICIOUS LUNCHEONS and DINNERS
OLD FRENCH DECORATIONS
Open Sundays
322 Newbury Street COM. 5370

Vivid Chinese Color and Slimness Appearing Throughout American Fall Fashions

By Barbara E. Scott Fisher
Fashion Editor of The Christian Science Monitor

American fashion makes effective use of Chinese motifs in our foremost fall styles. For centuries, world events and world figures have left their mark on fashion—for example, Napoleon's tricorne, Josephine's shawl, Elizabeth's ruff and, in our own time, Churchill's greatcoat, Monty's beret, and Mme. Chiang Kai-shek's slim, slit skirts.

American designers, preparing their fall collections just at the time of Mme. Chiang's visit, naturally found inspiration not only for coats, suits and dresses, but for accessories, hats, and shoes, in the simple, practical lines of Chinese clothes and in their ornate decorative designs. They have employed these Chinese motifs deftly. Sometimes they are quite frankly borrowed from our staunch ally in the Far East and sometimes they are given such a distinctly western twist that their derivation is not at once discerned.

It is not new to look to China for inspiration. Chinese motifs in interior decoration swept England and America in earlier enturies, the days of the clipper ships, and flowered in the decorative designs of Chippendale. Chinese motifs in French silks and brocades have enchanted the fashion world for generations. So have those in rugs and endless other things.

But this season's costumes are particularly rich in Chinese effects. Knowing how skillfully Fox-Brownie incorporated this element of Oriental feeling in their autumn collection, I went over to Seventh Avenue to talk with "Brownie," as the designer for this manufacturing firm of high-style creations is known. As I turned through her sketches I was impressed by the minute details she had selected from which to develop so important a trend. It was amazing to see what she evolved for instance from a Manchu yoke, a mandarin's feather, the peaked crown of a coolie's hat, the official crest of embroidery which decked some diplomat's robe.

Even more significant than the designs were the definite color combinations which Brownie developed—all strong and gay. Strong yellows set against clear blue; fuchsia against purples and blues; amber and gold contrasted with vermilion; kingfisher blue thrown into relief by lacquer red. No compromise in Chinese colors. They speak their mind.

The slimness of Chinese clothes appeals to American designers because it conforms so perfectly to our wartime fabric restrictions, although this comes from a nation that wears slim clothes entirely from choice. The elegant simplicity of Chinese robes has proved a sound basis for many of our smartest collections. The sleek, smooth shoulder, the bound collar, narrow, neat; accent of bright jewel-like embroidery against a somber background; the slit skirt, sometimes open at both sides, more often a single slash in the front of it; all these hint the background of Chinese originals, and have been notable contributions to current fall fashions. The sheath-like, slit gown worn by Mme. Chiang when she made her memorable address before Congress, as Chinese as it could be, would seem as American as it could be in the light of today's fashion. Like a good joke, fashion gets around without credentials, overlooks national boundaries, and wins its way.

Tornello; Michael Caputo

American women have Mme. Chiang Kai-shek to thank for inspiring the interesting details featured by fall and winter fashions, where the Chinese influence is seen. (Above, left to right) Fox-Brownie suit of black wool with short Mandarin jacket; rounded yoke of black Persian, combining with jabot Jersey blouse. Berenice Holloway wool dress of mossy green and black, the two colors sharpened by curving line of buttoning bodice and apron-like pannier of skirt. A second two-color wool dress of purple and black from Anna Duke, designed by Albert Davies, has stand-up collar, and slits in both sides of slim skirt. Stem-slim formal dress of velvet with paillette motif on "patch pocket," from Henri Bendel. (Beneath) Milton Saunders rose crepe dress designed by Ariane Mireau, with contrasting black velvet toque trimmed with draped loops of royal blue fringe. Bag and gloves by Anita Andra designed to complete the costume.

Barrel Chair Not Hard to Make

By Ethel M. Eaton
Written for The Christian Science Monitor

A barrel chair is something which cannot be bought unless, perhaps, at an auction of the furnishings of some old homestead far back in the country. However, you can easily make one yourself. It will cost next to nothing and fits in beautifully with simple old furniture and hand-hooked or braided rugs. The size of such a chair will vary somewhat both with the size of the barrel used and the wishes of the person making it, therefore it is hard to give definite measurements. The one I have is 28 inches over all from the floor to the top of the back and 14 inches from the floor to the seat level. This makes a well-proportioned chair.

Remove the top of the barrel intact and put aside for later use, also the first hoop which need not be saved. Now cut down the barrel all around to the height desired for the back. This is easily accomplished with a small hand saw. Then for the seat, measure off one-third of the circumference and down to the distance you wish the seat to be from the floor. Mark around this section with a crayon, cut out and remove. This gives you the framework of the chair, ready for padding and covering.

Then cover the entire chair, inside and out, with a heavy plain material, such as denim or sailcloth, tacking firmly and neatly in place. Over this goes the padding. Old blankets or quilts, too worn for further use as such, are excellent for this purpose. This is put on evenly and generously all around the inside of the chair down as far as the seat. On the outside should go a thin layer, to furnish a smooth surface for the final covering. For this choose a figured chintz in a quaint design; and it should cover the entire chair. Two widths of most materials will be required; and the seam should come directly in the center back.

Starting at the bottom, tack firmly in place all the way around to the seat opening (brass upholsterers' tacks may be used), bringing material up over the top and down on the inside to a point a bit below where the seat will fit in, pleating at the latter place if necessary, and tacking firmly.

For the seat, the top of the barrel is used. Pad on one side and cover with the heavy material used for the first covering of the chair. Since this top will be a bit smaller in circumference than the section of the barrel where it is to be placed, small cleats are nailed around the inside of the latter to support it. Across the outside of the seat opening is fastened a full-pleated flounce of the chintz, falling, of course, to the floor. The crowning touch is a plump, round cushion (Grandma's was filled with goose down or soft feathers), covered with chintz. To the bottom of the barrel, inside the edges of the staves, are nailed stout pieces of wood, extending entirely across the space. To these are fastened four casters, and your chair is complete!

Genuine American Handiwork Displayed At New Location for Craftsmen

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

To enter America House, new home of the American Craftsmen's Co-operative Council, Inc., at 485 Madison Avenue, New York City, I had only to press the large brass handle of the vermilion front door and find myself feeling as if I were getting acquainted all over again with my own United States through handicrafts. Here were hooked rugs from Maine and Connecticut, fragile decorative jewelry made of daintily-tinted shells from Florida, woven fabrics from Tennessee and Georgia, and colorful gaieties from California.

Combined Art and Craft

Interest centered in the beautiful hooked rugs on exhibition, the result of a competition in which more than 40 designs had been submitted. This was planned to foster co-operation among the best contemporary designers and artists, and the expert craftsmen who execute such designs. The American Craftsmen's Educational Council expects through its design committee, to conduct constant experiments which will lead to a raising of the standards of design used by craftsmen. As Van Day Truex, President of the Parsons School of Design, and chairman of the Design Committee of the Craftsmen's Co-operative Council, has pointed out, "Often the craftsman and artist exist in the same person; often they do not. Only with the best artist designers working in unison with the craftsmen will we be able to produce a vital and regenerated activity." He also likes the idea of "more spirited modern design, less quaintness."

The eight rugs chosen by the jury, and made by craftsmen in New England, evoked much comment. One of the novel designs simulated a large cinnamon brown bearskin, stretched with cookie-cutter accuracy so that every little black claw on all four feet, as well as his massive head and stubby tail, became part of the outline. On his back were scattered generous cabbage-pink roses with moss-green leaves and buds, while little blue eyes from the depths of his brown head followed you amusingly. This rug was made from the design of Lisa Koefoed, and executed with wonderful precision by Lottie T. Abbott of Maine.

Pussycat Rugs

Those who like the idea of a pussycat curled up on the hearth—or two of them for that matter—were delighted with the pair of cat rugs designed by Louise Holt. Sara B. Baldwin turned the design into rugs, making them pleasantly gray and cozy.

Butterflies and moths, the work of Virginia Elliot, fluttered in a design as light as their wings. Bright in color, they floated on a blue background. Though the rug was not ready to be shown at the opening of the exhibition, it will be included as soon as it arrives from Miss Mary A. White, who is hooking it at her home in Connecticut.

There is much discussion of the butterflies. Some favor the design, others are opposed to it. But, despite difference of opinion, fine contemporary design in this field is emerging, while in no way competing with the well-loved traditional patterns.

Wide Variety of Work

Cases and shelves of America House were filled with handicraft temptations. Bean pots of genuine stoneware in individual and family sizes, in cinnamon brown or sage green, were on hand to give baked beans their old oven-baked flavor. There was maple sugar from Vermont's flaming sugar maples, and a new mixture of fine maple sugar and cinnamon to spread on bread or toast. Hand-ground meal; delicious homemade candies in hand-painted wooden boxes were there. Little bags of soap capsules for servicemen and women; water-resistant homespun natural wool that wears and wears, all ready to be knit into useful articles to send overseas. One case sparkled with hand-wrought jewelry—enamels, silver, ceramics; while solid pottery from the kilns of skilled potters in many parts of the country gave its forthright gleams from the shelves. Draped in one corner was a group of fabrics, mostly of cotton or wool, whose designs were as gay as they would be easy to live with.

The war has curtailed the output of America House just as it has touched everybody. But this nonprofit organization aims to carry on because it knows the strength of crafts in the morale-building activities of the day, and that they will become an increasingly potent help in postwar readjustments.

Furnace Baking Saves Fuel

Written for The Christian Science Monitor

The wartime regulations about food and the rationing problem have called to mind some of the ways we learned to manage these things during the first World War, so I am passing them along, hoping they may prove helpful to somebody else.

Baking beans in the furnace saves a lot of gas and the beans are delicious if baked on a day when the weather permits of a moderate heat. Fix your beans according to your own recipe and then place on the broad ledge just inside the door of the furnace so you can add water as needed, keeping the cover on the bean pot until the last hour or so, then the beans will be moist all through but crisp on top. You will find a watering pot with a long spout, such as you use for house plants, good for adding the water as needed through the day.

Meat and Potatoes, Too

Try baking potatoes this way, also apples, and see if they are not good, and of course everyone knows how good steak and chops are, broiled over the hot coals, with the fat all crunchy and almost burned.

Does your family like onions? Just try this and hear them call for more. Into a big iron frying pan (we call it a spider, and it is our best-loved and most-used kitchen utensil), put two large spoonfuls of fat. When this is melted, slice onions into it and sauté gently until golden brown. Next poach eggs and put them on slices of toast; now add a jar of light cream to the onions and, when piping hot, pour over the eggs. Dust with paprika and serve.

Judicious Sweetening

When making a cheap fudge cake or apple sauce cake, try sprinkling sugar, brown, white, or best of all, maple, grated over the top. Add a dash of cinnamon and a few chopped nut meats and bake as usual.

Instead of sugar, try substituting half a cup of juice from a can of sweetened fruit for same amount of milk in tapioca pudding; peach, pear and raspberry are the favorites in our house.

Soft • Beautiful Peerdo Lovely • Smart

You'll admire gloves of soft doe-finished PEERDO Leather for their "feel" of velvety richness, so cherished but so seldom found in just ordinary gloves. ¶ Or, if you prefer smooth-fitting lustrous glace, ask for gloves of lovely KINID Leather. ¶ With PEERDO or KINID stamped inside the gloves, you are assured of lasting quality and wash-and-wearability. ¶ P. S. A copy of our 19 picture brochure—The Story of Kinid Leather—is yours for the asking.

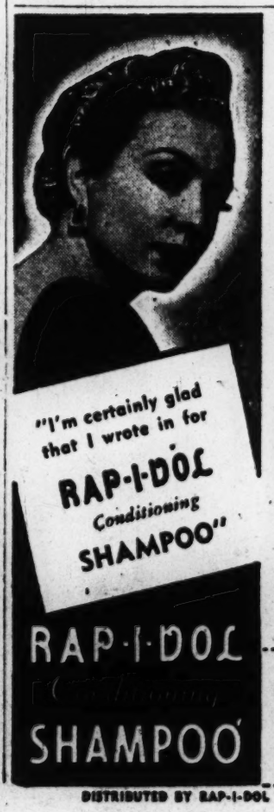
WOOD & HYDE CO., Tanners of Quality Glove Leathers Gloversville, N. Y.

Suits me—

Bewitching, too, are maid and suit, the latter a highly favored *Juniorite* style in advance spring colors. Trim jacket with its four flaps and wide revers, and classic pleated skirt, are of a quality-value wool worsted fabric made from 100% WOOL NAPHTHALATED (Wool gently cleansed in naphtha to preserve fiber strength.) Sizes: 9 to 15 . . . Colors: Cherry Red, Gold, Copen, Lilac . . . Price: Under $18.00.

Look for Naphthalated Wool identification. For sale at leading stores. For name of nearest store write Arlingcrest Service, 347 Madison Ave., New York 17, N. Y.

ARLINGTON MILLS • LAWRENCE MASS



"I'm certainly glad that I wrote in for RAP-I-DOL Conditioning SHAMPOO"

RAP-I-DOL Conditioning SHAMPOO

Just Send the Coupon for this Regular 50c Package —and TRY it

ON APPROVAL!

Yes—Most of the ladies are enthusiastic after making this TRIAL offered to readers of The Christian Science Monitor! For example Mrs. B. C. writes: "It is almost amazing to see the lustre and softness that has come back into my hair!"

And here is what Mrs. A. R. says: "I am delighted with the results. My hair has more sheen than with other shampoos. Also it is softer and easier to handle!"

SEND NO MONEY!

Rap-I-Dol Shampoo conditions your hair for waving—removes every trace of soap film—rinses entirely out of your hair, leaving it soft, natural and manageable! Mail the coupon for your bottle! —*send no money!*—pay nothing when you receive it—*use* Rap-I-Dol in your home—then you may send us 50c *after* you decide that Rap-I-Dol is definitely a beauty aid! Otherwise, your first bottle of Rap-I-Dol Shampoo will not cost you a penny!

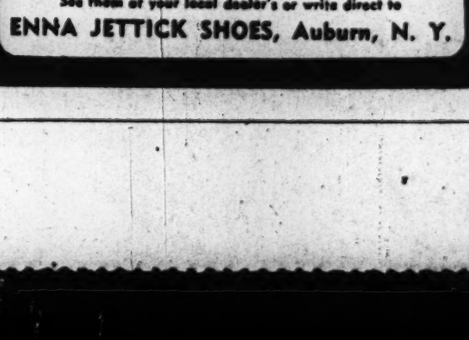
Rap-I-Dol Distributing Corp., Dept. 27105
151 W. 46th St., New York 19, N. Y.
Send me, without obligation, the regular size 50c bottle of Rap-I-Dol Conditioning Shampoo on your "ON APPROVAL" offer, as outlined in The Christian Science Monitor.

NAME .....

ADDRESS .....
(Clip and Paste Coupon on Penny Post Card)

DISTRIBUTED BY RAP-I-DOL DISTRIBUTING CORP., NEW YORK

YOUR FEET ARE OUR BUSINESS



Honora $6.50

Harmony $6.50

When you want Sensible Shoes we can suit you right down to the ground

A comfortable customer is our best advertisement because women tell each other "For sheer comfort try walking oxfords by Enna Jettick. Elbow room for your toes. Support where you need it. Comfortable walking heels!" Such features keep these shoes tops on our list of re-orders! Be comfortably fitted yourself, from an unusual size range—some styles come in sizes 1 to 12, AAAAA to EEE. OTHER STYLES $5 to $6.50.

Enna Jettick

Be *really* SMART . . . be COMFORTABLE

See them at your local dealer's or write direct to
ENNA JETTICK SHOES, Auburn, N. Y.

Today's Closing Prices on N. Y. Stock Exchange; Financial News and Comment

Today's Sales (est.) — 550,000
Previous day's sales 608,320
1943 volume to date 234,725,614
1942 volume to date 86,912,306

Average Price of 60 Stocks
By the Associated Press

Tuesday	50.7	Prev. day	50.4
Month ago	51.5	Year ago	40.1
1943 high	53.3	1943 low	41.7

Stks Divds (Dollars)	Sales (100s)	High	Low	Close	Net Ch'ge
Ab&Straus ¾g	†200	46½	46½	46½	
Acme Steel (3)	1	53½	53½	53½	
Adams Exp (.15g)	7	11⅜	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
Addressog-Mult 1	1	15¼	15¼	15¼	+ ¼
Air Reduction 1a	10	43⅛	42⅝	43	
Alaska Juneau	8	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
Alb&Sus 7.45g	†10	107	107	107	—1
Alleghany Corp	21	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
Alleghany pf xw	13	29½	28½	28¾	
Alleg pf $30 ww	34	30	28⅛	28⅞	— ⅞
Alleghany pr pf	1	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛	—1
Allegh LudS 1.05g	10	27½	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅛
Al Chem & Dye 6	1	150½	150½	150½	+ ½
Allied Mills ½g	87	30⅛	29⅞	30⅛	+1⅛
Allied Strs .60	23	16	15⅞	16	+ ½
Allied St pf (5)	2	93	93	93	+ ⅛
Allis-Ch Mfg ½g	13	37⅛	36⅞	37⅛	+ ⅛
Alpha P Cem ¾g	7	20½	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
Amal Leather	4	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
Amal Leath pf 2k	1	29½	29½	29½	+ ½
Amerada Pet (2)	2	81	81	81	+ ⅛
Am AgChem 1.20e	7	30	29½	29½	+ ⅛
Am Airlines 1½st	2	62½	62½	62½	— ½
Am Bank N .55g	2	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+1
Am Bank N pf 3	†60	56⅛	56⅛	56⅛	+ ⅛
Am Beach (¼ae)	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
Am BrakeSh 1.05g	3	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	
Am Br S pf 5¼k	†50	132	131½	132	+2
Am Cable & Rad	38	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
Am Can (3)	4	89½	89	89½	+ ½
Am Can pf (7)	†60	176½	176½	176½	+ ¼
Am Car & Fdy 4g	8	34⅞	34	34⅞	
Am C&F pf 12½g	5	68½	68½	68½	+ ½
Am Ch & Cab 1½g	24	24	23¾	23¾	— ⅛
Am Chicle (4a)	†50	107	106½	106½	— ¾
Am Distilleries	14	42½	39	39	—3¾
Am Encaus Tiling	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
Am Export L 1½g	2	24	23⅞	24	— ⅛
Am & For Power	1	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
Am FP $7pf 3.32g	1	76½	76½	76½	— ½
Am & FP 2 pf	16	20⅝	19⅞	20⅝	+ ⅛
Am-Haw SS 2¼g	5	34½	34	34	+ ⅛
Am Hide&Leath	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
Am Home Pr 2.40	2	68⅛	68	68	— ⅛
Am Ice	1	4	4	4	— ⅛
Am Invest Ill .45g	3	6	6	6	
Am Locomotive	25	12⅛	12⅛	12½	
Am Loco pf 7	3	75	74⅞	74⅞	
Am M & Fdy .60g	2	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅛
Am Metal (1)	4	24	23⅞	24	+ ⅛
Am Pow & Light	4	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
Am P & Lt $5 pf	62	40⅛	38⅝	40⅛	+2⅛
Am P & L $6 pf	24	43⅛	41⅛	43⅛	+2⅛
Am Rad&StS .30g	10	9⅜	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
Am Rolling M .60g	13	14	13⅞	14	
Am R M pf4½	†250	66⅛	65⅞	65⅞	
Am Safety Razor 1g	4	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
Am Seating ½g	1	15½	15½	15½	+ ⅛
Am Ship Bld 2g	†50	30	30	30	— ⅛
Am Smelt&R (2)	11	40⅝	40⅛	40½	— ⅛
Am Smelt pf 7	†40	153	152	152	
Am Snuff (2.40)	1	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛	— ⅛
Am Stl Fdrs 1½g	10	25⅛	25⅛	25½	+ ⅛
Am Stores (1)	3	15½	15⅛	15½	+ ⅛
Am Stove (1.20)	1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
Am Sug pf (7)	1	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	— ⅞
Am Tel & Tel (9)	13	156½	156⅛	156½	— ⅛
Am Tobacco B (3a)	7	60⅛	60	60⅛	— ⅛
Am Tobacco (3a)	1	58	58	58	— ½
Am Tob pf (6)	†120	145½	145	145⅛	— ⅛
Am Viscose (2)	4	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛	+ ⅛
Am Viscose pf (5)	1	119	119	119	+ ⅛
Am Water Works	22	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
Am W W 1pf (6)	2	86½	85	86⅛	+1⅛
Am Woolen	4	6½	6½	6½	
Am Wool pf (6k)	1	72	72	72	+ ½
Am Zinc L & S	2	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	+ ⅛
Anaconda Cop1½g	22	26⅛	25⅞	26⅛	+ ⅛
AnchorHockGl .45g	1	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
Anac W&C ¾g	†30	26½	26½	26½	
APW Paper	1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
Arch-Dan-M 1½g	1	45	45	45	— ⅜
Armour Ill	4	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
Armour Ill pr pf	2	72	71½	71½	— ½
Armstrong Cork ¾g	7	37⅜	37⅛	37⅜	+ ⅛
Assd Dry Gds ¼g	8	14	13½	14	+ ⅛
Assd DG 1pf 6	†140	93½	93	93	— ⅛
Associates Inv 1½	1	39⅛	39⅛	39⅛	+ ⅛
Assoc Inv pf5	†40	106½	106½	106½	
Atch T & SF (6)	12	59⅞	59⅞	59⅞	
Atch T&S F pf (5)	2	87⅛	87	87⅛	
Atl Coast L 1½g	9	30⅛	29⅞	30	+ ⅛
Atl G & W I (3e)	13	35	34	35	+1½
Atl G&WI pf 2½g	1	68	65	68	+4
Atl Refining (.55g)	22	26⅛	25⅞	26⅛	+ ⅜
Atl Refng pf 4	†180	110	109½	109⅞	— ⅛
Atlas Corp (1½g)	7	11⅛	11½	11½	— ⅛
Atlas Corp pf (3)	3	56½	56½	56½	
Atlas Pow 2¼g	†200	61⅛	61⅛	61½	— ½
Austin Nichols	2	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
Aust N pr A 2k	†180	73½	72	73	+1½
Aviation Co (.10g)	18	4	3⅞	4	+ ⅛
B					
Bald Loco ct ¾g	11	16	15⅞	16	
Balt & Ohio	1	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	+ ⅛
Balt & Ohio pf	1	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
Ban&A pf6¼k	†1	59½	59½	59½	+ ⅛
Barber Asphalt	21	26⅛	25⅞	25⅞	+ ⅛
Barnsdall Oil .60	7	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	— ⅛
Bath Iron Wks 3g	6	17⅛	17	17	— ⅜
Beatrice Cr 1.85g	2	33	33	33	
Beat Cr pf 4¼	†20	108	108	108	—1
Beech Aircraft (1e)	2	12⅛	12	12⅛	— ⅛
Bendix Aviat 2¼g	13	35½	34⅞	35½	+ ½
Benef In L (.90g)	1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	
Bell Aircraft (1g)	4	13½	13⅛	13⅛	
Best Foods (.80g)	6	16	15⅞	15⅞	— ⅛
Beth Steel (4½g)	17	60½	59½	59⅞	— ⅜
Beth Steel pf (7)	1	118	118	118	— ⅛
Bigelow-Sanf 1½g	1	37	37	37	
Black&Decker 1.60	1	17½	17½	17½	+ ⅛
Blaw-Knox .40g	5	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
Bloomingd .85g	†10	15½	15½	15½	+ ⅛
Boeing Airpl (1g)	5	15⅛	15	15	
Bohn Al & Br (2)	4	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛	+ ½
Bon Ami A 4	†11	90	90	90	
Bon Ami B 2½	†10	47	47	47	— ⅜
Bond Stores 1.30g	5	33	32⅜	33	+1
Borden Co (.90g)	6	29⅛	29⅛	29½	
Borg-Warner 1.60	13	35	34⅞	35	+ ½
Boston & Maine	1	3½	3½	3½	
Bower Roll B 1½g	2	24½	24½	24½	— ½
Bridgeport Br ¼g	2	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
Briggs Mfg (2)	4	27	26⅞	27	+ ⅛
Bklyn-Man Transit	20	12	12	12	
Bklyn Un Gas ½g	11	16	15⅞	15⅞	+ ⅛
Brunswick-Bal ¾g	2	16⅞	16¾	16⅞	+ ¼
Bucyrus-Erie ¾g	6	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
Bucy-Erie pf 7	†10	114	114	114	—1½
Budd Mfg	11	6⅛	6	6	— ⅛
Budd Wheel (¼g)	2	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	
Bullard Co (1½g)	2	18½	18½	18½	+ ⅛
Burling Mills 1.90g	3	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜	
Burr Add Mach .60	3	13	12⅞	13	+ ⅛
Bush Termin'l .20g	1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
Bush TBpf 2¼k	†10	47⅜	47⅜	47⅜	— ½
Butler Bros .45g	3	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	
Butler Bros pf 1½	1	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	+ ⅛
Butte Cop&Z ¼ae	3	3½	3⅜	3⅜	
Byers (AM) pf7	†40	72	71½	72	+ ½
Byers (AM) Co	1	14	14	14	— ⅛
Byron Jackson ¾g	2	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	
C					
Callahan Zinc Lead	1	1	1	1	+ ⅛
Calumet Hec .65g	2	7	7	7	
Campbell Wy ¾g	3	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	+ ⅛
Can Dry G Ale .60	15	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	+ ⅛
Canadian Pacific	18	8⅞	8⅜	8⅜	— ⅛
Cannon Mills (2)	2	44	44	44	—1
Caro C & O (5)	†80	95⅜	95	95	— ⅛
Carriers & Gen .20	3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
Case (JI) Co (3g)	16	129	126	126	
Case (JI) pf (7)	†140	141	140	141	+ ⅞
Caterpil Tractor 2	2	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	— ½
Celanese Corp1½g	10	34⅞	34⅛	34⅛	+ ⅛
Celanese 5 pf 5	†10	104½	104½	104½	— ½
Celanese 7 pf 7	†90	115⅜	115½	115⅜	
Celanese pr pf 7	†40	121⅜	121⅜	121⅜	— ⅛
Celotex Co pf 1	†100	18	18	18	
Cent Aguirre 1½ga	25	21⅛	20⅞	21⅛	+ ½
Cent Foundry .10g	3	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	+ ⅛
Cent V Sug 2½ae	1	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
Cerro de Pas (4)	2	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	+ ⅜
Certain-teed Prod	2	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	+ ⅛
Cert-teed 6 pf	†650	69	67½	68½	+1½
Champ P & F (1)	4	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
Champ P&F pf6	†20	107½	107½	107½	
Checker Cab	1	28½	28½	28½	+ ½
Ches & Ohio (3)	26	48⅛	48⅛	48½	— ⅛
Chi & E Ill	10		7⅞	7⅞	
Chi&E Ill A 2.59g	6	13⅛	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅜
Chi Grt W pf2½ae	3	19⅛	18⅞	18⅞	+ ⅛
Chi Pneu Tool (2)	10	17⅞	17½	17⅞	+ ⅛
Chi R T cv pf (3)	1	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	— ⅛
Chrysler Corp 2¼g	19	79⅛	79⅛	79⅛	+ ⅛
City Ice & F 1.20	3	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
City I&F pf 6½	†10	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	+ ⅜
City Invest	†110	48½	48½	48½	
Climax Mol 1.20g	4	28½	28⅛	28⅛	+ ⅛
Cluett Peab 1½g	6	38⅛	38	38⅛	+ ⅜
Coca-Cola (3)	1	114	114	114	+1½
Colgate-Palm-P ½g	6	22⅞	22⅜	22⅜	
Col-P-P pf4¼	†20	105½	104½	104½	—1
Collins & Aik	5	25½	25	25	
Co. & South	†80	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
Col & Sou 1pf	†80	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	— ⅛
Col Fuel & Ir ¾g	1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
Col G'and A .90g	1	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	
Col G'and B .90g	1	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	— ⅛
Colum G&E .10g	67	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	+ ⅛
Col G&E 6 pf 6	1	76	76	76	+ ⅜
Colum Pict (½g)	3	15½	15½	15½	
Colum Pict pf2¾	1	36½	36	36	— ½
Coml Credit (3)	8	38⅛	38⅛	38½	
Coml Invest Tr (3)	10	41½	41½	41⅛	+ ⅛
Coml Solvents .30g	6	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
Com'wlth & South	41	¾	11/16	11/16	— 1/16
Com & So pf 3¾ak	25	74⅞	73⅞	74	— ⅞
Com'wlth Ed 1.40	17	26	25⅞	25⅞	
Conde Nast (½g)	2	8½	8½	8½	+ ⅛
Congoleum-Nairn 1	5	22⅜	22½	22⅜	
Consol-Cigar 1½a	6	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+ ½
Cons Copper .10g	1	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	+ ⅛
Cons Edison 1.60	34	23⅛	22⅞	23⅛	+ ⅛
Consol Film Ind	3	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	+ ⅛
Cons Film I pf ¾k	11	17⅜	17	17⅜	+ ½
Cons Laundries	6	7	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
Consol RR Cuba pf	4	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
Cons Vultee (1g)	15	13⅞	13⅛	13⅞	+ ⅛
Consol'n Coal	1	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	
Consol Coal pf 2½	1	45	45	45	
Consm P pf 4½	†70	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛	— ⅜
Container Co 1½g	1	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	
Cont Baking ¼g	1	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	— ⅛
Cont Can (¾g)	4	35⅞	35½	35⅞	+ ⅝
Cont Dia Fib .65g	1	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	
Cont Ins (1.60a)	2	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛	+ ⅛
Cont Motors .45g	5	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	— ⅛
Cont Oil Del (1)	12	31⅜	31½	31⅛	— ⅛
Cont Steel (¾g)	4	25⅞	25½	25⅞	+ ⅜
CopperweldStl .80	6	12½	12	12½	+ ⅛
Corn Exch 2.40	†290	46⅞	46½	46⅛	— ⅛
Corn Prod (2.60)	3	59	59	59	— ⅛
Corn Prod pf 7	†80	182½	182	182½	+ ⅜
Coty International	2	2	2	2	
Cornell Dub El ¾g	2	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
Crane Co (1e)	19	20½	19⅞	20⅛	
Cream of Wh 1½	2	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	— ⅜
Crosley Corp ½g	2	18⅜	18	18⅜	+ ⅜
Crown Cork&S ¼g	5	28½	28⅛	28½	
Crown Zeller (1)	19	16⅛	15⅞	16⅛	+ ⅜
Crown Zell pf 5	†20	98⅛	98	98	— ⅛
Crucible Stl (2e)	9	32⅜	32⅜	32½	
Crucible Stl pf (5)	1	76½	76⅛	76⅛	— ⅛
Cuba RR pf	†50	21	20⅛	20⅛	— ⅛
Cuban-AmSug .40g	11	11⅞	11⅜	11⅜	— ⅛
Cudahy Packing	14	24½	24	24	+ ⅛
Curtis Publishing	15	6⅛	6	6	— ⅛
Curtiss-Wright 1e	36	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
Curtiss-Wr A 1½g	4	19⅛	18⅞	19⅛	+ ⅛
Cutler-Hammer ¾g	7	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	— ⅛
D					
Davison Chem (1g)	11	14⅜	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅛
Decca Records (1)	7	23½	22⅜	23½	+1⅛
Deere & Co 2g	14	37½	37½	37½	— ⅛
Deere & Co pf 1.40	2	33½	33½	33½	
Del & Hudson	1	14⅞	14½	14½	— ⅛
Del Lack & West	12	7	6⅞	6⅞	— ⅛
Detroit Edi 1.20	8	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
Devoe&Ray A 1	†90	29⅛	29	29⅛	+ ⅛
Diam Match 1½	1	31⅞	31⅞	31⅞	
Diam Match pf1½	2	40⅛	40⅛	40⅛	+ ⅛
Diam T Motor ¾g	3	13⅛	12⅞	13	+ ⅛
Dist Corp-S h2.22	19	30	29½	30	+ ⅞
Dixie Cup (1½g)	2	14½	14	14	— ½
Dixie C A 2½	†10	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛	+ ⅛
Doehler Die C 1½g	8	30½	29½	30½	+ ½
DomeMines h1.60	4	23	22⅜	22⅜	— ⅛
Douglas Aircraft 5g	5	63½	62⅜	63	+ ⅛
Dow Chem (3)	3	131	130½	131	+2
Dresser Mfg 1g	5	30⅜	30⅛	30⅜	+ ⅜
Dunhill Int	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
du Pont deN (3g)	3	146	145⅜	146	
DuqLight 1pf5	†100	121	119⅛	119⅛	—1
E					
Eastern Air L	2	35⅛	34⅞	35⅛	+ ½
East Kodak pf 6	†30	178½	177½	177½	+ ⅛
Eaton Mfg (3)	3	40⅛	40	40	+ ⅛
Edis Bros Strs .80	17	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	— ⅜
El Auto-Lite 1½g	5	37	36⅜	37	
Elec Boat 1¼g	4	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
El Power & Lt	21	4⅛	4⅛	4½	+ ⅛
El Pr&Lt $6 pf		73⅞	73½	73⅞	+ ⅞
El Pr&Lt $7 pf	12	78⅜	77½	78⅜	+ ⅞
El Storage Bat (2)	1	40	39⅛	40	
El Paso N G 2.40	1	30½	30½	30½	+ ⅛
Eng Pub Service	11	8⅛	8½	8½	— ⅛
Eng PS $5 pf 5	†350	89⅛	88½	89	— ⅛
EnPS$5½pf5½	†120	90	89⅞	89⅞	— ⅛
Eng PS $6 pf 6	†150	93	92⅛	93	
Erie RR (½g)	1	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	— ⅛
Erie RR ct ½g	17	11⅞	11⅜	11⅞	+ ⅛
Erie RR pf A (5)	5	49½	49⅛	49⅛	+ ⅛
Evans Products	1	12	12	12	+ ⅛
Ex Cell-O (2.60)	2	24	24	24	+ ⅛
F					
Fajardo Sugar (2)	1	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛
Fed M&Smelt 3g	1	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	— ⅛
Fed Mogul (1)	2	17	17	17	
Fed M Truck .30g	4	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
Fed D Strs 1.40a	3	23½	23½	23½	+ ⅜
Fed D S pf 4¼	†20	95	95	95	
Ferro Enam ¾g	1	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	+ ⅛
Firestone T&R 1½	8	39⅞	39⅜	39⅜	+ ⅛
First Nat Strs 2½	1	36⅜	36⅜	36⅜	+ ⅛
Flintkote .65g	4	20	19⅞	20	+1
Flintkote pf4½	†80	107	105⅛	107	+1
Follansbee Stl	1	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	— ⅛
Food Fair Strs (1)	4	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
Foster Wheeler	44	18⅜	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
Fost Wb pf 1½	†20	19⅜	19⅛	19⅜	
Francisco Sugar	42	14⅜	14	14⅛	+ ⅜
Freeport Sulph (2)	1	31⅜	31⅜	31⅜	+ ⅛
Fruehauf Tra 1.40	1	27	27	27	+ ⅛
G					
Fruehauf T pf 5	†10	109½	109½	107½	+ ½
Gabriel Co (.20g)	6	3	3	3	+ ⅛
Gair (Robert) ¼ae	11	3	2⅞		
Gair (R) pf 1.20	3	14	14	14	
Gamewell Col ¼g	†60	26	26	26	+ ⅜
Gar Wood Ind .35g	5	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	
Gaylord Cont .45g	2	13½	13⅛	13½	+ ½
Gen Am Inv .40e	10	10½	10½	10½	+ ⅛
Gen Am Trans 1g	8	43½	43	43½	
Gen Baking .60	6	8	8	8	
Gen Baking pf 8	†10	146½	146½	146½	—1½
Gen Bronze .30g	12	7⅛	7	7⅛	+ ⅛
Gen Cable	4	5⅛	5	5	
Gen Cable A	3	13	13	13	
Gen Cb pf 5¼k	†100	87½	87⅛	87⅛	+ ⅛
Gen Cigar (1)	1	28½	28½	28½	— ⅜
Gen Cigar pf 7	†20	146	146	146½	— ½
Gen Elec (1.40)	34	37	36⅞	37	+ ⅛
Gen Foods (1.60)	10	42½	42	42⅛	+ ⅛
Gen Fds pf4½	†60	115	115	115	— ⅜
Gen G & El A	9	2	1⅞	2	+ ⅛
Gen Mills (4)	2	103	103	103	
Gen Motors 1½g	38	52⅛	51⅞	52⅛	+ ⅛
Gen Motors pf (5)	2	129⅛	129⅛	129⅛	
Gen Out Ad A	1	37	37	37	+ ½
Gen Out Advert	2	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
Gen Prec Eq ¾g	5	18⅜	18⅛	18⅜	+ ⅛
Gen Print Ink .30g	1	6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	
Gen Ry Signal ¾g	1	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
Gen Realt&Util	12	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
Gen Refract .90g	2	19⅞	19⅜	19⅜	— ⅛
Gen Shoe (1)	1	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜	— ⅛
Gen Stl C pf 6k	†130	85	83½	85	+2½
Gen Tel (1.60)	1	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	— ⅛
Gen Tire & R (1g)	4	21⅞	21⅜	21⅞	+ ⅛
Gillette Saf R ¼g	2	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	
Gimbel Bros (.30g)	9	12½	12⅜	12½	+ ⅛
Gimbel Br $6 pf 6	1	83	83	83	
Glidden Co (.90g)	3	19	18⅞	18⅞	— ⅛
Glidden cv pf 2¼	2	46	45⅛	46	+1
Gobel (Adolf)	3	1	1	1	— ⅛
Goebel Brew (.20)	1	2⅛	2⅞	2⅞	— ⅛
Gold&Stock T 6	†40	85	84½	85	— ⅛
Goodrich (BF) 1g	16	42	41⅛	41⅛	+ ⅛
Goodrich pf (5)	1	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	— ⅜
Goodyear Tire1½g	7	37⅞	37⅜	37⅞	+ ⅛
Goodyear T&R pf 5	1	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛	+ ⅜
Graham-Paige Mot	1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
Granby Con M .60	3	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
Grant (WT) 1.40	1	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞	+ ⅜
Gt Nor Ir Ore ct 2e	8	17½	17⅜	17½	+ ⅛
Gt Nor Ry pf 1g	6	27	26⅞	26⅞	— ⅛
Gt West Sug 2	3	24½	24⅜	24½	+ ⅛
Green (H L) (2a)	6	48	47⅞	48	+ ⅛
Greyhound Corp (1)	22	18½	18⅛	18⅛	+ ⅜
Greyhound pf (.55)	1	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
Grum Airc En 1e	1	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
Gulf Mob & Ohio	8	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛	
GulfMo&O pf2½g	1	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	
Gulf Oil (1)	13	47⅞	47⅜	47⅝	
H					
Hall Print (1)	1	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
Hamil Wat pf 6	†10	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛	— ⅛
Hanna $5 pf (5)	†10	106⅛	106⅛	105⅜	+ ⅜
Harb-Walker ¾g	3	16⅛	15⅜	16⅛	
Hayes Indust .15g	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
Hayes Mfg	6	2⅛	2½	2½	+ ⅛
Hazel-AtlasGl 5	†60	103	103	103	
Hercules Motors 1	2	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	+ ⅛
Hershey Choc (3)	1	65	65	65	+ ⅛
Hersh Ch cv pf 4a	1	116⅛	116⅛	116⅛	+ ⅛
Hires (CE) 1.20e	1	21	21	21	
Holland Furn (2)	1	37	37	37	— ⅞
Holly Sugar (1)	3	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ⅛
Homestake Mining	7	39⅛	39⅛	39⅛	
Houd-Hersey B¾g	4	13⅞	13½	13⅞	
Houston Oil	4	8	7⅞	8	+ ½
Houston L&P 3.60	7	66	65⅛	65⅛	+ ⅛
Howe Sound (3)	4	34½	34½	34½	
Hudson & Man pf	1	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
Hudson Bay (h2)	4	27⅜	27	27⅜	+ ⅜
Hudson Motor .10g	11	8⅜	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
Hupp Motor	4	1½	1½	1½	
I					
Illinois Central	4	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
Ill Cent LL (4)	†30	45	45	45	
Ill Central pf	3	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	— ½
Indpls P&L 1.20	3	17	17	17	
Indus Rayon (2)	1	37	37	37	— ½
Inger-Rand 4½g	4	91½	91	91½	+ ½
Inland Steel 3g	2	72½	72⅛	72½	+ ⅛
Inspirat Cop ¾g	4	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
Intercon Rubber 1e	3	7⅜	7½	7⅜	+ ⅛
Int Bus Mach (6d)	3	177	176½	176½	+ ½
Int Harvester (2)	5	70⅛	69	69	—1
Int Harv pf (7)	†100	171⅜	171	171	—1
Int Hydro-Elec A	2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
Int Miner&Ch ½g	1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
Inter Miner&Ch pf4	1	66⅛	66⅛	66⅛	+ ⅛
Int Mining	2	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
Int Nick Can (2)	61	30⅜	29⅞	30⅛	+ ⅜
Int Nich C pf 7	†10	133	133	133	
Int Paper	216	13⅛	12⅞	13⅛	+ ⅞
Int Pap pf (5)	16	67	65⅞	67	+ ⅜
Int Ry Cen Am	1	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
Int Ry pf 3¼ak	†160	65	64½	65	+ ⅜
Int Silver 2¼g	1	50	50	50	+1
Int Silverpf (7)	1	114⅛	114⅛	114⅛	+ ⅛
Int Tel & Tel	38	14	13⅜	13⅞	
Interst Dept S 1	16	17⅞	17⅜	17⅞	+ ⅛
Intertype Corp ¾g	1	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	+ ⅛
Island C Coal 1½g	1	30	30	30	
J					
Jarvis (WB) .90g	2	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	+ ½
Johns Man 1½g	6	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛	+ ⅛
Jones&L Stl 2	18	22½	22⅛	22⅛	+ ⅛
Jones&L Stl pfA 5	3	57⅞	57⅛	57⅜	— ⅛
Jones&L Stl pfB5	3	70½	70	70	— ½
Jay Mfg (.80)	1	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	
K					
Kan City South	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
Kan City Sou pf 2e	2	24½	24½	24½	+ ⅛
Kaufmann D ½g	1	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
Kayser (J) (¾g)	1	16	16	16	+ ½
Kelsey-Hay A 1½	2	20⅜	20⅜	20⅜	— ⅛
Kelsey-H B 1½	1	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
Kennecott Co 1¾g	29	31⅜	31⅛	31⅛	+ ⅛
Keystone S&W ¾g	2	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	— ½
Kresge (SS) ¾g	5	22⅜	22⅛	22⅛	
Kress (SH) (1.60)	4	30½	29½	29½	— ½
Kroger Grocery (2)	1	32	32	32	+ ⅛
L					
Laclede Gas	†190	14½	14½	14½	
Laclede Gas pf	†120	71⅛	70	70½	— ⅜
Lambert Co (1½)		26½	26⅛	26½	+ ½
Lee Rub & T 2¼g	1	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	+ ⅛
Lehigh Port C 1½	2	24½	24⅛	24½	
Lehigh P C pf 4	†30	114½	114	114	—1
Lehigh Val Coal	2	1½	1½	1½	
Lehigh Val Coal pf	3	16⅞	16⅜	16⅞	+ ⅜
Lehigh Val RR	4	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
Lehman Corp 1a	2	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	+ ⅛
Lehn & Fink 1.05e	3	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛	+ ⅛
Lib-O-F Glass ¼g	2	39	38⅞	39	
Libby McN&L .45g	40	7⅛	6⅞	7	+ ⅛
Life Savers (1.60)	2	38	38	38	
Liggett&Myers (3)	1	68	68	68	
Liggett&My B (3)	3	69⅛	68⅛	68⅛	— ½
Liggett&My pf7	†60	180	179½	179½	— ½
Lima Locomo 1½g	7	34½	34⅛	34½	+ ⅜
Link-Belt (2)	1	38⅞	38⅞	38⅞	+ ⅜
Liquid Carbonic 1a	1	20	20	20	
Lockheed Airc1½g	15	17⅛	16⅞	17	
Loew's Inc (2a)	5	58⅛	57⅞	58	+ ⅛
Lone Star Cem (3)	4	44⅜	44⅜	44⅜	— ⅛
Long-Bell Lbr A	2	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	— ⅛
Lorillard P ¾g	42	17⅜	17	17⅛	
Lorillard P pf7	†10	156	156	156	+2
Louisv G&E A 1½	2	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
Louisv & Nash 5g	3	74	74	74	+ ½
M					
Mack Trucks (1g)	5	33	32⅞	33	+ ⅛
Macy (RH) (2)	6	28⅞	28½	28⅞	+ ⅜
Magma Copper 1g	2	17⅜	17½	17⅜	+ ⅛
Manati Sugar	21	6⅞	6⅛	6⅞	
ManhattanShirt (1)	1	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	
Maracaibo OE .05g	22	3½	3	3⅛	+ ½
Mar Midland .16g	16	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	
MarktStRy pr pf	†2150	16	15⅞	16	+ ⅛
Marshall Field .80	2	15½	15⅜	15½	+ ⅛
Martin (GL) 1½g	11	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
Martin-Parry	4	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅜
Masonite Corp 1a	3	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛	— ½
Mathieson Alk ¾g	4	22½	22⅛	22½	
May Dept Strs (3)	1	54⅜	54⅜	54⅜	+ ⅜
Maytag Co	16	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
McCrory Stores 1	5	16⅜	16⅛	16⅜	+ ⅛
McGraw Elec (1)	2	26½	26½	26½	— ⅛
McIntyre P h2.22a	6	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	— ⅛
McKess&Rob 1.15g	23	24	23⅜	24	+ ⅛
McLellan Strs .60g	3	11	10⅜	11	+ ⅜
Mead Corp .45g	2	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
MeCpfBww5½	†50	75½	75½	75½	— ½
Melville Shoe (2)	1	31⅜	31⅜	31⅜	+ ⅜
Mengel Co (¼ae)	1	8½	8½	8½	
Mengel5%pf2½	†10	36½	36½	36½	
Mer&Min Tr 1½g	10	29⅛	28½	29	+ ⅛
Mesta Mach 2½g	4	28⅞	28⅜	28⅜	+ ⅛
Miami Copper ½g	2	7	7	7	
Mid-Cont Pet .40g	14	28⅜	28½	28⅜	— ⅜
Midl Stl P 1pf8	†10	120	120	120	
Midland St P 1½g	1	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	+ ⅜
Minn-Honey Reg 2	4	70½	70	70	
Minn-Moline	13	6½	6⅛	6½	
Minn-Mo pf 4⅞k	1	90⅜	90⅜	90⅜	+ ⅜
MisSion Corp .85e	2	21⅛	21	21	
Mohawk Carpet (2)	2	30	30	30	
Monsanto Chem (2)	5	82½	82	82½	+1½
MonsCh pfA4½	†20	116	116	116	—1
Montgom Ward (2)	15	44⅜	43⅞	44⅛	— ⅛
Morris & Essex	†1750	23	22⅛	22⅜	— ½
Motor Wheel .60g	5	16⅛	16	16⅛	+ ⅛
Mullins Mfg B	10	5	4⅞	5	+ ⅛
Mullins Mfg pf7	†90	74	74	74	+2
Murray Corp ¼g	5	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	
N					
Nash-Kelvin (¼g)	18	11⅞	11⅜	11⅜	
Nat Acme 1½g	7	15⅛	15	15⅛	+ ⅛
Nat Aviation ¼g	1	11½	11½	11½	— ⅛
Nat Biscuit 1.20	5	21⅜	21½	21½	
Nat Can	10	8⅞	8⅜	8⅞	+ ⅛
Nat Cash Reg (1)	9	27½	26½	27½	— ⅛
Nat Container (1)	2	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	+ ⅛
Nat Cylinder G .80	1	12⅛	12½	12⅛	+ ⅛
NatDairyProd .65g	5	20	19⅞	20	+ ⅛
Nat Dept Strs (½g)	2	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	
Nat Distillers (2)	10	31⅜	30⅜	31	+ ⅜
Nat Gypsum ¼ae	7	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	
Nat Gyps pf4½	†50	90	90	90	
Nat Lead (½)	10	17⅜	17½	17½	
Nat Lead pfA7	†20	172	171½	172	+1½
NatMal&StlC ¾g	2	19⅛	19	19⅛	+ ⅛
Nat Pow & Lt	21	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
Nat' Steel (3)	3	59½	59⅛	59½	+ ⅛
Nat Supply	30	13	12⅞	12⅞	+ ⅛
Nat Sup 6pf 6	†40	81	80½	81	+ ½
Nat S5½pf5½	†350	74⅛	74	74⅛	+1
Nat Sup $2pf 1k	2	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	
Nehi Corp ½	2	14⅞	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
Newberry JJ 2.40	3	55	55	55	—1½
Newberry 5pf5	†10	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛	+1⅛
Newmont Min 1½g	8	29⅞	29½	29⅞	+ ⅜
Newport Ind .60g	11	18⅞	18⅜	18⅜	
NewptNeShip 1½g	2	15⅜	15⅛	15⅜	
NY Air Brake (2)	2	37⅞	37⅛	37⅞	+ ⅜
NY Cent RR 1½g	41	18⅛	18	18	— ⅛
NY Chi&StL	1	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
NY Chi&StL pf	1	64½	64	64½	+ ⅛
NY & Harlem 5	†10	130½	130½	130½	
NY Lack & W	†140	48	47½	47½	— ½
NY NH&H	2	⅜	⅜	⅜	
NY NH & H pf	1	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	— ⅛
NY Shipb'd 1½g	3	17⅛	17	17⅛	— ⅛
Norf&Westn 10	†70	185	183½	183½	—1½
No Am Avia (1e)	14	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
North Am Co .96f	54	17	16⅞	16⅞	+ ⅛
Northern Pac 1e	12	15⅜	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
Northwest Air ½e	1	18	18	18	
Northwest Tel 3	†150	78⅛	78	78⅛	+ ⅛
O					
Ohio Oil (¼g)	20	17⅜	17⅛	17⅜	+ ⅛
Oliver Farm Eq 1a	3	43⅜	43⅛	43⅜	+ ⅛
Oppenheim C .80g	1	9	9	9	— ⅛
Otis Elevator .45g	3	19⅛	19	19⅛	+ ⅛
Owens-Ill Glass 2	4	60	59⅜	60	+ ½
P					
Pac Am Fish (1e)	1	12	12	12	
Pac Coast 2pf	†300	19	18⅞	19	
Pac Gas&Elec (2)	12	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	— ⅛
Pac Mills (1½g)	6	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	— ⅛
Pac T&T 4½g	†10	116½	116½	116½	+ ½
Pac T&T pf6	†80	156½	157	156	—1½
Pac Tin Cons	2	5⅛	5	5⅛	+ ⅛
Packard Mot .10g	11	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	
Pan Am Airways 1e	34	32⅛	31⅜	32½	+ ⅜
Park P&R (.10g)	8	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	+ ⅛
Paraffine Cos (2)	1	43⅛	43⅛	43⅛	— ⅜
Param Pict 1.20	43	25⅜	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
Parke Davis 1.30g	4	31⅜	31⅜	31⅜	
Parmelee Transport	2	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	+ ⅛
Patino Mines (3g)	1	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	
Park Utah Con M	8	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
Penick&Ford 1¼g	1	54⅞	54⅞	54⅞	— ⅛
Penney (JC) 3	5	94⅜	93⅜	93⅜	—1⅛
Penn Cent Airl	3	15⅛	15	15	— ⅛
Penn Coal&Coke	3	9	9	9	
Penn-Dix Cement	4	2½	2½	2½	— ⅛
Penn Gl S pf5	†10	110½	110½	110½	
Penn RR (1g)	22	27	26⅞	26⅞	— ⅛
Peoples Drug 1g	1	23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	—1
Peo G&L&C (4)	3	58	57⅜	58	+ ⅜
Pepsi-Cola 1½g	20	53⅛	52½	52½	— ⅛
Pfeiffer Brew ¼g	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
Phelps Dodge 1.60	9	23½	23⅛	23½	+ ⅜
Phila Co 6pf 3	†140	49⅞	49	49⅞	+1⅛
Phila El .30g	10	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	
Phila El $1pf (1)	3	24⅞	24⅜	24⅞	+ ⅛
Philco Corp .55g	4	22⅞	22⅜	22⅞	+ ⅛
Philip Morris 3a	1	82⅛	82⅛	82⅛	+ ⅛
Phillips Pet (2)	20	47⅛	47	47⅛	+ ⅛
Pitts Coal pf (2k)	3	56⅛	56	56⅛	— ⅛
Pitt Coke&I ¼ae	1	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
Pitt Forgings ¾g	1	12	12	12	— ⅛
Pitt Scr&Bolt .30g	2	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	
Pitt Steel	6	8⅛	8⅛	8½	
Pitt St 5pf	†65	47	46⅛	47	+1
Pittston Co	39	6⅛	5⅞	6⅛	+1⅛
Pitts pf A 5	†180	80⅛	74	80½	+7
Plymouth Oil ¾g	3	18⅞	18⅜	18⅞	+ ⅜
PondCreekPoc 1½g	1	20	20	20	
Poor & Co B	4	9⅞	9⅜	9⅜	
Postal Tel pf 8	83	24⅛	22⅜	24⅛	+1⅛
Pressed St Car (1)	7	11⅛	11	11⅛	— ⅛
Procter&Gam (2)	4	57⅜	57⅜	57⅜	+ ⅛
Pub Svc NJ ¾g	41	15⅜	15⅜	15½	— ⅛
Pub S NJ 8 pf 8	†270	114⅞	114½	114½	— ⅛
Pub S NJ 7 pf 7	†350	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛	— ⅜
Pub S NJ 6 pf 6	†150	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	— ⅜
Pub S NJ 5 pf 5	†880	94⅜	94⅛	94½	
Pub S El&G pf (5)	60	117	116⅜	116⅜	— ⅛
Pullman (1½g)	48	38	37⅛	38	+ ½
Pure Oil (½e)	13	16⅛	15⅞	16⅛	+ ⅛
Purity Bak (¾g)	1	21⅛	21	21⅛	+ ⅛
Pure Oil 5pf (5)	1	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜	
Quaker Sta Oil (1)	1	14	14	14	+ ½
R					
Radio C of A .20g	31	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	
Radio pf (3½)	4	69⅜	69	69	—1
Radio-Keith-Orph	32	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
Radio-K-O pf5k	†490	93⅛	92⅛	93	+1½
RR S Ill CStk	†1	9	9	9	
Raybestos-M 1½	2	26	26	26	
Rayonier Inc ¾g	6	13½	13⅛	13½	— ⅛
Rayonier I pf (2)	2	31½	31	31	— ⅛
Reading 1 pf 2	1	34	34	34	— ⅛
Reading 2pf 2	1	27	27	27	— ⅛
Rem R&Co 1pf	†140	70½	68	68½	—4½
Reming Rand 1g	11	15½	15⅛	15½	
Rem R pfww 4½	2	87	86½	87	+2
Reo Motors ¼ae	1	8½	8½	8½	
Repub Steel (¾g)	22	18⅜	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅛
Rep Stl cvpf 6	†200	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	
Rep Steel pf A 6	1	84	84	84	+ ½
Revere Cop & Br	1	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	+ ⅛
RevB5½pf5¼	†20	63	63	63	
Reynolds Met ¾g	2	12⅜	12⅜	12⅜	+ ⅛
Reyn M pf 5½	†10	91	91	91	+ ⅛
Reynolds T B 1.40	8	29½	29	29	— ⅛
Rheem Mfg (1)	1	13½	13½	13½	
Richfield Oil (½ae)	6	10	9⅞	10	+ ⅛
Ruberoid .45g	2	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜	
S					
Safeway Stores (3)	2	43⅜	43⅛	43½	— ⅜
Safe St 5pf 5	†10	112⅜	112⅜	112⅜	
StJosephLead 1½g	3	32⅞	32⅜	32⅜	— ⅛
St L-San Fran pf	1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+ ⅛
Savage Arms ¾g	4	8⅛	8	8	
SchenleyDistl 1½g	5	34⅛	33⅞	34	
Scott Paper 1.80	2	40	40	40	
Scott P $4 pf 4	†20	110½	110½	110½	+1½
Seaboard Air Line	29	⅞	11/16	⅞	+ ⅛
Seab Air Line pf	1	2	2	2	
Seaboard Oil (1)	1	22½	22½	22½	+ ⅜
Sears Roebuck (3)	24	85½	84⅞	85	
Servel Inc (1)	9	17⅞	17⅜	17⅞	+ ⅛
Sharon Stl Co ¾g	1	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	+ ⅜
Sharon St pf 5	†40	66⅛	66½	66½	
Sharp&Dohme ¼g	9	13	12⅜	12⅜	
Sheaffer Pen 2a	†20	57	57	57	+2
She'lUnionOil .40g	10	23⅛	23	23	— ½
Sil King Coal .30g	4	3⅞	3⅜	3⅞	
Simmons Co ½g	10	25⅜	25½	25½	— ⅛
Sinclair Oil (½)	39	12	11⅞	12	+ ⅛
Skelly Oil ¾g	7	40	39⅜	39⅜	— ⅜
Sloss-Sh S .30g	†150	20⅜	20	20⅜	— ⅜
Smith (AO)Co ½g	11	35½	34	34½	— ⅛
Smith & Cor Ty 2	10	22	21½	21½	— ⅛
Socony-Vacuum ½	67	13⅛	13⅛	13½	+ ⅛
Sou Am G&P .20g	7	4	3⅞	4	
So P RicoSug 3½g	1	28½	28½	28½	+ ½
So P R Sug pf 8	†10	142	142	142	— ⅜
S'east Gyh L 1½ae	5	28½	28⅛	28⅛	
Sou Cal Edis 1½	17	24	23⅞	24	+ ½
Sou Nat Gas (1)	5	14½	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
Southern Pacif 1g	15	26⅜	26⅛	26⅜	+ ⅛
Southern Ry (2g)	3	23⅛	23	23	— ⅛
South Ry pf 3¾g	1	43	43	43	+ ½
Sou Ry M&O 4	†90	51	51	51	
Spencer Kell 1.30g	2	32	32	32	
Sperry Corp ¾g	18	26⅜	26	26⅜	+ ⅛
Spicer Mfg (3)	2	36½	36½	36½	— ⅛
Spiegel Inc	11	6⅞	6⅜	6⅜	— ⅛
Spiegel pf 4½	†390	57	56	56	—1½
Square D Co 1½g	6	38	37½	37½	— ⅜
Stand Brands .10g	14	27⅛	27	27⅛	+ ⅛
Std G&E $4 pf	18	3⅛	2⅞	3⅛	+ ⅛
Std G&E $6 pr pf	19	35⅜	33⅛	35⅛	+1⅞
Std G&E $7 pr pf	79	39⅜	37⅛	39⅛	+1⅞
Stand O Cal 1.35g	15	37⅜	37⅜	37⅜	+ ½
Stand Oil Ind 1A	14	34⅜	34⅛	34⅛	— ⅛
Stand Oil NJ 1a	29	58⅜	58⅜	58⅜	+ ⅛
Stand O Ohio 1½	1	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛	+ ⅜
Stand Stl Sprg	12	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	— ⅛
Sterling Drug 2¼g	2	64⅛	64⅛	64⅛	— ⅛
Stewart Warn ½	2	12	11⅞	12	
Stokely Bros	3	11⅜	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅛
Stokely Bros pf (1)	1	16	16	16	
Stone&Webster ¼ae	4	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
Studebaker Co ¼g	9	12	11⅞	12	+ ⅛
Sun Oil (1)	11	62	61⅞	62	+1
Sun O pf A 4½	†60	129	128½	129	+ ½
Sunray Oil (.20g)	13	6	5⅞	5⅞	
Sunshine Min .35g	3	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	+ ⅛
Superheater (1)	1	18½	18½	18½	
Sup Oil Cal 1½g	13	70⅛	70⅛	70⅛	+ ⅛
Superior Stl 1.20	1	27	27	27	
Sutherland P1.20	3	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	— ⅛
Swift & Co 1.20a	8	26½	26½	26½	
Swift Intl (2)	2	31	30⅞	30⅞	— ⅛
Sylvan El Prod ¾g	10	30⅞	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅛
Syming-Gould ¼g	2	6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	
T					
Talcott J Inc .40	2	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
Tenn Corp ¾g	1	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	
Texas Co 2	14	49⅞	49⅛	49⅞	+ ⅛
Texas Gulf P .20g	1	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	— ⅛
Texas Gulf Sul 2a	11	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞	
Tex Pac C&O .40	9	15½	15½	15⅛	+ ⅛
The Fair	6	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
Thermoid Co .40	6	9	8⅞	8⅞	+ ½
Ther cv pf 3.60	†60	50½	50⅛	50½	
Third Ave Tran	7	5	5	5	
ThompsonProd ¼g	4	30⅜	30½	30⅜	+ ⅛
Thompson-Starrett	4	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
Tidewat A Oil .60	10	14	13⅞	13⅞	— ⅛
TideWat pf4½	†340	100½	100⅜	100½	
Tim-D Axle 1¾g	1	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜	— ½
TimkenRBear 1½g	3	47⅛	46½	47⅛	+ ⅛
Transamerica (½)	3	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
Trans & West Air	4	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞	+ ⅛
Tri-Cont Corp	19	3⅜	3½	3½	— ⅛
Tri-Cont pf 6	†50	83⅜	83⅜	83⅜	— ⅛
Truax-Traer C .80	1	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	+ ⅛
Twent C-Fox 1g	22	21⅞	21⅞	22	
Twent C-F pf 1½	12	30	29⅜	30	+ ⅛
Twent CF prpf4½	1	101	101	101	
Twin Coach ¼ae	1	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	+ ⅛
Twin City Rapid Tr	2	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
Twin C pf 5¼k	†80	75⅛	74⅜	75⅛	+ ⅛
U					
Underw'd-Ell 1½g	1	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	+ ⅛
Union Bag&Pap	37	10⅜	10	10⅜	+ ⅜
Union Carbide 3	14	81	80⅛	81	
UnionEl M pf 5	†10	116⅛	116⅛	116⅛	
Union El pf 4½	†40	114⅛	114⅛	114⅛	
Union Oil Cal (1)	6	20⅛	20	20⅛	
Union Pacific (6)	4	98	98	98	
Union Pac pf 4	2	97	97	97	— ⅛
Un Tank Car 1½g	1	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	+ ½
Unit Air Lines ½g	26	26⅛	25⅞	26⅛	— ⅛
Unit Aircraft 1½g	9	30⅛	30½	30⅛	— ⅛
Unit Airc pf 5	2	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜	
Unit-Carr F 1.20	1	26	26	26	+1
Unit Corp	91	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
Unit Corp pf 1k	38	35⅛	35	35	+ ⅛
Unit Drug	10	14⅜	14⅛	14⅛	
Unit Dy pf 1¾	†60	57½	57½	57½	
Unit Elec Coal	5	8⅛	8	8	— ⅛
Unit Fruit (2½g)	4	75	74⅞	75	+ ⅜
Unit Gas Imp	43	2½	2⅛	2½	
Unit Mer&Mfr 2	7	26	25⅜	25⅜	— ⅛
US & For Sec	5	9⅜	9⅛	9⅛	
US Freight ¾g	1	15⅜	15⅜	15⅜	— ⅜
US Gypsum (2)	4	75⅜	75⅛	75⅜	+ ½
US Gypsum pf7	†50	179	179	179	
US Hoffman Ma½ae	15	9⅛	9½	9½	+ ½
US Hoff pf 2¾	†10	42½	42½	42½	+1½
US Ind Chem 1a	2	36⅛	36⅛	36⅛	+ ⅛
US Leather	2	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	
US Leather A ½ae	4	17⅜	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
US Lea pr pf 7	†10	112½	112½	112½	—1
US Lines	33	7	6⅞	6⅞	+ ⅛
US Pipe&Fdy (2)	2	33⅛	33	33	
US Plywood 1.20	1	39⅛	39⅛	39⅛	+ ⅛
US Real & Imp	4	2⅛	2	2⅛	+ ⅛
US Rubber (1½g)	13	43⅜	43⅛	43⅛	+ ⅛
US Rubber 1pf 6g	5	125⅛	124⅞	124⅞	— ⅛
US Sm R&M 3½g	5	53⅞	53⅜	53⅜	
US Steel 3g	64	54⅜	53⅞	54⅛	+ ⅛
US Steel pf 7	4	123⅞	123½	123½	— ⅛
US Tobacco (.90g)	6	22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	+ ⅛
US Tob pf 1¾	†50	45	45	45	—1
Utd Stockyds .15e	2	3½	3⅜	3½	
Utd Stores A	5	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	— ⅛
Utd Stores pf (6e)	1	85	85	85	
Univ Leaf Tob 4	†20	69	69	69	
Univ Lab	7	4⅛	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
Univ Lab pf2½	†50	34	34	34	+ ⅛
V					
Van Norm 1.20g	4	10⅜	10⅛	10⅜	+ ⅛
Vick Chem (2)	2	44	43⅞	44	+ ⅛
Vic Chem Wks ¾g	1	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞	
Va Caro Chem	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+ ⅛
Va-C Chem 6pf3k	3	50½	50½	50½	
Va Iron C&C pf	†140	41	41	41	— ⅛
Virginia Ry pf 1½	4	35	34⅞	34⅞	— ⅛
W					
Wabash RR pf4½g	8	37⅛	37	37⅛	+ ⅛
Walgreen Co 1.60	1	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞	— ⅛
Walker H G&W h4	3	51⅛	51	51	
WalkerHG&Wpfh1	6	18	17⅛	17⅞	+ ⅛
Walworth (.60g)	5	8	7⅞	8	+ ⅛
Warner Bros Pict	17	13	12⅞	12⅞	— ⅛
Wash Gas Lt 1½	2	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	— ⅛
Wayne Pump (2)	1	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	— ⅛
Webster Eisenlohr	6	6½	6⅜	6½	+ ⅛
Wesson O&S 1½g	2	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛	+ ⅛
West Ind Sug ½g	9	15⅜	14⅞	14⅞	— ½
West Penn E A7	†40	85	84⅞	84⅞	+ ⅛
West P El 7pf7	†40	98	97	97⅛	+ ⅛
West P El 6pf6	†10	86	86	86	+1⅛
West P P pf4½	†20	116	116	116	+1
W Va Pulp&P 1½g	3	15½	15½	15⅜	— ⅛
W Va P&P pf6	†50	109⅛	109	109	— ⅛
West Auto Sup 1	7	29⅞	29⅜	29⅞	—1
West Maryland	4	3½	3½	3½	
West Un Tel A	112	44⅛	42½	44	+2
Westing Air Br¾g	9	21⅛	21	21⅛	+ ⅛
West El & Mfg 3g	8	96	95½	95½	+ ½
Westv G pf4½	†50	110½	109½	109½	
Wheeling Steel ¾g	5	22⅜	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅜
Wheel St pr pf 5	†30	67⅜	67⅜	67⅜	
White Motor ¾g	2	20⅛	20	20	— ⅛
White Rk M Sp	2	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
White Sew Mach	2	6	6	6	— ⅛
White SM pf 2k	†10	70½	70½	70½	—2½
Wilcox Oil & Gas	3	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
Willys-Overland	19	6⅛	6	6	
Wilson & Co	9	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
Wilson Co $6pf 6k	1	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛	— ⅛
Woodward Iron ¾g	2	21½	21½	21⅛	— ⅛
Woolw'h FW 1.60	16	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	— ⅛
Worthington P&M	1	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛	+ ⅛
Wright Aero 8e	†140	90	90	90	+1⅛
Y					
Yale & Towne .60	6	29⅛	29	29⅛	+ ½
Youngst Sh&T 1½g	26	28⅛	28	28⅛	+ ⅛
Yo S&T pf 5½	†1	94½	94	94½	+ ½
Youngst Stl Dr½g	2	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	— ⅛
Zenith Radio 1g	4	33⅛	33	33	+ ⅛

Stocks Steady; Specialties Show Gains

NEW YORK, Oct. 20 (AP)—Communications shares and a few industrial specialties registered substantial gains today as the main stock market list moved sluggishly in a narrow area.

Leaders generally moved up fractionally in the early proceedings, and while some retreated under later profit selling, the market's undertone remained steady throughout. In the final hour minor advances were well distributed among oils, motors, rubbers, and merchandising stocks. Some higher priced industrials lost ground.

Transactions amounted to about 550,000 shares.

Western Union continued its recent rise, adding around 2 points and Postal had a gain of better than a point. Wall Street heard more reports that the recently effected merger of the two companies promised substantial operating economies.

Case fell back after a bulge of 3 points. Supported issues included Chrysler, General Motors, Anaconda, Dow Chemical, U. S. Gypsum and Texas Co. Rails were mixed.

American Distilling, up several points in the last week, dipped more than 3.

Chicago wheat closed ¼ to ¾ of a cent lower. Cotton futures in late trades were down 20 to 30 cents a bale.

In the curb progress was made by Carrier Corp., Cities Service and Pantepec Oil while N. J. Zinc and American Cyanamid sold off.

Bonds Higher

The bond market strengthened its price structure by fractions to more than a point today, with most all groups participating under the leadership of rails.

Extension of Tuesday's rally found the best going among low to medium priced rail loans. Good demand was shown for bonds of the Florida East Coast, 5s, Erie 4½s, Boston & Main 4½s, Central Pacific first 4s and 5s, Rock Island 4s and 4½s, Cuba Railroad 5s, Great Northern 3¾s and 4½s, International Great Northern 6s and Missouri Pacific 5s.

Active among industrials and others were Hudson Coal 5s, Otis Steel 4½s, Portland General Electric 4½s, Studebaker convertible 6s and Walworth 4s. Investment rated corporates and U. S. Governments were only lightly traded but held a fairly steady undertone most of the time.

Foreign dollar bonds were mostly neglected.

New York Bonds

Quotations to 2:00

United States Government Bonds
(Dollars and Thirty-seconds)

Treasury

Sales in $1,000		High	Low	2:00
9	2½s 69-64 Dec	100.6	100.6	100.6
10	2½s 69-64	100.7	100.7	100.7

New York City Bond

Sales in $1,000		High	Low	2:00
25	3s 80	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝

Corporation Bonds

Sales in $1,000		High	Low	2:00
21	Alleg 5s 50	95⅜	95	95⅜
15	Alleg inc 5s 50	83⅛	82⅜	82⅜
30	AmF&P 5s2030	87⅛	87	87
1	AmT&T 3¼s61	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
10	AmT&T 3s56	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛
5	AmTob 3s62	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
5	AngCN deb67	69	69	69
20	Arm del deb 7s '70	113	112⅛	113
1	Arm Del 4s55	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
3	ATSF 4s95	119⅛	119⅛	119⅛
63	ACL 1st4s52	80⅜	80	80
48	ACL clt4s52	80	80	80
15	ACL 4½s64	66	65⅛	65⅛
10	B&O 1st m 48	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
2	B&O 95 A	72	72	72
19	B&O 95 C	41⅛	41	41⅛
30	B&O 2000 D	41	40⅜	41
10	B&O 96 F	41⅛	41	41
29	B&O cv 60	30⅛	29⅞	30
77	B&O 4s 48	70	69⅞	70
10	B&OPLE&WY 4s 51	65	64⅞	65
2	B&O SW 50	55⅛	55⅛	55⅛
1	BellPa 5s48B	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
1	BethStl 3¼s52	105	105	105
3	BethStl 3s60	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜
60	BostMe 4½s70	51⅛	50⅞	51⅛
18	BostMe 4s60	84⅛	84	84
7	BrkUG 5s45	96⅛	96	96⅛
38	BufR&P 57st	43⅛	43	43
5	Can N 5s69July	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛
32	Cen G 5s59C	16⅛	16	16
28	Cen G cn5s45	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛
4	CenO 1st5s45	90	89⅞	90
34	CenPac 5s60	87⅞	87⅛	87⅞
37	Cen P 1st4s49	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛
26	CRRNJ 5s87	32⅛	32	32⅛
70	Chi&A 3s49	23⅛	23⅛	23⅛
45	CB&Q 5s71A	91	90⅞	91
80	CB&Q 4½s77	83	82⅛	82⅜
10	CB&Q 4s58	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
29	CB&Q 4sIll49	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛
2	CB&Q 3½sIll49	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
83	C&EI inc 97	44⅛	44	44⅛
4	COW 4½s2038	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛
373	CMSPP 5s 75	41	41	41⅛
477	CMSPP 5s2000	15⅛	14⅛	14⅞
17	CGW 4s88	76⅛	75⅞	76⅛
56	SMSP 4½s89C	73⅛	73	73
92	CMSP g 4s87	70⅛	70⅛	70⅛
5	C&NW 5s2037	47⅛	47⅛	47⅛
167	CKNW 4¾s87	62	62	62
107	C&NW 4¾s49	13⅛	13	13⅛
11	C&NW 4s87	60⅛	60⅛	60⅛
7	C&NW 4s 87st	60⅛	60⅛	60⅛
110	CRIP 4½s52A	39⅛	38⅛	39⅛
270	CRIP 4½s60	10⅛	9⅞	10⅛
168	CIP&P 4s88	57⅛	57	57⅛
540	CRIP r 4s34	35⅛	34⅞	35⅛
11	Ch&WI 4s52	105	104⅛	105
59	CCCSL 4½s77	58⅛	58	58⅛
9	Cl UT 5s73	85	84⅛	85
31	Cl Ut 4½s77	76⅛	76⅛	76⅛
21	ColS 4½s80	57	56	57
3	ColG 5s52May	103½	103⅛	103½
28	Col G 5s 61	103½	103⅛	103½
11	Com Ed 3½s58	115	115	115
1	Con Ed 3½s48	105½	105⅛	105½
25	ConsP 3¼s66	108	107⅜	107⅜
32	CrucStl 3¼s55	98½	98⅛	98⅛
41	Del&H rs43	79½	78⅛	78⅛
10	D&RG 4½s36	50½	50⅛	50½
46	D&RG 4s36	49½	48⅞	49
78	DRGW 5s55a	6	5⅛	5⅞
20	D&RG 5s78	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛
1	DuqLt 3½s65	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
21	Erie 4½s 2015	61	60⅞	61
124	Erie 4s95	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
11	FirestTR 3182	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
60	FlaEC 5s74	39	39	39
2	FlaEC 5s6ct	38	38	38
2	GenStC 3½s49	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜
23	GtNor 4½s77E	99⅞	99⅛	99⅞
29	GtNor 4s46H	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
4	GM&O 4s75	99⅞	99⅞	99⅞
1	GM&O inc2015	63	63	63
65	HudC 5s62A	56⅛	56	56⅛
4	HM rfs57	57	56⅞	57
75	HM inc5s57	27	26⅞	26⅞
2	Ill Bell 3½s81	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
3	IC 4s52	62	62	62
14	IC 4s53	61⅛	61	61⅛
23	IC rfs55	60⅛	59⅞	60⅛
10	IC 4¾s66	49⅛	49⅛	49⅛
27	ICCSL 5s63A	54⅛	54⅛	54⅛
5	ICCSL 4½s63	54⅛	54⅛	54⅛
105	IntGN 6s52	30⅛	30	30⅛
10	IntGN 1st6s52	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛
10	IntGN 5s56B	51⅛	51	51⅛
10	IntGN 5s56C	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛
9	IntHE 6s44	50⅛	50	50⅛
5	IntPap 5s47	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
1	IntT&T 4½s52	79⅛	79	79
14	IntT&T 5s55	83⅜	83⅛	83⅜
1	KCFtS 4s36	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛
2	KC Sou 3s50	73⅛	73⅛	73⅛
5	Lac G 5½s53	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
3	LehVRT 5s54	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛
4	LehV 5s2003	43	43	43
10	LehV 4½s2003	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛
10	LehV 4s 2003	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛
10	L Isl 4s49	104	104	104
2	Lou&A 5s69	92⅛	92⅛	92⅛
4	Manati S 4s 57	68⅛	68⅛	68⅛
3	MichCG 4s53	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛
10	MSNW 4s47	55	55	55
7	MSPSSM 5s '38	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛
29	MSPSSM c 4s '38	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛
25	M-K-T aj 5s '67	61⅛	61⅛	61⅛
6	M-K-T 1st 4s '90	58⅛	58⅛	58⅛
2	M-K-T 4s '62B	52⅛	52⅛	52⅛
118	Mo P 5s '49	51	51	51
42	Mo P 5s '65 A	52⅛	52⅛	52⅛
100	Mo P 5s '77 F	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛
3	Mo P 5s '77 F ct	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛
55	Mo P 5s '78 G	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛
107	Mo P 5s '80 H	58⅛	57⅞	58⅛
163	Mo P 5s '81 I	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛
356	Mo P g 4s '75	25	24⅞	25
1	MWPPS 4½s '60	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛
4	MWPPS 4s '65	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛
2	Mont P 3¾s '66	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛
15	Mor&E 4½s '55	44⅛	43⅛	44⅛
16	Mor&E 4½s 2000	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛
3	Nat Dai 3¾s '60	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛
5	Nat Dist 3½s '49	103	102⅞	103
5	NERR 4s '45	82	82	82
4	NOTerm 4s '53	95	94⅞	95
12	NOTM 5½s '54	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛
43	NYC r 5s 2013	63⅛	62⅞	62⅞
70	NYC 4½s 2013A	56⅛	56⅛	56⅛
27	NYC cn 4s '98	60⅛	60⅛	60⅛
4	NYC cv 3½s 52	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛
1	NYCHR 3½s 97	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛
15	NYChSL 5½s 74	93⅛	92⅞	93⅛
31	NYChSL 4½s 78	82	81⅞	81⅞
44	NYNHH 6s 48	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛
60	NYNHH 4½s 67	45⅛	45	45⅛
27	NYNHH 4s 55	43	42⅞	43
63	NYNHH 4s 56	43	43	43
5	NYOW r4s 92	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
19	NYWB 4½s 46	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
21	NorfS 5s 2014	40⅛	40⅛	40⅛
1	NorfS 4½s 98	80	80	80
24	Nor P 6s 2047	79	78⅞	79
3	Nor P 5s 47 D	65⅛	65⅛	65⅛
5	Nor P 4½s 2047	60	59⅞	60
28	NorP 4s 97	90⅛	90	90
47	NorP 4s 2047	54	54	54
3	Ohio Ed 4s 65	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
9	OWRRN 4s 61	109	109	109
1	OtisSt 4½s 62	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
2	PenP&L 4½s 74	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
7	PenP&L 3½s 69	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛
8	Pen RR g5s 68	116⅛	116⅛	116⅛
20	PenRR g4½s 65	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛
72	Pen RR 4½s d 70	97	96⅞	96⅞
3	PenRR g4½s 81	108	108	108
10	Pen RR 3¾s 70	99	98⅞	98⅞
22	PenRR 3¾s 52	100⅛	100	100
10	Pere M 4½s 80	71⅛	71⅛	71⅛
1	Phelp D 3½s 52	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
5	Phil Co 4½s 61	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
1	Phil El 3½s 67	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛
47	PhRCI 5s 49	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛
17	PhRCI 5s 73 st	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛
10	PortGE 4½s 60	93	92⅞	93
11	Rdg 4½s 97 A	83⅛	83⅛	83⅛
3	Rep Stl 4½s 61	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛
6	Rep Stl 4½s 56	105	104⅞	105
4	Rio GW 4s 39	53⅛	53⅛	53⅛
127	Rio GW 4s 49	50⅛	49⅞	50⅛
15	StLIMSReRG 33	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛
6	StLSF 5s 50 B	38⅛	37⅞	38⅛
10	StLSF 5s 50 B ct	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛
310	StLSF 4s 50	35⅛	34⅞	35
400	StLSF 4s 50 A	36⅛	35⅞	36⅛
2	StLSW rf 5s 90	46⅛	46⅛	46⅛
6	StLSW 2d 4s 89	83	83	83
10	Schen D 4s 52	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
300	Sea AL c 4s 49	29⅛	29⅛	29⅛
42	Sea AL 4s 49 ct	29⅛	28⅞	29⅛
10	Sea AL rf 4s 59	28	28	28
38	Sea AL rf 4s 50	23⅛	23	23⅛
2	Shell U 3½s 54	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
3	Soc-Vac 3s 64	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛
10	SBT&T 3s 79	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
9	So Pac 4½s 68	63	62⅞	63
14	So Pac 4½s 81	62	61⅞	62
10	So Pac 4½s 69	61⅛	61⅛	61⅛
86	SoPac rf4s55	80⅛	80⅛	80⅛
20	SoPac 4½s DrT7	90	89⅞	90
37	SoPSFT 4s50	83⅛	83⅛	83⅛
2	SouRy cn5s94	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
3	SouRy g4s56	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛
1	SWBell 3s68	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
8	StdONJ 3s61	74	73⅞	74
1	Stdbkr 6s 45	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛
1	TexCorp 3s65	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛
2	T&P 5s79C	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
40	ThAve 5s60	79⅛	79⅛	79⅛
1	UnPac1st4s47	31⅛	31	31
3	UnC-WB 3s53	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
1	Va Ry 3¾s66	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
1	Wab 4½s91	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛
2	Wab 4s81	50⅛	50⅛	50⅛
2	Wab 4s71	60⅛	60⅛	60⅛
3	Walwrth 4s55	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
36	W Sh 4s2361	90⅛	90	90⅛
115	W Md 4s52	54⅛	54	54⅛
2	WPac 1st5s46	89	88⅞	89
12	WPac 5s46asd	75⅛	75⅛	75⅛
65	WestUn 5s51	75⅛	75⅛	75⅛
40	WestUn 5s60	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
14	WestUn 4½s50	100	99⅞	100
5	WhStl 3½s66	100	100	100
9	WisCen 4s49	92⅛	92⅛	92⅛
10	WisC 4s36	64⅛	64⅛	64⅛
1	Young ST 4s48	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛
9	YoungST3¼s60	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛
		101⅛	101⅛	101⅛

Foreign Bonds

Sales in $1,000		High	Low	2:00
14	Arg 4s72Feb	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛
3	Arg 4s72Ap	84⅛	84⅛	84⅛
25	Arg 4¾s71	93	92⅞	93
3	Belgium 6s55	100	100	100
1	Braz 6½s 27-57	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛
7	BuenA 4¾s77	75⅛	73⅞	75⅛
2	Canada 4s60	109⅛	109⅛	109⅛
10	Chile 6s60asd	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛
5	Colomb 3s70	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛
3	Cuba 4½s77	98	98	98
1	NSWales 5s57	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛
2	Pan 5s63Ast	89⅛	89⅛	89⅛
28	Peru 1st6s60	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
27	Peru 2d6s61	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
6	Rio De J 6½s53	27	26⅞	27
2	SaoPSt 7s40	68	68	68
2	Serbs C8 7s62	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛

Total today, 8,501,200; previous day, 13,685,500; week ago, 7,235,600; year ago, 13,129,000; two years ago, 5,939,900; Jan. 1 to date, 2,784,030,875; year ago, 1,859,739,450; two years ago, 1,699,785,925.

New York Curb

Closing Prices

Sales	Stock and Div.	High	Low	Close
500	Aero Sup B (.30g)	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
100	Air Inv war	1-64	1-64	1-64
1100	Airc Access (¼e)	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
100	Alum Ltd (h8a)	88⅜	88⅜	88⅜
1950	Alum Co Am (3g)	112½	108½	112½
600	Alum Co Am pf (6)	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛
250	Am C P&LA (¾g)	39⅜	38⅜	39⅛
50	AmCP&Lnew (.34g)	36	36	36
500	Am Cit P&LB	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
400	Am Cyan B (.60)	42⅞	42⅛	42⅛
100	Am & Fgn P war	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1300	Am Gas & El (1.60)	26⅛	25⅞	25⅞
75	Am Gas & El pf 4¾	109	109	109
100	Am Gen (.15g)	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
250	Am Laun Mch 1½G	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜
1200	Am Light & T 1.20	17⅞	17⅛	17⅛
30300	Am Maracaibo	1⅛	1	1⅛
400	Am Meter (¾g)	26	25½	25½
3500	Am Republics (.10g)	12⅛	11⅞	12
700	Am Superpow	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
200	Am Superpow pf	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
100	Am Writ Pap	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞
600	Anch Post F (.15g)	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
2700	Ark Nat Gas	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
4300	Ark Nat Gas A	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
100	Ark N Gas pf (.70k)	10	10	10
200	Aro Equip (¼g)	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞
300	Ashland Oil&R (.40)	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
1700	AtlanticC Fish (¼g)	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
75	Atl Cst L Co (1½g)	33	33	33
800	Atl Rayon (.55g)	8	8	8
100	Ayrshire P Coll	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
300	Babcock&Wil (1g)	23⅛	23	23
1300	Baldwin Loco war	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
300	Barium Sta Stl	2	2	2
1500	Basic Refract (.30g)	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
1400	Berk & Gay Furn	2	2	2
400	Birds S Fdy	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
400	Bliss (E W) (2)	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
100	Blue Ridge	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100	Blumenthal (8)	12	12	12
50	Bohack (HC) 1pf (3k)	79	79	79
100	Bowm-Bilt H	1	1	1
700	Braz Tr L&P (1¾g)	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛
700	Brewst Aero	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
3900	Bridgpt Oil	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
200	Brill B	12⅛	11⅞	12⅛
175	Brill pf	71⅛	71⅛	71⅛
100	Br-Am Tb reg (.382g)	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
2400	Brown-F Dist	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
100	Brown F&WA (1k)	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛
80	Brown F Det $5 pf (5)	78⅛	78	78⅛
800	Brown Rubber	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100	Buckeye P L	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
1000	Buf N&EP pf	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
100	Buf N&EP 5pf	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
1100	Bunk Hill & S	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
100	Burry Biscuit	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
100	Cab El Prod vtc	11	11	11
300	Calamba Sug	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
900	Cal El Pow	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
100	Callite Tung (.10g)	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
700	Can Marconi (h.04g)	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
200	Cap City Prod (¾g)	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
100	Carnation (1)	48	48	48
800	Carrier Corp	14⅛	13⅞	14
50	Castle (AM) (1a)	20	20	20
1700	Cen & SW Ut	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
30	CenNYPowpf (5)	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
300	Cessna Airc (1g)	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
50	Chesebrough (4a)	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
50	Childs pf	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
600	Cities Service	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
100	Cit Svc pf	85⅛	85	85
100	Claude Neon Lts	⅜	⅜	⅜
225	Cleve El Illum (1½g)	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛
200	Cleve Tract (1¼g)	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
100	Colon Develop	6	6	6
400	Colonial Airl	8	8	8
100	Colo Fuel & I war	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
150	Colts PF Arm (2¼g)	49	48½	48½
30	Colum G&E pf (5)	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛
200	Comwlth & So war	3-64	3-64	3-64
100	Compo Sh M vtc	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
50	ConGEBal pfB (4½)	116⅛	116⅛	116⅛
400	Cons Gas Ut	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
700	Cons Stl Corp (1¾g)	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
200	Cons Textile	4	3⅞	3⅞
100	Cont G&E pr pf (7)	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
100	Cont Roll&Stl (1g)	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
100	Cooper-Bess (¼g)	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
200	Copper Range (¼g)	5	5	5
800	Cosden Petro	2⅛	2	2
1200	Creole Pet	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛
100	Crystal Oil Ref	⅜	⅜	⅜
1100	Cuban Atl Sug (1g)	18⅛	17⅞	17⅞
1700	Croft Brewing	⅜	⅜	⅜
100	Curtis Ltg	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
900	Darby Pet (1g)	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛
100	DennisonMfgA (.30g)	3	3	3
200	Det Gask&Mfg (1)	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
300	DetMichStove (.30g)	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
25	Diamond Shoe (.55g)	12	12	12
100	DivcoTwinTrk (¼g)	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
400	Dobeckmun (¾g)	11	10⅞	11
200	Domestic Indst A (¼g)	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
200	Duro-Test (.10g)	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100	Eagle Pich Ld (.30g)	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
100	East Gas & F	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
25	EastG&Fppf (3k)	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛
475	East G&Forpf (4¼)	58⅛	57⅞	58
75	EastSugAs pf (2¼k)	41	40⅞	40⅞
100	Easy Wash MB (¼g)	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
50000	El Bond & Sh	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
600	El Bond & Sh pf (6)	82⅛	82⅛	82⅛
100	El Bo&Sh $5 pf (5)	79⅛	79⅛	79⅛
200	El P&L 2 pfA	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛
200	Emerson Elec (.35g)	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
100	Equity Corp	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
125	EquityCrp$3pf (2¼k)	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛
500	Esquire Inc (.40g)	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
100	Fairchild Av	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
1100	Fairchild En & Air	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100	Falstaff Brew	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
200	Fansteel Met	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛
25	Fla P & L $7 pf	100	100	100
400	Froedt G&M	18⅛	18⅛	18⅛
100	Gellman Mfg .20G	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100	Gen Firepfg (¾g)	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
20	Gen Pub S pf	72	72	72
200	Gen Share	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
10	Gen Share pf (6d)	74⅛	74⅛	74⅛
50	Gen WatG&E pf (3)	41⅛	42	42
100	Gilbert (AC) (½g)	11	11	11
400	Glen Old Coal 1.20G	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛
10	Goodman Mfg (1½g)	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛
100	Gorh Mfg (1½g)	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛
100	Grand Rap V (.30)	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
100	Gray Mfg	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
225	Gt Atl&P nv (3¼g)	89⅛	89⅛	89⅛
100	Greenf T&D (1e)	8	8	8
400	Hall Lamp (.40g)	6	6	6
500	Hartford Ray vtc	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
200	HarvardBrew (20g)	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
100	Hearn D Str	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
300	Hecla Min (¾g)	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
300	Heller (W E) (.40a)	27	27	27
200	Heller pf (1¾)	27	27	27
300	Heyden Chem (.40g)	21⅛	21⅛	21⅛
300	Humble Oil (1¾g)	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
400	Ill Iowa Pow	42⅛	42⅛	42⅛
300	Ill Iowa Pow div ct	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
300	Ill IowaPw pf (1¾k)	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
300	Ill Zinc (1.65g)	14	14	14
1300	Imp Oil Ltd (h½)	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
500	Imp Oil Ltd reg (h½)	14	14	14
200	Ind Svc 6% pf	38⅛	38⅛	38⅛
60	Ind Svc 7% pf	43	40	43
250	Ins Co N Am (2½a)	85⅛	84⅛	84⅛
600	Int Indust	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
300	Int Min & Chem war	8⅛	8	8
800	Int Petrol (h1)	19	18⅞	19
100	Int Util A	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
50	Int Util pf	18	18	18
100	Irving Air Ch (1)	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
100	Ital Superpow A	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
200	Jacobs Airc En (.15g)	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
3000	Jacobs (F L)	6	6	6
200	Kirby Pet (.10e)	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛

Quotations to 2:55 p. m.

Sales	Stock and Div.	High	Low	2:55
100	Kirk Lake GM (h.04)	⅜	⅜	⅜
100	Klein (DE) (¼g)	16	16	16
100	Kleinert (.70G)	12	12	12
20	Koppers Co pf (6)	104	104	104
3	KruegerBrew (.45G)	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
200	Lake Shore M (h.80)	13	12⅞	12⅞
400	LakeyFdy&M	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
200	Lamson Corp (.30G)	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
1700	Lehigh C&N (.40G)	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
1500	Lone Star Gas (.40G)	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
300	Long Is Ltg	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
250	Long Is L pf B	48	48	48
1500	Louis L & E (.30g)	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
100	Mangel Strs	6	6	6
700	Mass Util Asso	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100	McWill Dredg	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
125	Mer-C&SpfA (4½k)	108	108	108
100	Mesabi Iron	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100	Micromat Hone (.10g)	6	6	6
100	Mid St P Bvtc	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
700	MidWestCorp (¼g)	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
25	Midvale (1½a)	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛
100	Mid-West Abr	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
200	MidwPip&Stl .40g	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
200	Mid West Ref (.15g)	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
75	Minn Min&M (1.20)	54	54	54
100	Molybdenum (¼g)	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
4500	Monogram Pict	3⅛	3	3
10	Montg Ward A (7)	172½	172½	172½
50	Moody Inv pt pf (3)	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛
1100	Mt City Cop (.15g)	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
1200	Mount Prod (¼g)	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
400	Nat Bellas Hess (.05g)	⅜	⅜	⅜
600	Nat Guel G (1)	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
10	Nat P&L pf (6)	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
700	Nat Rub Mcvh (¼g)	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
400	Nat Trans (¼g)	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛
100	Neptune Met A (1e)	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
100	NEAPA 6% pf (4k)	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛
100	NH Clock	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
200	New Idea Inv (.60)	19⅛	19	19⅛
200	N J Zinc (2g)	57⅛	57⅛	57⅛
100	NY Auction (¼g)	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
20	NY P&L 7 pf (7)	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛
2600	Niag Hud Pow	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
10	Niag Hud 2 pf	70⅛	70⅛	70⅛
100	Niag Hud A war	1-64	1-64	1-64
100	Niag Sh Md B (.10g)	5	5	5
500	Niles-Bem-P (1¼g)	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
400	Nor Am Lt & Pow	⅜	⅜	⅜
50	Nor Am L&P pf	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛
100	Nor Sta Pw A	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
40	Ohio Ed pf (6)	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛
20	Ohio Pow pf (4½)	114	114	114
100	Pac G&E 6 pf (1½)	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛
35100	Pantepec Oil Ven	9⅛	8⅞	9⅛
100	PrwrsbrgR&R (¼g)	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
50	Parkerf Pen (1.60)	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛
800	Pennroad (¼e)	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
160	Pa P&L $7 pf (7)	101⅛	100⅞	101⅛
25	Pa Salt (5g)	163⅛	163⅛	163⅛
100	Pharis T&R (.30e)	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
300	Phila Co (.90g)	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
900	Phoenix Sec	26	25⅞	25⅞
100	Pioneer Gold	2	2	2
600	Pitney-Bowes (.40)	7⅛	7	7⅛
300	Pitts Pl Gl (2¾g)	96	95⅞	95⅞
300	Polaris Mng	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
800	Potrero Sugar	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
50	Pratt&Lam (1.30g)	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛
2100	Premier Gld (h.06)	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1400	Pug Sd P&L (.60g)	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
150	Pug Sd P&L 5 pf (5)	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛
10	Quaker Oats (4)	84	84	84
40	Quaker Oats pf (6)	151⅛	151⅛	151⅛
32	RKO opt war	2	2	2
3	Raym Conc (1a)	32	32	32
27	Red Bank Oil	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
400	Republic Avia (¼g)	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
900	Richmond Rad (.10g)	3⅛	3	3⅛
170	Roch G&E pf D (6)	107⅛	107	107
1100	Root ePt	5	4⅞	5
100	Root Pet pf	17	17	17
100	Ryan Aero (.35g)	4	4	4
1400	St Regis Pap	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
1100	Salt Dome Oil	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
200	Samson Unit	2	2	2
300	Savoy Oil	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
4500	Schulte (DA)	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
25	Schulte (DA) pf	45	45	45
100	Scovill Mfg (1½g)	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛
10	Scranton Lace (1½g)	27	27	27
100	Scran-S&W pf	50	50	50
100	Scullin Stl	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛

Sales	Stock and Div.	High	Low	2:55
1600	Segal Lock & H	1⅛	1	1⅛
20	Selected Indus	⅜	⅜	⅜
50	Sel Ind (al ct) (5½)	68⅛	68⅛	68⅛
50	Sel Ind pr (5½)	69	69	69
300	Shat-Denn (¼g)	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
700	Shaw W&P (h.90)	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
300	Singer Ltd (.191g)	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
300	Solar Air (.10g)	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
200	Soss Mfg (.10g)	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
100	So Penn Oil (1.60)	41⅛	41	41⅛
100	So C Ed B pf (1½)	32⅛	32⅛	32⅛
100	So C Ed C pf (1½)	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛
200	So Phosphate (.30g)	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
200	Southl Royal (.40)	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
50	St Pow & L pf	60	60	60
100	Stand Prod	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
100	Sterl Al Prod (.90e)	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
100	Sun Ray Drug (.80)	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
200	Technicolor	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
10	Texas P&L pf (7)	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛
50	Thew Shovel (1½g)	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛
100	Tishman Realty	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
120	ToddShpyns (2g)	57⅛	57	57
200	Tonopah Min (.05g)	⅜	⅜	⅜
300	Trans-Lux	3	3	3
100	Transweet Oil (¼g)	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
300	Tubize Chat	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
250	Tubize Chat A (5g)	68	67	67
200	Udylite Corp (.20e)	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
5400	Unit Cig-Wh Strs	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
1000	Unit Gas	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
250	Unit Gas pf (9k)	119⅛	119⅛	119⅛
200	Unit Lt & Pow A	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
100	Unit Lt & P pf	38	38	38
100	Unit Molasses (.107g)	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
20	Unit NJ RR&C (10)	257	257	257
275	Unit Prof Sh pf	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
40	Unit Shoe M (2½a)	70	69⅞	70
100	Unit Sh M pf (1½)	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛
100	Unit Specialtys (.20g)	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
50	U S Foil B (.30g)	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
50	U S Graphite (.55g)	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
400	U S Radiator	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
500	U S Rub Recl	3	3	3
100	United Stores	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
100	Unit Wall Pap (.10e)	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
100	Univ Cooler A (¼g)	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
700	Univ Pict Vtv	19⅛	19⅛	19⅛
275	Utah PL pf (5¼k)	51⅛	50⅞	50⅞
100	Utility Equit	⅜	⅜	⅜
100	Valspar pf (2½e)	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛
2300	Venezuel Pet	11⅛	11	11
200	Wentwth Mfg (½)	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
100	Wichita R Oil	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛
100	Wms Oil-O-Mat	3	3	3
100	Woodley Pet (.40)	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
1100	Wright Harg (h.30)	3	2⅞	3

Total stock sales today, 215,000 shares; year ago, 106,870 shares.

N. Y. Curb Bonds

Quotations to 2:40 p. m.

Domestic Bonds

Sales in $1000		High	Low	2:40
7	Am P&L 5s 2016	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛
104	As Elec 4½s 53	76⅛	75⅞	76
13	As G&E 5s 50	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛
4	As G&E 5s 68	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛
2	As G&E 4½s 49	24	24	24
3	As T&T 5½s 55A	89⅛	89⅛	89⅛
1	Can Nor P 5s 53	99⅛	99⅛	99⅛
7	Cen St El 5½s 54	35	34⅞	34⅞
29	Cen St El 5s 48	35	35	35
39	Chi Ry 5s 27 ct	69	67⅞	67⅞
5	Cities Ser 5s 58	98	97⅞	98
28	Cities Ser 5s 50	97⅛	97	97
2	Cit SP&L 5½s 49	101	100⅛	101
30	Cit S Pow 5½s 52	100⅛	100	100⅛
51	Cont G&E 5s 58A	91⅛	90⅞	91
98	East G&F 4s 56A	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛
5	Elec P&L 5s 2030	107	107	107
2	Fed Water 5½s 54	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛
2	Fla Pow 4s 66C	104⅛	104	104⅛
2	Fla P&L 5s 54	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
3	Gatineau Pow 3¾s 69	103	103	103
1	Gen Pub S 5s 53	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
4	Glen Ald Coal 4s 65	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛
2	Grand Trunk 4s 50	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛
37	Ill Pow&L 5s 56C	102	102	102
1	Ill Pow&L 5½s 57	108	108	108
1	Ill Pow&L 6s 53	105	105	105
2	Ill Pow&L 5½s 54B	95⅛	95⅛	95⅛
2	Ind Svc 5s 50	95	95	95
1	Ind Svc 5s 63A	56⅛	56⅛	56⅛
2	Inters Pow 6s 52	90⅛	90	90
36	Inters Pow 5s 57	32	32	32
1	It Sup2Pw 6s 63A	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛
1	Minn P&L 4½s 78	105⅛	105⅛	105⅛
1	Miss P&L Co 5s 57	109	109	109
1	Nebr Pw 4½s 81	104⅛	104	104⅛
21	Nevada Cal E 5s 56	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛
1	N Eng G&E 5s 50	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛
13	N Eng G&E 5s 48	72⅛	72⅛	72⅛
1	N Eng Pow 5s 47	78⅛	78⅛	78⅛
23	N Eng Pow 5½s 54	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
17	N Eng Pow 5s 48	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
2	NY&West Lt 5s 54	115⅛	115⅛	115⅛
2	Nor Con Ut 5½s 48A	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛
2	Ohio Pub Sv 4s 62	109	109	109
1	Okla Nat Gas 3¾s 55	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛
1	Okla P&Wat 5s 48	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛
1	Pen Cen L&P 4½s 77	106⅛	106⅛	106⅛
2	Potomac Ed 5s 56E	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛
1	Pub Sv NJ 6s pt	140	140	140
2	Safe Har W 4½s 79	111⅛	111⅛	111⅛
1	Shaw W&P 4½s 67A	104	103⅞	104
7	So Cal Ed 3s 65	105	105	105
3	Spalding 5s 89	79	79	79
1	Stand G&E 6s 48 st	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛
1	Stand G&E 6s 48 cv st	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛
1	Stand G&E 6s 51A	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛
1	Stand P&L 6s 57	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛
1	Tex El 5s 60	107⅛	107⅛	107⅛
1	Twin CRT 5½s 52A	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛
1	Unit L&Ry 5½s 52	104⅛	104⅛	104⅛
1	Waldorf-Ast 5s 54	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛
13	York Rys 5s 37	90	90	90

Foreign Bonds

Sales in $1000		High	Low	2:40
5	Cauca Val 7s 48	18	18	18
2	Danish Con 5s 53	5	5	5
34	Russ 6½s 1919	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
35	Russ 5½s 1921	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛

†Officially listed on application by the Corporation.

Other securities are admitted to dealing as "unlisted" on application of a regular member and approved by the listing committee and the Board of Governors.

Rates of dividends in the foregoing table are annual disbursements based on the last quarterly or semiannual declaration. Unless otherwise noted special or extra dividends are not included.

(xd) Ex-dividend. (xr) Ex-rights. (a) Also extra or extras. (d) Cash or stock. (e) Declared or paid so far this year. (f) Payable in stock. (g) Paid last year. (h) Payable in Canadian funds. (k) Accumulated dividends paid or declared this year. (ur) Under rule. (ww) With warrants. (xw) Without warrants. (war) Warrants.

Boston Stocks

Oct. 20

Div. in $		High	Low	Last	Prev. close
6.50a	Bos & Albany	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛
2.00	Bos Edison	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛
3.00	Bos Elevated	67	65⅛	65⅛	66⅛
1.00	Bos Her-Trav	19	19	19	19
..	Bos & Me pr pf	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛	25⅛
..	Bos & M st A pf	4⅛	3⅛	3⅛	22⅛
..	Bos & M st C pf	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
.30a	Copper Range	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
3.00a	E Gas & F pf	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	33
.75a	Eastern SS	9	9	9	9
1.25b	Employrs Group	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛
.20a	Int But Hole	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	9⅛
.10a	Narr Rac Asso	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
6.25a	N E Tel & Tel	106	106	106	106
..	North Butte	43c	38c	43c	42c
.50	Reece But H	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
.80	Shawmut Assoc	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
1.60a	Torrington	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛
2.50	Unit Sh M	70⅛	70⅛	70⅛	70⅛
1.50	Un Sh M pf	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛	44⅛
..	Utah M&T	23c	22c	21c	21c
1.00a	Warren B D	21	21	21	20

*Ex-dividend. †Ex-rights. a Paid or payable in 1943, no regular rate. b Including extras. c Paid 1943 on account of accumulations. d Paid in 1942, no regular rate.

Continental Baking Co.

NEW YORK (AP)—Continental Baking Co. and subsidiaries reported net earnings for the 13 weeks ended Sept. 25, of $850,300, equal to 35 cents per common share, compared with $780,716, or 27 cents during the same period last year.

News and Comment About Business, Industry, Economics and Finance

Over-the-Counter Securities

Approximate prices compiled under supervision of Boston Securities Traders' Association and National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. These prices may have been higher or lower during the day.

Industrial Stocks

	Bid	Asked
Aetna-Standard Engineering	1⅝	2⅛
American Barge Line Co	9⅝	10½
American Hardware Co	26⅝	28¼
American Manufacturing	33⅝	36⅝
American Manufac 5 pf	85¾	
American Wringer Co	7	7⅞
†Amoskeag Company	34¼	
†Amoskeag Company pf	73⅝	
*Appleton Company	33	36
Applied Arts Corp	3⅞	3⅝
Arlington Mills	40⅝	44
Atlas Plywood Corp pf	26⅝	28⅝
Automobile Banking Corp A	1⅞	2½
Automobile Banking $1.50 pf	15⅝	17½
Bausch & Lomb Optical Co	22	24½
Bausch & Lomb Optical Co pf	208½	
Bendix Home Appliance	6⅛	6⅞
Berkshire Fine Spinning	14½	15⅝
Berkshire Fine Spin $5 pf	66½	..
Bird & Son Inc 5 pf	99	
Boston Wharf Company	19⅝	21¼
Boston Woven Hose &Rubber	34⅝	37⅛
Brown Co	1.35	1.65
Brown Co pf	30⅛	33
Campbell A S Co Inc	5⅝	6⅝
Central Railway Signal A	39	
Chapman Valve Manufac	30½	33
Collyer Insulated Wire Co	14⅞	16¼
Crowell-Collier Pub Co	20½	22⅛
Dewey & Almy Chemical Co	26¼	28⅛
Domestic Finance Corp pf	23½	25½
Draper Corporation	70½	73½
Dwight Manufacturing Co	16⅝	18⅛
Eastern Corporation	6⅛	7½
Eastern Corporation pf	17⅝	19½
Exolon Co	7⅝	9⅛
Family Loan Society Inc	11⅞	13¼
Family Loan Society pf A	23½	25⅞
Food Fair Stores Inc	44⅝	47⅞
Fruit of the Loom	25¼	27½
General Fire Extinguisher	14⅞	16⅞
General Machinery	20¼	22⅛
Giddings & Lewis Mach Tool	7⅝	8⅛
Goodall Worsted Company	38⅞	41½
Graton & Knight Co	11½	13
Graton & Knight Co 7 pf	93⅝	97⅝
Graton & Knight Co pr pf	32⅛	35⅛
Great Northern Paper Co	31⅞	33⅞
Greenfield Tap & Die $6 pf	94⅝	
Greenfield T & D $1.50 cv pf	15	
Hafrington & Richardson	2⅛	2⅞
Haskelite Mfg Co	10⅛	11⅝
Heywood Wakefield Co	15⅞	17⅞
Heywood-Wakefield Co pf B	15⅝	17⅛
Hilton-Davis Chemical Co	16⅞	18⅛
Hilton-Davis Chemical Co pf	24½	26⅛
Hoober Electro Chem	32⅝	34⅝
International Machine Tool	6⅝	7⅝
Keith George E Co	48⅝	
Kendall Company	7⅞	9⅛
Kennedy's Inc pf	18⅛	20⅛
Landers Frary & Clark	35⅛	37⅝
Lincoln Stores Inc	21⅛	23⅛
Lincoln Stores 7	107½	
Long-Bell Lumber Co	5⅛	6⅛
Ludlow Mfg & Sales Co	105⅛	109⅛
Marathon Paper Mills	38⅛	41⅛
Marlin-Rockwell Corp	58⅛	61⅛
Merck & Co	42⅝	46
Merck & Co 4½ pf	112	116
Merrimack Manufacturing	36⅛	40
Merrimack Manufacturing p.	58⅝	63¼
Mtal & Thermit Corp	20⅛	22⅝
Millers Falls Company	8⅞	10⅛
Missouri-Kansas Pipe Line	6⅛	6⅞
Nashawena Mills	16	17⅝
Nashua Gummed & C Paper	64¾	
Nashua Manufacturing Co	32½	35⅝
Nashua Manufac Co 1st pf	70	74
Nashua Manufac Co 2d pf	26⅛	28⅞
National Chemical & Mfg	4⅝	5⅛
Natoinal Shirt Shops	11⅝	12⅞
Naumkeag Steam Cotton	56⅞	60⅞
Newmarket Manufac Co	43	46¼
Nicholson File Company	33½	36
Nonquitt Mills	28⅝	32
Ohio Finance	6⅞	8¼
Panhandle Eastern Pipe Line	39½	42½
Parker Appliance	12⅝	14⅝
Plymouth Cordage Company	112½	117
Quincy Mkt Cold Stor & W	62	..
Quincy Mkt C S & W 5 pf	82	
Remington Arms Co Inc	3¼	3⅝
Saco Lowell Shops Inc	28⅛	30½
Saco Lowell Shops Inc pf	28	
Sagamore Manufacturing Co	50¼	
Sanford Mills	34⅝	37⅝
Submarine Signal Co	24⅛	26⅝
Tampax Inc	5⅛	6⅞
Triumph Explosive Inc	2⅛	2⅞
United Elastic Corp	15⅝	16⅞
U S Envelope Company	59⅞	64¼
U S Envelope Co 7 pf	117	122
Waltham Watch Co 6 pf	51	
Waltham Watch Co 7 pf	100½	
Wamsutta Mills Inc	23	25½
Warner & Swasey Co	8⅛	9⅛
Warren Bros Class B	36⅞	39¾
Warren Bros Class C	10⅝	11⅞
West Point Manufacturing	44½	47½
Wickwire Spencer Steel	12⅛	13⅛

*Ex-dividend. †Not qualified for sale in Massachusetts.

Public Utility Bonds

	Rate	Mat	Bid	Asked
Bellows Falls Hy El	5	1958	104¾	
Blackstone V G & E	5	1965	110¾	
Cent Maine Power	3½	1966	107½	109
Florida Pub Ser	4	1955	102¾	103¾
Green Mtn Power	3¾	1963	104¼	106¼
Narragansett El	3½	1966	109½	111
Savannah El & Pr	5	1955	106¼	
Springfield G & El	5	1957	105	
St Joseph RLH & P	4½	1947	103	
Wisconsin Pub Ser	3¼	1971	107½	109

Public Utility Stocks

	Bid	Asked
Alabama Power $7 pf	112¾	116¾
Arkansas Power & Light $7 pf	95½	99½
Birmingham Electric $7 pf	106¾	110¾
Cen Illinois Public S $6 pf	86½	90¼
Central Pwr & Lt 7 pf	106¼	110¼
Florida Power & Lt 7 pf	99¼	102½
General Water G & E $3 pf	41¾	44¾
Jamaica Water Supply	28¾	31
Jamaica Wat Supply $5 pf A	104¾	
Jersey Central Power ¾ pf	99¼	102¾
Kansas P & Lt 4½s pf	101¾	105¾
Lake Sup Dist Pwr 5 pf	101½	105½
New Orleans Pub S $7 pf	112¾	116¾
New Rochelle Wat pf	9⅞	
Northern Natural Gas Co (com)	30¼	32½
No States Power Del 6 pf	62¾	65¾
No States Power Del 7 pf	70¼	73¼
Ohio Power 4½ pf	113¼	117¼
Ohio Pub Serv 6 pf	108¾	112¾
Ohio Pub Serv 7 pf	117¾	121¾
Pac Pwr & Lt 7 pf	94¼	97¼
Penn Power & Light $7 pf	100¼	103¾
Public Service Ind	17¼	18¾
Public Service Ind $ pf	103¼	106¾
Public Service Okla 5 pf	108¼	112¼
Rochester Gas & El 5 pf	101¾	105¾
Rochester Gas & El 6 pf	106¼	110¼
San Diego Gas & Electric	12⅛	13⅝
Sierra Pacific Power Co	18⅝	20⅝
*Sierra Pacific Power ½ pf	114½	
Tampa Electric Co	22⅝	24⅞
Texas Electric Serv 6 pf	106¼	110¼
Texas Power & Light 6 pf	102¾	106¾
Washington Ry & Elec units	14⅝	16

*Ex-dividend

N. E. Utility Stocks

	Bid	Asked
Bangor Hydro-Electric	19	20¾
Beverly Gas & Electric	32	
Brockton Gas Light	6¾	7¼
Central Maine Power 6 pf	105½	110½
Central Maine Power 7 pf	114	119
Cent Vermont Pub Serv 6 pf	91½	
Conn Light & Power	39½	42
Eastern Utilities Asso	22⅝	24¾
Eastern Utilities Asso conv	1⅝	2⅛
Fall River Gas Works	22	
Fitchburg Gas & Electric	37	39¾
Green Mountain Power pf	69¾	73¾
Hartford Electric Light	47¼	
Haverhill Electric	23¾	26¼
Haverhill Gas Light	12⅞	14½
Holyoke Water Power	16⅝	17½
Lawrence Gas & Electric	28	
Lowell Electric Light	35¾	38¾
Lynn Gas & Electric	75	79
Mass Power & Light pf	15½	16½
Mass Utilities Asso pf	32½	35
Narragansett Elec pf	55½	59
N E Gas & Electric $5.50 pf	17⅝	19⅛
N E Power Assn 6 pf	47¼	49¼
N E Public Serv $7 pr in	84¾	88¾
N E Public Serv $6 pr in	79¾	81¼
N E Public Serv $7 pf	21¾	24¼
N E Public Serv $6 pf	20⅞	23⅛
New Port Electric	20½	
Providence Gas	7⅝	8½
Pub Serv of N H $6 pf	107½	112½
R I Pub Serv pf	32	34½

	Bid	Asked
Rockland Light & Power	7½	8½
Springfield Gas Light	18⅝	19⅞
Twin State Gas & El pr pf	101	
Western Mass Companies	24½	26⅛

New York Bank Stocks

	Bid	Asked
Bank of Manhattan (.80a)	19⅝	20⅝
Bank of New York (14)	366	376
Bankers Trust (1.40)	45	47⅛
Brooklyn Trust (4)	88½	93½
Central Hanover Bk & Trust (4)	96	99½
Chase National (1.40)	35¼	37¼
Chemical Bank & Trust (1.80)	44¼	46½
Commercial (8)	208	219
Continental Bank & Trust (.80)	16½	18
Corn Exchange & Trust (2.40)	46⅝	48⅝
Empire Trust (3)	75	79
First National New York (80)	1485	1525
Guaranty Trust (12)	300½	308½
Irving Trust (.60)	13	14
Kings County (80)	1410	
Lawyers Trust (1)	33¾	36¾
Manufacturers Trust pf (2)	51¼	53¼
Manufacturers Trust (2)	45¾	48¼
National City (1)	32	34
New York Trust (3½)	87	91
Public (1½)	33¾	36¼
Title Guaranty & Trust	4⅝	5½
United States (60a)	1300	1345

(a) Also extra or extras.

Boston Bank Stocks

	Bid	Asked
†Boston Safe Deposit (16)	‡300	
First National (2)	46⅝	49⅛
Merchants National (12)	315	335
†New England Trust (30)	‡400	
Natoinal Rockland (2)	52	57
National Shawmut (1)	22⅞	24¾
Pilgrim Trust (8)	107	
Second National (4)	123	130
†State Street Trust (80)	257	
United States Trust (.50)	9⅞	10¾
United States Trust pf (.80)	15⅝	17⅞
Webster & Atlas (2)	50	55

†Capital stock must be offered to the directors of the bank. ‡Price represents last appraisal.

Other Bank Stocks

	Bid	Asked
Bank of America NTSA (2.40)	44⅛	46⅝
Continental Illinois (4)	99½	103½
First National Chicago (10)	373	378
Pennsylvania (1.60)	33	35⅝

Insurance Stocks

	Bid	Asked
Aetna Casualty (4a)	135½	143½
Aetna Insurance (1.60a)	53¾	56¼
Aetna Life (1.20a)	33½	35¼
Agricultural (3a)	78	81½
American Alliahce (1a)	23½	25½
American Casualty Compan	11¾	13⅛
Emerican Equitable (1)	19½	21
American InsuranceNewark (½a)	16	16¼
American Re-Insurance (1½g)	56¾	59¾
American Reserve	15¼	16¾
American Surety (2½)	59¼	61¾
Baltimore-American (.20a)	7	8
Bankers & Shippers (3g)	82½	87½
Boston (16a)	585	610
Camden Fire (1)	21⅛	22⅝
City of New2York (1g)	18⅝	20⅝
Connecticut General Life (1)	36¾	38¾
Continental Casualty (1.20a)	40½	43
Federal (1.40)	42½	46
Fire Asso Philadelphia (2a)	68½	72½
Fireman Fund (SF) (3)	88½	92½
Firemen's Newark (.40)	13⅛	14¼
Franklin Fire (1a)	19⅛	31⅛
General Reinsurance (2)	47½	50½
Gibraltar Fire & Marine (½g)	17¾	19¾
Glens Falls (1.60)	42¾	45⅛
Globe & Republic (½)	9⅝	10¾
Great American Insurance (1a)	29½	31¼
Hanover (1.20)	28¼	30¼
Hartford Fire (2a)	96½	101
Hartford Steam Boiler (1.60a)	44	47
Home Insurance (1.20a)	32	33¾
Homestead (½g)	14½	16½
Insurance Co No America (2½a)	84	86¾
Jersey Insurance New York (1½)	38¼	41¼
Knickerbocker (½)	8¾	9⅞
Maryland Casualty	5⅞	6⅝
Massachusetts Bond (3½)	71½	75
Merchants&Mfs of New York (.40)	6¾	7⅞
Merchants Fire Assoc (1½a)	47¼	50¼
National Fire (2)	59½	62½
National Liberty (.20a)	7⅞	8½
National nion (3a)	186	196
New Amsterdam Casualty 1½a)	28⅛	30⅛
New Brunswick (1½a)	31¾	34¼
New Hampshire (1.60a)	47¼	49¾
New York Fire (.80)	14⅞	16⅞
North River (1)	23⅞	25⅝
Northeast Insurance	4⅝	5⅛
Northern (3a)	92	96½
Pacific Fire (5)	109½	114½
Pacific Indemnity (2a)	48¾	51¼
Peerless Casualty Company	12⅝	14¼
Poenix (2a)	86	90
Preferred Accident (.80a)	15¾	17¼
Providence-Washington (1a)	36⅛	39⅜
Reinsurance Cor N Y (.075g)	5⅝	7¼
Republic Insur Co Texas (1.20)	25¾	27¾
Revere (P) Insurance (1.20a)	22⅝	24⅝
St Paul Fire & Marine (8a)	301	311
Seaboard Surety (½g)	52¼	53¾
Security (1.40)	36⅛	38⅛
Springfield (4½a)	125½	131
Standard Accident	66	69¾
Travelers (16)	466	481
United Sttes Fid & Guar (1a)	39¼	41¼
United States Fire (2)	49¼	52
United States Guarantee (1.60a)	72½	77½
Westchester (1.80a)	32⅛	34⅝

a—Also extra or extras. e—Paid last year. g—Declared or paid so far this year.

Investment Trusts

Management

	Bid	Asked
Affiliated Fund Inc	3.19	3.49
Amerex Holding	22.625	24.50
American Business Shares	3.26	3.57
Axe Houghton Fund	13.00	14.08
Bond Inv Tr of America	100.43	100.61
Boston Fund	16.24	17.46
Broad Street Investing	26.82	28.99
Bullock Fund	14.22	15.60
Canadian Investment Fund	3.05	3.65
Century Shares Trust	28.06	30.16
Chemical Company	9.63	10.42
Christiana Securities Co	2230.00	2355.00
Commodity Corp	9.15	
Consolidated Investment Tr	34.75	37.75
Dividend Shares	1.18	1.30
Eaton & Howard Bal Fund	20.06	21.54
Eaton & Howard Stock Fd	11.93	12.81
Equitable Invest Corp	29.08	31.27
Equity Corp $3 pf	30.75	33.00
Fidelity Fund Inc	17.63	18.98
Fund Investors Inc	20.71	22.70
General Capital	31.20	33.55
General Investors Trust	5.11	5.50
Incorporated Investors Tr	19.60	21.80
Institutional Sec: Bank Group	.82	.90
Inst Sec: Insurance Group	1.13	1.24

Keystone Custodian Funds

	Bid	Asked		Bid	Asked
B-1	....	33.64	S-1	....	25.73
B-2	....	27.93	S-2	....	13.94
B-3	....	19.24	S-3	....	10.22
B-4	....	9.63	S-4	....	4.43
K-1		17.20	K-2		19.53

	Bid	Asked
‡Loomis Sayles Mut Fd	92.40	....
‡Loomis Sayles 2d Fd	38.50	....
Maryland Fund	4.15	4.75
Mass Invest Tr	20.38	21.91
Mass Inv 2d Fd	10.01	10.76
Mutual Invest	10.46	11.43
Nation Wide Voting	1.23	1.36
New England Fund	12.09	13.03
Old Colony Tr Assoc	18.375	20.00
Plymouth Fund Inc	.48	.53
Putnam Fund	13.24	14.24
Quarterly Income Shares	5.90	6.40
Railway & Light Sec	12.625	13.00
*Railway & Light Sec pf	105.00	
Repub Invest Fund	3.36	3.69
Scudder Stevens & Clark	89.22	91.02
Spencer Trask Fund	13.76	14.63
State Street Invest	77.92	83.73
Trusteed Am Bk "B"	.43	
Trusteed Industry Shrs	.71	.80
Wellington Fund	15.86	17.43
Fixed and Unit Type		
Assoc Stand Oil	6.125	6.875
Corp Tr A A mod. acc mod	2.67	....
Cumulative Trust Shares	4.67	....
Diversified Tr C	3.60	....
Diversified Tr D	5.35	6.10
Foundation Tr Shrs A	3.65	4.25
Fund Tr Shrs A	4.67	5.42
Nation Wide Sec	3.60	....
North Am Bond Tr Ctfs	38.50	....
North Am Tr Shrs 1953	2.06	....
North Am Tr Shrs 1955	2.65	....
North Am Tr Shrs 1956	2.59	....
North Am Tr Shrs 1956	2.50	....
North Am Tr Shrs 1958	2.22	....
Super of Am Tr AA	2.38	....
US Elec Lt & Pow "A"	18.875	....
US Elec Lt & Pow "B"	1.70	....
Investment Banking		
Blair & Co	2.00	2.375
First Boston Corp	20.875	22.875

*Ex-divident. †Sales prices as of 1 p. m. ‡Bid 2% less if not held 3 years.

Aviation Stocks

	Bid	Asked
American Airlines pf	116½	121½
Liberty Aircraft	10⅛	11⅛
N E Airlines	6⅝	7½
Piper Aircraft	5⅛	6⅝
Pollak Manufacturing Co	5⅞	7⅛

INSURANCE
of Every Description
☆
O'Brion Russell & Co.
108 WATER STREET, BOSTON
Tel. Lafayette 5700
111 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Barclay 7-5540

6% INCOME

From a selected list of railroad bonds. These bonds have unbroken records of interest payments for periods up to 51 years.

Send for our analysis "Present Values in Railroad Bonds," and our list of recommendations. There is no charge or obligation.

HODGDON & CO. 31 STATE ST. BOSTON

U. S. Tightens Control Over Foreign Funds

WASHINGTON (AP)—The Treasury has tightened its control over foreign funds in a new effort to prevent enemy nationals from profiting from securities holdings in this country—holdings it said might have been acqured "at the point of a gun."

Under its new regulation American banks are forbidden to sell, buy or receive income from any securities held in the name of a foreign bank without "complete information" or a pledge of such information "as to the past and present beneficial ownership of the securities."

The department said it was known that securities accounts of foreign banks contain assets "beneficially owned" by clients.

Thus in the case of a sale or payment of interest or dividends, the foreign bank might credit the proceeds to the beneficial owner, even though the funds actually paid went into a blocked account in this country.

"Such owner," the department's announcement said, "might well be an Axis national who would thus receive the benefits of free foreign exchange. Furthermore, such Axis national might have acquired his 'ownership,' either literally or figuratively, at the point of a gun."

In addition to its intent to uncover additional enemy-held assets in this country, the regulation is designed, officials explained, to put the world on notice that dealings in American securities abroad will be at the purchaser's risk of running into a frozen account.

While similar controls have been in effect previously in specific cases, tonight's action makes them apply to all financial institutions in blocked countries, except those covered by general licenses designed to accomplish the same result.

In instances where banks are unable to obtain full information or a pledge of information, the regulation permits them to sell and receive income from foreign-held securities provided the proceeds are placed in a specially restricted account.

Banks Increase U. S. Bill Holdings

WASHINGTON (AP)—Holdings of Treasury bills increased $374,000,000 in banks in 101 leading cities during the week ended Oct. 13, the Federal Reserve Board reported.

The board also reported increases of $110,000,000 in government bond holdings, $420,000,000 in demand deposits-adjusted and $115,000,000 in deposits credited to domestic banks.

Commercial, industrial and agricultural loans increased $41,000,000.

'Ad' Official

Kendall Thurston

Named vice-president of Foote, Cone & Belding, New York advertising agency. Mr. Thurston has been chief copy writer on the Sunkist account since 1930 and will continue his work on that account.

G. M. Plans to Build 25 to 50 P. C. More Cars After the War

NEW YORK, Oct. 20 (AP)—General Motors Corp. expects to built 25 to 50 per cent more automobiles after the war than it did in prewar days.

C. E. Wilson, President, says the company—now the biggest armament producer—will need only 60 days to begin peacetime production on 1942-type cars as soon as war tools can be removed and auto equipment reinstalled.

If Mr. Wilson's statement at an "on-the-record" dinner last night provides a viewpoint typical of other top business executives, it indicates many war workers fearing sudden discharge with the end of armament production may instead find themselves busy at peacetime jobs.

But, he said, "If peace came suddenly, we'd have the biggest job of all."

"It's General Motors' intention to try to take on its part of the job of keeping production at a high level," Mr. Wilson said.

"The real struggle in postwar production," he said, "will be to build cars at a price that will not disappoint the public compared with prewar car prices."

Mr. Wilson also indicated that the corporation had no plans for building private planes immediately after the war. He said it might be two years before the corporation could come out with automobile models of new postwar design.

Truman Says His Group Finds Lack of 'National Teamwork'

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 20 (AP)—Senator Harry S. Truman (D) of Missouri said last night his work as chairman of the Senate Committee Investigating the War Program had disclosed a lack of teamwork in our national life because of failure to inspire the people with a common unity of mind and heart and will.

"We know something of what we are fighting against," he declared, "but too few know what we are fighting for.

"In our war effort we have been long on all the things that money can buy. But we have been short on the will to pull together, the will to sacrifice—which money cannot buy."

He told the National Association of Secretaries of State that "conflicts have arisen between labor and management, Congress and labor, race and race, Democrats and Republicans and even at times between the Federal and State governments.

"These conflicts go back to a basic lack of uniting, overarching, positive program, big enough to include all groups and to require all groups to share and sacrifice alike," he said in his prepared address.

"Many Americans are being led down false paths and enticed by negative un-American brands of thought to fight each other over secondary issues. We need to emblazon across the life of this country the cardinal truths of nationhood—that the real issue is not between group and group within our country who seem to have conflicting interests.

"The real issue is whether we are going to sacrifice personal and group selfishness for the sake of the nation—or whether we are going to sacrifice our nation for the sake of selfishness. The issue is whether we are going to sacrifice our national selfishness for the sake of the world—or insure World War III by sacrificing the world for the sake of our national selfishness."

Commodity Futures

Grains at Principal Markets

	Open	High	Low	Close	Pr. Cl.
Dec. Wheat					
Chicago	1.55	1.56¼	1.54¼	1.54½	1.55¼
Manneapolis	1.47	1.48⅛	1.46⅛	1.46⅝	1.47¼
Kansas City	1.50¼	1.49⅝	1.49⅝		1.50¼
May Wheat					
Chicago	1.53⅝	1.53⅝	1.53		1.53⅝
Minneapolis	1.46¼	1.45⅝	1.45⅝		1.46¼
Kansas City	1.48¼	1.47⅝	1.47½		1.48¼
July Wheat					
Chicago	1.50¾	1.50½	1.50⅝	1.51	
Minneapolis	.....	.....	1.45⅛	1.45⅞	
KansasCity	.....	.....	.....	.....	1.43⅞
Dec. Oats					
Chicago	.77⅛	.76⅝	.76½	.76¾	
Minneapolis	.72⅞	.72	.72⅞	.72⅞	
Rye, Chicago					
Dec.	1.12⅛	1.12½	1.11⅛	1.11⅞	1.12⅞
May	1.13⅝	1.13⅛	1.12⅛	1.12⅝	1.13½
July	1.11⅝	1.11⅞	1.10⅞	1.11⅛	1.12⅛
Barley, Chicago					
Dec.	1.19⅛	1.19⅝	1.17¾	1.18⅝	1.19
May	1.18⅛	1.18⅞	1.17⅛	1.17½	1.18⅛

Wool

Grease					
Oct.	.....	.....	.....	98.0B	98.0
Dec.	.....	.....	.....	97.0B	97.0
March	.....	.....	.....	95.0N	95.0
May	.....	.....	.....	90.0B	90.0
July	.....	.....	.....	86.5B	86.5
Tops					
Oct.				135.0B	134.0
Dec.	132.2	132.2	132.2	131.9B	132.0
March	125.6	125.6	125.2	125.3B	125.0
May	120.0	120.2	120.2	120.1B	120.0
July	115.1	115.1	115.0	114.9B	114.5

B—Bid N—Nominal.

Cotton

Dec.	20.08	20.09	20.01	20.01	20.08
March	19.93	19.94	19.87	19.87	19.94
May	19.79	19.78	19.73	19.74	19.74
July	19.67	19.67	19.61	19.61	19.68
Oct.	19.67	19.67	19.57	19.57	19.67

Supot 20.80.

Black Pepper

Closing Prices, Oct., Nov., Dec., 6.63 Bid

Chicago Mercantile Exchange

Potatoes

November	...	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
January	...	3.38	3.22	3.35	3.30

Quotations for cotton reported by Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Beane; for pepper, wool by J. S. Bache & Co. All prices at New York unless otherwise noted.

Lone Star Gas Co. Petition

PHILADELPHIA (AP)—The Securities and Exchange Commission has set Oct. 28 for a hearing on an application filed by Lone Star Gas Company of Dallas, Texas, asking for a year's extension of time in which to complete compliance with an SEC divestment order of Oct. 22, 1942, issued under the geographic integration clause of the Holding Company Act, directing the Lone Star Gas Company to divest itself of interest in the Texas Cities Gas Company, the Dallas Gas Company, Council Bluff Gas Company, and the Lone Star Gasoline Company.

N. E. Telephone Income In Quarter Increases

By the Associated Press

The New England Telephone & Telegraph Company reported a net income of $2,462,352.54 for the three-month period ending Sept. 30, as compared with a net income of $2,332,348.57 for a similar period a year ago.

Total net income for the year ending Sept. 30 was given as $9,629,800.04, as compared with $9,409,935.77 for the previous year.

The earnings per share for the three months ending Sept. 30 were listed as $1.58, as compared with $1.50 for the same three months a year ago. The earnings per share for the year ending Sept. 30 were $6.19, as against $6.27 for the year ending Sept. 30, 1942.

National Bank Call

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20 (AP)—The Comptroller of the Currency has issued a call for a statement of the condition of all natonal banks at the close of business Monday, Oct. 18. The FDIC said it was not issuing a call at this time for the condition of insured state banks.

Preparing Business for Peace Is Declared U. S. No. 1 Problem

By a Staff Correspondent of The Christian Science Monitor

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20—To bring about a constructive and orderly demobilization of the nation's huge war industry, the National Planning Association today urged the Government to create a single public agency on which major economic groups would be represented.

Calling re-conversion to a peacetime economy "America's number one postwar problem," the Association, a private, nonprofit research body including leading spokesmen of business, labor, agriculture, government and the social sciences, issued its statement after several months of intensive study.

It was approved unanimously by its Agriculture, Business and Labor Committees and has been confidentially circulated to high federal officials.

More detailed reports on termination of contracts, reconversion of war plant, and disposal of surplus war goods, are being formulated by the Committees, according to Robert J. Watt, Vice-Chairman of the National Planning Association, speaking for the Association in the absence of Chairman William L. Batt, now in England.

Along Presidential Lines

The three committees recommend co-ordination of the Government's reconversion activities along the lines of the reconversion unit which the President plans to establish in the Office of War Mobilization. To strengthen the work of a reconversion agency, the Committees urge that it act "under the policies laid down by Congress, representing the people as a whole," and that a "National Reconversion Commission containing representatives from government, labor, business and agriculture" be established to consult with the head of the agency.

In endorsing a co-ordinating agency, spokesmen for the National Planning Association's Committees had the following comments to make:

According to James G. Patton, Vice-Chairman of the Agriculture Committee:

Period Must Be Short

"Orderly reconversion of industry will help avoid mass unemployment and a repetition of the breadlines of the 1930's while crops rotted on the farms. Farmers know employed workers are their best customers."

Clinton S. Golden, Chairman of the Labor Committee:

"A reconversion policy from war-production to the manufacture of peace-time goods that involved an extended period of mass unemployment would work against itself. Workers' savings would be dissipated during the period of unemployment, and when the peacetime products came on the market, the workers would be unable to buy them. If the President's setup will consider the problems of labor during the reconversion period, industry can look for good customers among its own employees."

David C. Prince, Chairman of the Business Committee:

"Accumulated shortage of consumers goods not only makes rapid reconversion of industry imperative, but will also aid in the reconversion process. If the President's new reconversion unit brings the forces of industry and labor, agriculture and government to bear on the problem, it will speed an orderly solution of reconversion. These interests can most fairly solve the problems of termination of contracts, disposition of some processed goods, employment of workers, all of which must be done before the few of consumers goods can again be released."

Depends on Co-operation

"The task of reconversion," the Committees insisted, "can be effectively accomplished only if private enterprise and government will co-operate." They emphasized that their suggested single public agency, in order "to merit the confidence and co-operation which it must have must include government, business, labor and agriculture." They further held that "this responsibility involves . . . factors over which private industry does not and cannot have full control."

The overall problem, the Committees said, "is to utilize our total productive capacity of capital plant." They stressed their opposition, however, "to the continued production of unneeded war material merely to provide employment."

"In the disposal of government plants," they declared, "there is place for both small and large business—for local as well as national concerns."

President and Labor to Talk Over Wage Control Problems

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20 (AP)—With railroad workers talking of a strike vote and a new coal crisis possibly threatening, President Roosevelt has asked top labor leaders to a White House conference Thursday.

Called to meet with him was the combined Labor War Board, made up of representatives of the Congress of Industrial Organizations, the American Federation of Labor and the Railroad Brotherhoods. Among labor men, the general expectation is that the conference will be devoted largely to discussion of demands from organized labor that wage controls be relaxed.

Labor men have complained for months that the Administration has stabilized wages, but not food prices, and the checks against wage rises ought to be eased.

The Thursday meeting will be held the day before a scheduled conference in Chicago of the General Chairmen of the five Railroad Operating Brotherhoods to discuss an Emergency Board's award of four cents an hour wage increase to brotherhood members. They had asked $3 a day and spokesmen have called the four-cent award "an insult."

T. C. Cashen, President of the Switchmen's Union, said there was "quite a possibility" that an order for a strike ballot might result from the meeting.

Glass Wage Rise

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20 (AP)—The National War Labor Board today ordered six companies comprising the major portion of the sheet glass industry to grant a general wage increase of 2.3 cents an hour to approximately 8,100 employees. Industry members dissented from the order.

The companies are: Pittsburgh Plate Glass, Pittsburgh; Libbey-Owens-Ford, Toledo; American Widow Glass, Ornold, Belle Vernon and Jeanette, Pa.; Adamston Flat Glass and Rolland Glass, Clarksburg, W. Va., and Harding Glass, Fort Smith, Ark.

Labor Official Fined

ORLANDO, Fla., Oct. 20 (AP)—A jury in Orange County Criminal Court of Record found Otis G. Nation, International Vice-President of the United Cannery, Agricultural, Packing and Allied Workers of America (C. I. O.), labor representative, guilty of violating Florida's labor recruiting laws.

Judge W. M. Murphy sentenced him to pay a $1,500 fine and costs, or serve one year in the state prison. A motion for a new trial was overruled and Mr. Nation's attorneys then applied for a supersedas bond, which Judge Murphy fixed at $2,500.

Fourth Term Cheers

DALLAS, Texas, Oct. 20 (AP)—Union labor cheered the suggested re-election of President Roosevelt and Vice-President Henry A. Wallace in a meeting at Grand Prairie last night, and the Vice-President responded with a boost for union labor.

Harold H. Young, former Dallas attorney now serving as Mr. Wallace's Assistant in Washington, told the joint meeting of C. I. O., A. F. of L., and Railway Brotherhood members:

"President Roosevelt has a hard-working, sincere, honest and able Vice-President and I think he and our President should be—and will be—re-elected."

FRB Revises Production Index

WASHINGTON (AP)—The Federal Reserve Board, announcing a broad revision of its index of industrial production, said its new figures indicate that output of factories and mines has doubled since the beginning of the defense program in June, 1940, and has risen 130 per cent since the output of war in Europe in 1939.

Revised to take into account effects of the war program on industrial activity and on statistical yardsticks used to measure physical output, the new index is intended to provide a more sensitive barometer of production.

Raises Index

It raises the seasonally adjusted figure for July from 203 under the former calculations to 239 and places the index for August and September at 241 and 243, respectively.

The 36-point upward revision, the Board said, "reflects principally sharp revisions in the figures for output in the chemical, transportation equipment, and machinery industries, but there were important revisions also in certain smaller groups, especially nonferrous metals, rubber products, and petroleum products."

Asserting that revisions were made primarily in factors reflecting output of war materials because measurements of customary peacetime products remained reasonably accurate, the Board added:

More War Emphasis

"As a consequence, the revised index shows a larger proportion of industrial production for war purposes than was estimated on the basis of the old index. Currently about 70 per cent of industrial production is going for war purposes, including munitions and supplies used by the armed forces, exports under Lend-Lease, and also the industrial equipment and materials produced to make these finished products.

"The remaining 30 per cent of total industrial output constitutes goods produced for civilians; this portion of the present greatly enlarged output, however, represents over 70 per cent of average production for civilians in 1935-39."

The Board said the index is a measure of changes in the physical volume of production of manufactures and minerals and does not cover other types of goods and services nor reflect price changes.

Assistant Manager

© Bachrach

H. J. Burgess

Newly appointed assistant works manager of the East Springfield, Mass., works of the Westinghouse Electric Appliance Division.

Commerce Chamber Hits Confiscation Of Alien Property

WASHINGTON (AP)—The Chamber of Commerce of the United States opposes confiscation of enemy private property in the United States.

Approving a report of its foreign commerce department committee, the chamber announced that it favors continuance of the traditional American policy of nonconfiscation, saying such action would establish a precedent for enemy treatment of American holdings.

In the first World War this country retained assets of enemy nationals only until their governments made arrangements for satisfaction of claims of American nationals for loss and injury through aggression.

The Chamber of Commerce said that American interests in enemy and enemy-controlled areas exceed in value the holdings of enemy nationals here.

"It is particularly important," the report continued, "that our government take every possible step to resist any forced disposal of United States property abroad, especially where such forced sale would involve compensation in foreign currencies or compensation based on mere book or inventory values, without consideration of future earning power."

The chamber urged restoration of American properties to their owners as quickly as possible after liberation of territories "without a lengthy period of government operation and control—American or otherwise."

Cotton Consumption Drops in September

WASHINGTON (AP)—The Census Bureau reported that cotton consumed during September totaled 872,109 bales of lint and 110,640 bales of linters, compared with 959,732 of lint and 114,954 of linters during September last year.

Cotton on hand Sept. 30 was reported as follows:

In consuming establishments, 1,930,298 bales of lint and 440,391 bales of linters, compared with 1,786,153 of lint and 335,311 of linters on Sept. 30 last year.

In public storage and at compresses, 10,432,611 bales of lint and 40,422 bales of linters, compared with 9,713,415 of lint and 71,277 of linters on Sept. 30 last year.

States Getting $5 Billion In Tax Revenues

CHICAGO, Oct. 20 (AP)—The nation's total state tax revenues will pass the five billion dollar mark this year—representing an all-time high—despite a sharp drop in gasoline levies, the Federation of Tax Administrators said today.

Although gas tax revenues show a decrease of almost 20 per cent, the federation said state tax revenues for fiscal year 1943 will reach $5,099,000,000, compared to the previous high of $4,973,000,000 for 1942.

The federation's analysis of a Bureau of Census report on state tax collections disclosed that individual income tax revenues advanced from $259,000,000 in 1942 to $310,000,000 in 1943, and corporation income tax revenues increased from $247,000,000 to $365,000,000, the largest gain of any single revenue source. Pay roll and income tax revenues maintained and in some instances accelerated their "powerful" upward trend during preceding years, the federation said.

Motor fuel taxes, however, dropped from almost 19 per cent of total state tax returns in 1942 to less than 15 per cent in 1943, the federation said. Marked declines also were shown in revenues from motor vehicle licenses, property and gift taxes.

Largely because of the decline in motor fuel tax returns, excise tax revenues as a whole declined below the level of 1942, from $2,219,000 to $2,137,000, the federation said, commenting: "The continuing upward trend of sales, alcoholic beverages, tobacco and other excises was not strong enough to offset the decline in gasoline tax yields."

The 1943 collections, although a record, show a boost small in proportion to the previous rate of increase, the federation pointed out. The 1942 fiscal year increase was $478,000,000, or 13.4 per cent over fiscal 1941, and fiscal 1941 produced a $328,000,000 hike over 1940. The 1943 increase over fiscal 1942 was $123,000,000, or about 3 per cent.

CLASSIFIED

REAL ESTATE

FORTY-ACRE farm with modern 8-room house, electric lights, hot-water heat; shed, stable, cow barn, hay barn, 2 cottages; 1 mile from Suncook, New Hampshire; more or less land can be purchased as desired. MR. HALE E. BAILEY, Suncook, N. H.

FOR SALE—3-story house $7,000. For information see MRS. STEPNOSKI at 120 Park St., Roxbury, Mass.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Home in Chevy Chase, D. C.: eight comfortable sunny rooms, modern kitchen, baths; large corner lot; reasonable. Box 4822, Cleveland Park, Washington, D. C.

See also
the Coast-to-Coast
Real Estate Directory
for Advertisements
of homes, lots, apartments
ON ANOTHER PAGE
OF THIS ISSUE

REAL ESTATE—INSURANCE

GEORGE A. GILES & SON
REALTORS — INSURANCE SPECIALIZING
469 Mass. Ave., Cambridge, Mass. KIR. 2345

HOUSES TO LET

WABAN, MASS.

Ideally situated home, near shopping center, bus or train service, school. Large living room, porch, kitchen, washroom, hall downstairs; master bedroom, two single bedrooms, hall, bathroom, on second floor; sleeping room, bath, in the attic. End of deadend street on bluff above the Charles River. Neal Stanford, 31 Pilgrim Road. DEC. 0650

APARTMENTS FURNISHED

SILVER BIRCHES, Lake Ronkonkoma, L. I., N. Y.—2 and 3 room furnished apartments; all conveniences. Phone Ronk. 0616.

APARTMENTS WANTED

NAVY OFFICER and wife desire small apt. in Wellesley for 4 mos.; would consider large room and bath. Call Kir. 8096 (Mass.) mornings; good refs. given.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Young girl would like apartment to share with others of congenial tastes; separate room. R. W. station, Phone Michigan 1066, Ext. 166, eves.

ROOMS WANTED

BUSINESS woman desires furnished room with kitchen privileges. E. M. Corda, 30 Rockefeller Plaza (125), New York 20, N. Y.

CLASSIFIED

(Continued)

ROOMS TO LET

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.—Near Beach and Church, run. water, and priv. baths, $2.00 day up. Free bathing. HOTEL TROY 1510 Pacific Avenue.

Hotel Huntington
SPECIAL WEEKLY RATES
ROOMS ALL WITH BATH
Friendly Service
Single, $2.00 and up
Double, $3 and $3.50
BRADFORD KENDRICK Manager
307 Huntington Ave., Boston, Mass. Opp. Y.M.C.A.

JAMAICA PLAIN, MASS.—Large room with private family; gentleman desired; meals optional; near cars. Call ARNold 6173.

MIAMI 37, Fla.—Modernly furnished room; twin beds; adjoining bath; near bus; quiet neighborhood. J. L. Hughes, 31 N. E. 40th St.

ROOMS AND BOARD WANTED

Lady desires board-rm. (private bath) in refined home. Boston-Brookline; references. Box B-60, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

BOARD FOR CHILDREN

FOR mentally retarded children requiring lovely, permanent home environment, care and privacy; beautiful modern country estate; minimum $25.00 per week.

"RIDGECREST"
MIDDLETOWN, CONNECTICUT
Call Middletown, Conn., 315

COUNTRY BOARD

GLENWOOD LODGE
OVERLOOKING HUDSON, PALISADES
Hotel facilities, 3 acres ground, modern, airy rooms; inspiring outlook; quality food; quick commuting; moderate rates. 386 North Broadway, Yonkers. Phone Yonkers 5-0681

PAYING GUESTS

BEE AND THISTLE INN, Old Lyme, Conn.—A really charming place to live, or to vacation; train service Saybrook; send for folder. Tel. 389.

MOVING AND STORAGE

CLARK MOVING CO.
Packers and Movers—Asp. 4681, Brookline, Mass.

EST.—HENRY P. TOWNSEND—1914. Moving, crating, packing, shipping, fireproof storage; member Allied Van Lines Inc. Office, warehouse 241 North Ave., Westfield, N. J. Tel. 2-1621.

I DEEM it a privilege to serve the readers of The Christian Science Monitor in their long-distance, local moving and storage of household goods. NOBLE R. STEVES, Bonded Warehouseman, 184 Harvard Street, Dorchester Center 24, Boston, Mass. Tel. TAL. 3600.

SEE NEXT PAGE

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

Accepted for One Edition or All Three Editions

You may run a classified advertisement in the Atlantic, Pacific or Central edition of The Christian Science Monitor—or in all three editions. The ATLANTIC edition circulates in the New England and Atlantic Seaboard States of U. S. A., Canada, West Indies, Central and South America, Great Britain, Ireland, Continental Europe, Africa, Asia, Australia and New Zealand. CENTRAL edition in the Central States of U. S. A. PACIFIC edition in the Pacific Coast and Mountain States, Alaska, Hawaii and Mexico.

RATES

Per Agate Line Per Day

For Help Wanted, Real Estate and other headings except Situations Wanted

	One Edition	All Editions
1 or 2 times	35c	75c
3 times within 7 consecutive days	30c	60c
3 times each week for 4 consecutive weeks	30c	50c
6 consecutive days	30c	50c

If you advertise a MAIL ORDER BUSINESS your advertisement is acceptable ONLY at the ALL EDITION rates above.

For Situations Wanted Advertising:

	One Edition	All Editions
1 or 2 times	15c	35c
3 times within 7 consecutive days	15c	30c
6 consecutive days	13c	30c

MINIMUM SPACE ACCEPTABLE

All advertisements must occupy at least 3 lines, set in agate type. To estimate space required for agate type, count six words for each line. When ALL CAPITAL letters are desired count four words to the line.

For more detailed information, send postcard for booklet, "Classified Advertising Rates and Information," to The Christian Science Monitor, One, Norway Street, Boston, Massachusetts.

CLASSIFIED CLASSIFIED

HELP WANTED—WOMEN HELP WANTED—WOMEN HELP WANTED—WOMEN

Now I Work Full Time at Raytheon—and Love It

I'm no Amazon—and frankly, I was scared of a war job. I thought it took bulging muscles to work in a war plant. But I did so want to help! And now I find that anybody with nimble fingers and quick eyes can do the work at Raytheon. Goodness! They've even got a few grandmothers there on full-time shifts. I like it fine. I'm learning about one of the biggest products of the future. And I can look myself in the eye now, knowing I'm helping get the stuff to the men who need it.

3 REGULAR SHIFTS

7 A. M. to 3:30 P. M.
3:30 P. M. to 11 P. M.
11 P. M. to 7 A. M.

Call in person, or write for application blank and descriptive folder.

From NEWTON CORNER
Take Bamis Bus. It goes right past our door.

From WATERTOWN SQUARE
Take Needham Bus, ride about 4 or 5 minutes. Get off at Chapel Street.

RAYTHEON NEWTON
55 Chapel Street, Newton, Mass.

HERE'S YOUR CARFARE
Clip this coupon and bring it along with you. We'll pay round-trip carfare within 10 miles of Newton.

If you have been employed in another essential industry, bring release from last employer or from War Manpower Commission, 9 Beacon Street, Boston.

ANTIQUES WANTED

CASH paid for antique furniture, glass, china, bric-a-brac, silver, etc. HENRY POSTAR, 48 Market St. Brighton Mass. Stadium 7868

CHINA, GLASS and SILVER
Rose or grape carved furniture, sell direct. M. WEBBER, 415 Boylston, Boston. Ken. 8855

Old Needlework made before 1900. Embroidered scarf or Crewel work, showing early designs. Box B-46, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

AUTOMOBILES FOR HIRE

TAXI THE DELUXE WAY
BOSTON CAB KEN. 5010

BEAUTY SHOPS

CARLSON—HAIRDRESSER Re. 4-5503
COLD WAVE PERMANENT $10-$15 and $20
833 Madison, bet. 69 and 70. N. Y. C. 3d floor

JIMMY — HAIRDRESSER
33 W. 42 (just off 5th and 6th, N. Y. C. Rm 1019.
Permanents $5 to $7.50 Hours 10-7 Lo. 5-3511.

CLOTHING

ORIGINAL MAX KEEZER CO. ONLY ONE STORE. WE BUY USED CLOTHING, BRIC-A-BRAC, JEWELRY, AND SILVER. 1108 MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE, CAMBRIDGE, MASS. TRO. 6302.

FOR SALE — MISCELLANEOUS

Cargo Planes
will bring
Camellias to You
Your inquiry will be given prompt attention
STAR NURSERIES, Inc.
324 Wilcox Avenue, Montebello, Calif.

FOR SALE—Day bed, 4 Windsor rush-bottom chairs, music cabinet and phonograph. Call Belmont 2951 (Mass.).

SAFES FOR SALE
SOME WITH CHESTS
CALL CAP. 1620 (Boston)

FURNITURE WANTED

HIGHEST prices paid apartments, furniture, pianos, silver, works of art. WINEGARDEN'S, 12 East 12th St. N. Y. C. STuyvesant 9-5873

WE BUY ALL KINDS OF FURNITURE AND DISHES
BREslau FURNITURE CO. MIG. 1014. BOSTON

FURRIERS

FOR COMPLETE PROTECTION store your furs with us now; special summer rates on remodeling and repairing; revitalize your furs by cleaning, glazing or blending; we extend trade-in allowances on your old furs toward new purchases. SEE MR. ARMAND, 145 West 30 St. N. Y. C. ARMAND ET SOEUR. CH. 4-1424.

JEWELRY—WATCH REPAIRING

AMERICAN and Swiss watches and clocks, diamond mounting and repairing. HERBERT A. SIMPSON, 333 Washington St. Boston

MATTRESSES

MATTRESSES REMADE $5
Double $6 (using old ticking). Box springs repaired. Prompt service. Phone Com. 3821.
New Custom-made Mattresses $24.50 up.
WELLS & CO., 393 Boylston Street, Boston.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER

CASH Paid for Solid Silverware, Gold, Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry
S. SANDLER & CO., 148 Tremont St., Boston.

PEN REPAIRING

EXPERT WORK WHILE YOU WAIT
Fountain Pen Repairing
1 floor above Christian Science Reading Room
Personal Pen 333 Wash. Street, Boston
Room 308 LAF 3087

FOUNTAIN PENS REPAIRED
While-U-Wait. Boston's Finest Pen Shop.
We carry a complete stock of all standard makes pens and pen-pencil sets.
PENCRAFT, INC., 5 Bromfield Street, LIB. 3913

PEST CONTROL

ROACHES, rodents, termites eliminated. Guaranteed Exterminating Co., 500 5th Ave., N. Y. C. Lo 5-4050. 24-hr service. Suburban branches

RADIO REPAIRING

RADIO REPAIRING
EXPERT WORK—TUBES TESTED AT STORE
—GEORGE S. PYLE, MASSACHUSETTS AVE., BOSTON. COM. 0620.

RANGES

FACTORY rebuilt combination coal and gas ranges, also coal ranges. Metropolitan Ice Co., 58 Cottage Park Ave., Cambridge. TRO. 0620.

HELP WANTED—WOMEN

BEAUTICIAN—Exp. operator, full, part time. Also good beginner. Temporary living quarters available for out-of-town applicants. Bud Beauty Shop, 383 Main St., East Orange, N. J.

BUSINESS couple desires woman housekeeper, also act as companion to elderly lady. Telephone after 7 p. m. Mu. 4-3819, N. Y. C.

OFFICE GIRL WANTED

Experienced with figures.
AUTOMATIC MACHINE & TOOL CO.
132 Charles St., Auburndale, Mass.
at Riverside Station

GENERAL housework, cooking; pleasant 7-room house; private room and bath; 2 adults, 1 child 5 years; good salary. Call Big. 6761 Thursday afternoon.

WOMAN wanted for general housework; good pay; ideal living quarters; small family of adults. Phone Asp. 7704 (Mass.).

HELP WANTED—MEN

ASSISTANT SHIPPING CLERK
also Porter
Pleasant surroundings, light work and good hours. Permanent
THE GRAMOPHONE SHOP
18 East 48th Street, N. Y. C.

ELEVATOR operators, porters, experience unnecessary; day work, no Sundays. H. MATZ & CO. INC., 302 W. 40th St., N. Y. C. LA 4-8004.

PERMANENT POSITION
Manufacturer wants man to learn repair and servicing of small business machines in Boston branch office, with the opportunity later of advancing to a well-paid sales position. This work is listed as an essential occupation. We might consider a man with limited physical disability. Applicant should give in confidential letter a full description of himself, qualifications, salary needed. Write Mr. F. M. Woodward, The Monarch Marking System Company, R. 444, Old South Building, Boston.

HELP WANTED

NOTICE TO APPLICANTS FOR DEFENSE POSITIONS

Persons now employed on war work will not be accepted for any of the positions advertised in this column.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES

LOUISE C. HAHN
300 Broadway, New York City
Business Opportunities for
MEN—WOMEN and BEGINNERS
Employers Service Worth 2-2080

SALESMEN WANTED

SALESMEN WANTED to sell unique, highly efficient, copyrighted business-record system appealing to medium-size businesses in smaller cities and towns. Government regulations create unusual demand. Exclusive franchise and large commissions paid daily, make possible permanent, profitable business. Give experience in first letter. RAMSAY SYSTEMS, INC., 192 Lexington Avenue, New York 16, N. Y.

SALESWOMEN WANTED

SELL DRESS GOODS to home sewers in your locality; also hosiery, underwear; commission; old established firm. Write for information. Buckley Bros. Co. Inc., 881 B'way, N. Y. 3, N. Y.

VOCATIONAL GUIDANCE

Are you floundering for lack of guidance? Consult HELEN TRIMPE, Director Careers for Women, 342 Madison, MU 3-0253, N. Y. C.

WANTED TO BUY

BIG cash prices for worn fur coats, chokers, scarfs, etc. J. Fox, 110 W. 34th, opp. Macy's, N. Y. C. CHick 4-4400.

INTERESTED in purchasing 8-millimeter movie projector in good condition; Kodak preferred. Call Big. 3414 between 9 a. m. and 5 p. m. (Mass.)

WEATHER STRIPPING

METAL WEATHERSTRIPS, STORM SASH Shades, VenetIan Blinds and Screens
WALSH-SPENCER COMPANY
430 Boylston St., Boston — Kenmore 0770

YARNS

KNITTING YARNS
100% Wool. Mail Orders Filled.
HARLEY COMPANY, Fuego Village, Mass.

SITUATIONS WANTED

COUPLE desire institutional position; exceptional ability; several years' experience; plumbing, heating, maintenance. Box J-65, The Christian Science Monitor, Boston.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MEN

DRAFT EXEMPT U. S. CITIZEN, 29 YEARS OF AGE, GRADUATE WITH A. B. DEGREE JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY, POST GRADUATE STUDY AT UNIVERSITIES OF GRENOBLE AND SORBONNE IN FRANCE. SOLID BACKGROUND IN FRENCH, SPANISH, AND ITALIAN. EXTENSIVE TRAVEL IN EUROPE. SIX YEARS BUSINESS EXPERIENCE IN EXECUTIVE CAPACITY. WILL CONSIDER POSITION IN BOSTON OR IMMEDIATE VICINITY. BOX B-70, THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR, BOSTON.

SITUATIONS WANTED—WOMEN

EXPERIENCED business woman—selling, technical background, college—major in chemistry; good typist; also accounting experience; like connection with Christian Scientist. Write Box B-39, Suite 1350, 500 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.

WANTED—Position as housekeeper-companion; knowledge of nursing; own room; Christian Scientist. Write Box C-21, Suite 1350, 500 Fifth Avenue, N. Y. C.

WANTED—Secretarial position in the Pittsburgh District. Experienced. References. Homestead 6346. (Pa.)

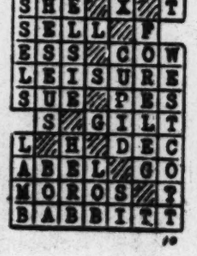
New Jersey

ATLANTIC CITY

Blatt's Opens a Mexican Good Neighbor Shop
On the Seventh Floor
A brand new shop devoted to the colorful handicraft of Mexico, ranging from decorative hand painted chairs to painted tinware and unusual glass and pottery pieces.
If you want something unusual for a gift or for your home—visit our Good Neighbor Shop.
M. E. BLATT CO.
Atlantic City's Great Department Store
Atlantic Avenue at South Carolina

KENTS RESTAURANTS
ATLANTIC CITY
Delicious Food Delightful Surroundings Reasonable Prices
1216 Atlantic Ave. 2124 Atlantic Ave.
1700 Pacific Ave.

Crossword Quiz Answers



BLOOMFIELD

WM. B. CORBY COAL CO.
281 GLENWOOD AVE., BLOOMFIELD, N. J.
"blue coal" Koppers Coke
Atlantic Fuel Oil—We maintain our own fuel oil storage plant.
BL. 2-0603

CRANFORD

Jack W. Apgar
Telephone CRanford 6-0566
Moved to 109 N. Union, Cranford, N. J.
Dinnerware Hardware
Unpainted Furniture Gifts

EAST ORANGE

For Information regarding local and national advertisers
Tel.: Belleville 2-4154. Hours: 9 to 10 a. m. except Saturday and Sunday
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

Featuring Arrow Shirts
and many other well-known lines of men's wear
LOMAR
536 Main Street

ERAINE WENDLING
Hats—Original Designs
519 Main St., Hale Bldg. Or. 5-4523

Taxi Service
and Private Limousines
for All Occasions
East Orange Cab Co.
Also Storage and Complete Service
CROSS GARAGE
4 ARLINGTON PLACE OR 5-9000

For the Perfect
Permanent Wave
have the Featheredge Haircut
It is easy to care for
The Dainty Deb Shoppe
GUILLAUME
Hairdresser
84 No. Walnut St. Or. 5-9750

Chas. T. Hornecker Florist
445 Central Avenue
at Burnett Street
Phone Or. 3-7360—7361
Member F. T. D.

ENGLEWOOD

Craig Dry Goods
3 East Palisade Avenue
Curtains—Yard Goods—Linens and Domestics
Slip Covers Made to Order
TEL. ENGLEWOOD 3-4094
Also visit The Fabric Shop, 9 Palisade Ave.

OTTO KNUPPEL
30 East Palisade Avenue
Excellent Quality Foods Normal Prices
Formerly Sheffield Farms Co., Inc.
Tel. Englewood 3-4774-5

Yolan C. Jacobsen
13 East Palisade Avenue
*KAY DUNHILL AFTERNOON DRESSES

HACKENSACK

LAW
INCORPORATED
202 Main Street
HABERDASHER
Hackensack 2-9490

Fine Furniture for the Home
Schaffer's
EST. 1909
375 Main Street Hackensack

KATES BROS.
"Scientific Shoe Fitting"
SHOES FOR PROBLEM FEET
For Men, Women, Children
210 Main Street Hackensack, N. J.

HOBOKEN

GEISMAR'S
Quality Clothes *Priced Moderately*
Men's Apparel Since 1888
722 WASHINGTON STREET

EDWARD RATHJEN
Dealer in High-Grade
BEDDING—FURNITURE—UPHOLSTERY
SLIP COVERS MADE TO ORDER
MATTRESSES MADE OVER
POLISHING AND CABINET WORK
Phone HOboken 3-1129 Estab. 1920
1000 Bloomfield Street

JERSEY CITY

For Information regarding local and national advertisers
phone Journal Square 3-6914 daily except Sunday
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

George Fangmann, Inc.
Jersey City, N. J.
Koppers Coke
Coal—Fuel Oil
JOurnal Square 4-8111

SUNSHINE LAUNDRY
Laundry work in all its branches.
Hudson County's A-1 Laundry. Also fur and dry cleaning.
29-35 E. 10 St., Bayonne, N. J.
Phone Bay. 3-1600

For "Printing"
Of Every Description
G. A. BANDOMER & SONS
143 Linden Avenue, Jersey City

JERSEY CITY (Continued)

Upholstered Furniture Cleaning
MOVING STORAGE
RUG CLEANING
NEW FURNITURE DEPT.
GOODMAN'S
530 BERGEN AVENUE BER. 3-8100

MAPLEWOOD

For Information regarding local and national advertisers
Telephone: So. Orange 3-0083. Hours: 9 to 11 a. m. except Sunday
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

SAMUEL H. ROSS, Inc.
"The Home of Good Marketing"
Meats, Vegetables, Fruits
Hires Root Beer
"Buy Victory Bonds"

A. S. CAMPBELL
Plumbing, Heating, Tinning
Repairing promptly attended to
3 Highland Place SO. 2-0537
"Buy Victory Bonds"

MILLBURN

DAVE'S CHOICE MEAT MARKET
Meats—Poultry—Fish
Fruits—Vegetables—Groceries
Free Delivery
347 Millburn Ave. Mill. 6-1730

Marx Dept. Store
Men's, Women's and Children's Wear
315 Millburn Avenue

MONTCLAIR

For Information regarding local and national advertisers
phone Montclair 3-1200, 10 a. m.-12 m. daily, except Saturday and Sunday
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

Lovely New Patterns in
Curtains and Draperies
Also curtain and drapery materials by the yard.
LINGERIE • HOSIERY • CORSETS
Montclair Textile Store
543-45 Bloomfield Avenue

Frieda's
EXCLUSIVE MILLINERY
7 South Park Street
Phone: Mo. 2-7891

Books — Stationery
Frames—Art Wares
Games
Madison
427 Bloomfield Avenue

Gifts Books
GREETING CARDS
BURNER'S
629 Valley Rd., Upper Montclair, N. J.

The Lorraine
BETTER GRADE CANDIES AND ICE CREAM
627 Valley Road Upper Montclair

All Kinds of Insurance
MOXLEY-KERR, Inc.
Real Estate and Insurance
241 Lorraine Avenue
Upper Montclair, N. J.

S. Bahto
DRY CLEANERS
TAILORS • FURRIERS
Same day cleaning service if desired.
623 Valley Road Phone:
Upper Montclair MO. 3-1588
Coats Dresses
Suits Sportswear

THE FRENCH SHOP
Women's Wearing Apparel
493 Bloomfield Ave. Montclair 2-1972

"THE ROSALIND"
Individual Millinery
Hats ready made and to order
Agents for Dobbs Hats
40 Church Street

Knox Hats *Fownes Gloves*
A new selection of Hats, Gloves and Shirts for Fall is ready for your inspection
Wellmont Haberdashers
6 Church Street at Montclair Center
Manhattan Shirts *Fine Neckwear*

CLAIRIDGE
BOOK AND GIFT SHOP
Greeting Cards for All Occasions
Rental Library — Stationery
11 Church Street Montclair 2-0783

Halloween Costumes and Masks
W. G. LUNDIE
5 and 10c to $1.00
Valley Road Upper Montclair

NEWARK

Hahne & Co.
Newark and Montclair, N. J.

Member Florists' Telegraph Delivery Assn.
Washington Florist Inc.
"Flowers for All Occasions"
Strictly Highest Grade Cut Flowers
Wedding and Floral Designs at Short Notice
Mitchell 2-0021 548 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

NUTLEY

SUPERIOR DAIRY PRODUCTS
Delivered in
Passaic, Clifton, Paterson, Radburn, Nutley, Bloomfield, Garfield, Rutherford, E. Rutherford, Wallington, Belleville, Carlstadt
Phone PASSAIC 3-1500
SISCO DAIRY CO.
MT. PROSPECT AVE., CLIFTON, N. J.

ORANGE

AUSTIN'S MILLINERY
219 Main Street
Corner Canfield Street
You Are Invited To Visit Our Fountain
Agents for Alderney Ice Cream, Toilet Requisites, Films and Candy.
CADMUS' PHARMACY
408 Central Ave. Tel. OR 3-5020

SOUTH ORANGE

Larette Beauty Shop
Supreme Wave $6.50
Machineless Wave $8.00
The Perfect Permanent
124 So. Orange Ave. SO. 2-9611

PLAINFIELD

For Information regarding local and national advertisers
Telephone: Plainfield 6-0280. Hours: 9-10 A. M. daily except Saturday and Sunday.
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

Gray's Florist
Flowers for Every Occasion
Bonded member of Florist Telegraph Delivery service
Route 29 and Mt. Ave. N. Plainfield, N. J.
Plfd. 6-1488

EDDIE'S BEAUTY SALON

Distinctive Hairdressing
We carry Revlon Products
318 Park Avenue
Telephone PL 6-3621
Air-Conditioned for Your Comfort

HEADQUARTERS FOR
Grates, Charcoal and Fireplace Equipment, also Ash Cans, Garbage Cans, Stove Pipe. Renew your Mazda Lamps NOW.
GRIFFIN'S
24 Somerset Street Plfd. 6-0005

GOSSARD CORSET SHOP
Garments Fitted to Every Type of Figure
(Camp Belts)
Phone Plfd. 6-2183
186 East Front St. Plainfield, N. J.

VOGEL and TANZER
Fancy Groceries—Choice Meats
Use SPRY for Baking
Use RINSO for Cleaning and Washing
South Avenue, Cor. Berckman Street
Tel. PL. 6-9373 Prompt Delivery

RIDGEWOOD

Announcing
the appointment, as its authorized agent for Ridgewood
Tetor & Schmults
Insurance—Every Kind, Everywhere
9 No. Broad St., Ridgewood, N. J.
Tel. Ridgewood 6-6300

NORTHERN ASSURANCE CO., Ltd.
(A National Advertiser in The Christian Science Monitor)
Est. 1836 107 Years Ago

FOSTER'S
Paint & Hardware Co.
House Furnishings
70 E. Ridgewood Avenue
Tel. Ridge. 6-3053

AGEL'S RECORDS
Largest, Latest and Most Complete Stock in Bergen County
POPULAR—CLASSICAL
Opp. A. & P. Super-Market 37 So. Broad St.
RD. 6-3366

ASSOCIATED AMOCO GAS
999 TIRE COMPANY
We Love to Change Tires
RIDGEWOOD 6-0099 IRV. MITTAG

ROBERTS CO.
Barbizon Slips
Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets
Sportswear, Underwear

RIDGEWOOD (Continued)

SCIENTIFIC FITTING

Queen Quality
Walk-Overs
Edwards Junior Shoes
JACOBUS BOOT SHOP
66 EAST RIDGEWOOD AVENUE

BONTON & J. J. FRIEDMAN, Inc.
45 North Broad Street
Cleaners, Dyers, Tailors and Furriers
Phone Ridg. 6-4400

C. C. S. Co., Inc.
ESSO
30 Godwin Avenue Ridg. 6-2348
State Highway No. 2 Ridg. 6-2346

WESTERMAN'S
Juvenile Fashion Center
NEW FALL CLOTHES
For the Young
Layettes and Gifts
1 E. Ridgewood Ave. R. 6-3733

The Greenery
Flower Shop
ARTISTIC FLORAL ARRANGEMENTS
82 E. Ridgewood Ave. Phone R-0280
Ridgewood, N. J.
WE TELEGRAPH FLOWERS

RUTHERFORD

Borschneck & Nott, Inc.
Flowers of Distinction
96 Park Avenue RU. 2-7227

Park Hardware Company
Lawn Seeds and Fertilizers
130 Park Ave. Ru. 2-6130

SUMMIT

Rug Cleaning and Expert Repairing
Persian Rug Co.
364 Springfield Ave. Sum. 6-4023

TEANECK

COMPLETE INSURANCE SERVICE
CARROLL W. HUDGINS
1452 Queen Anne Rd. Tel. Tea. 7-4964

THE FIRST AID STORE FOR THE HOME
WM. LUDEWIG
Hardware House Furnishings
Paints Glass
119 QUEEN ANNE ROAD Teaneck 6-4001

TRENTON

Bradshaw & Bayer, Inc.
Painting and Decorating
1308 Lawrence Road
Phone 9356 Trenton, N. J.

SANHICAN CONFECTIONERY
Fine Groceries—Candies
Soda Fountain
Toilet Requisites—Notions
School Supplies—Cards
W. State and Sanhican Drive

UNION CITY

Dial—UNion 7-8120
HERMAN KRUG
Paints — Hardware
4217 Park Avenue, Union City, N. J.

WEEHAWKEN

PHONE:—UNION 7-8454
BAYER'S
Pastry Products
Wedding, Birthday and Party Cakes 4702 Park Avenue Weehawken, N. J.

WESTFIELD

Direct From Our Farm at Lebanon
BLOSSOM HILL FARMS MILK
DELIVERIES
WESTFIELD WATCHUNG
FANWOOD DUNELLEN
SCOTCH PLAINS SOUTH PLAINFIELD
205 E. 5th St., Plainfield Tel. Plfd. 6-4567

All Laundry and Dry Cleaning Work Done in Our Own Plant
LAUNDRY BLANKETS DRY CLEANING CURTAINS RUGS PILLOWS
Sam-O-Set Laundry Service
INCORPORATED
When Telephoning from Out of Town
CALL WX 1500, PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Free Pressid Service

The Largest Drive-In Station in Town
SERVICENTER
INCORPORATED
EST 1919
Tel. Westfield 2-1020 442 North Ave.
Berge Brothers, Owners "At the Plaza"
Send It to the Laundry
Provide yourself with more leisure by sending your clothes to a reliable laundry advertised in The Christian Science Monitor.

WESTFIELD (Continued)

For Information regarding local and national advertisers
phone Westfield 2-1234, 9 to 10 a. m. daily, except Saturday and Sunday.
THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR ADVERTISING INFORMATION BUREAU

FLOWERS
FOR ALL OCCASIONS
VANCE—*Florist*
321 South Ave. Opp. R. R. Station
Westfield 2-2525—2526

"BARON'S"
CENTRAL DRUG STORE
"The Rite-Rate Store"
COSMETICS OUR SPECIALTY
243 East Broad Street

TUTTLE BROS.
CRANFORD WESTFIELD
PHONE 1400
Coal Lumber Millwork
Mason Materials Hardware
Paint

WOOD BROOK FARMS
Dairy Products
Phone W X 2030

Tel. Plfd. 6-0823
The Vanity Shoppe
All Branches of Beauty Culture
SPECIALIZING IN PERMANENT WAVING
209 East Fifth Street

MARTIN'S
TOY AND SPORT SHOP
An All-Year-Round Toy Store
New Toys as they are introduced to the trade.
148 E. BROAD ST. WESTFIELD, N. J.

WEST NEW YORK

L. J. Rad
JEWELER
6011 BERGENLINE AVENUE
Near 60th Street
WEST NEW YORK, N. J.

Pennsylvania

ALLENTOWN

H. LEH & CO.
DEPARTMENT STORE
ALLENTOWN, PA.
Fashion and Quality at Thrift Prices

Hess Brothers
Allentown, Pa.
... of "Pennsylvania's Good Stores"

ZIMMERMAN'S MARKET
FANCY GROCERIES
FRUITS and VEGETABLES
1148 Tilghman Street
1029 N. 7th Street

WETHERHOLD & METZGER
The Store of Famous Shoes
910 HAMILTON ST. ALLENTOWN PA.
Shoes for
MEN—WOMEN—CHILDREN
Scientific X-Ray Fitted

Allentown's Busiest Clothing Store
BOHLEN BROS & MEYER
"Outfitters to Men and Boys"
721 Hamilton St. Allentown Pa.

Distinctive Service
THE ONLY CLEANERS, Inc.
1021 Hamilton Street, Allentown
PHONE 6121
Thirty Years of BETTER DRY CLEANING

A. EVELYN WORST
Teacher
PIANO — ORGAN ACCOMPANIST
41 No. Sixth Street Phone 2-6579

KOEHLER BROS.
- COAL -
N. 7th St. Bridge Allentown, Pa.
DIAL 5350

Arnold's Bakery
Lehigh Valley's Leading Cake Bakery
637-639 N. Lumber St., Allentown, Pa.
Your Retail Store for Your Convenience

ERIE

Frost, Roscoll & Richardson
Department Store, Erie, Pa.
Six selling floors of Christmas Gifts. Start buying NOW.

NEW AUTUMN HATS
A large assortment of new, smart styles by Dobbs, Schoble and Belcourt. The harmonious shades will become you. $6.50 to $10.
P. A. MEYER & SONS
817-819 State Street, Erie, Pa.

SEE NEXT PAGE

PENNSYLVANIA

ERIE (Continued)

The Halle Bros. Co.
116-124 West 10th Street
Fall Fashions in Millinery

For QUALITY Call
Laurence Cleaners and Dyers
402 West Third Street Phone 22-957

PULAKOS
BREAKFAST—LUNCHEON
DINNER
CANDIES—COOKIES
CAKES
926 STATE STREET

MAIN LINE—Ardmore
ALBRECHT'S FLOWERS
ARDMORE
NARBERTH
WAYNE

OLD YORK ROAD
Elkins Park
Insurance That Gives Calm Assurance

JACOB N. SOKOHL
Life Insurance and Annuities
1420 Walnut St. Philadelphia
Phone Kin. 1568

PHILADELPHIA
FRED J. COOPER
Jeweler by Exhibition
THE BEAUTY OF JADE
as the beauty of fine music is loved by all who know it.
Jade Rings from $22.50
Jade Bracelets from $41.25
100 SOUTH 13TH STREET
Certified Gemologist, Registered Jewelers, American Gem Society

Our Own Make Candies
Delicious Assortment of Chocolates and Bonbons
Malin-Hall
GRA 9261
510-512 SO. 52ND ST.

"Our Reputation Is Your Guarantee"
HARRY L. STILWELL & SON
Plumbing and Heating
Preparedness is Wisdom. Convert to coal now—before next winter.
19th and Windrim Ave. MIC. 8194

Permanent Waves
Special Process for Fine and White Hair
FRANK GITTLER
Room 707, Penfield Bldg. 1339 Chestnut St. Pen All9

the STURGIS store
Greene Street and Chelten Avenue
Germantown, Phila. Germantown 6613
Women's Smart Accessories
Hosiery • Handbags
Handkerchiefs • Costume Jewelry
Umbrellas • Gloves, etc.

RECORDS
New self service record department, large stock. All makes, albums, sets, both sequences. Children's. Mail orders filled.
The Capehart, Sales and Service
SHRYOCK RADIO AND TELEVISION Est. 1920
1615 WALNUT ST. RIT. 3246

PITTSBURGH
CATHERINE KEEFE
Modiste
Dressmaker-Fit Clothes Make You Sure of Yourself
This is the perfect time to go through your last year's wardrobe to see just what can be salvaged.
2016 Jenkins Arcade 2nd Floor
Atlantic 9418

Jewelry—Gifts
It's time to select your Christmas Greetings.
CLARICE MAY HAMER'S
BEAD STUDIO
201 Pitt Bank Bldg

READING
Maybe we don't always have your favorite, but it's still good candy.
SAYLOR'S
Fourth and Penn Sts. Dial 6253

Cambrooke Exclusives Are Born For The Times . . . .
Cloth Coat with or sans fur collars and luxurious fur coats for Women, Misses and Juniors.
POMEROY'S

Famous All Over Pennsylvania for the Excellence of Its Food!
The CRYSTAL
RESTAURANT AND PASTRY SHOP
Established 1911
537-545 Penn Street

ST. LAWRENCE Guernsey MILK
BEST—Because It's ELECTROPURE
Phone 5241

PENNSYLVANIA

READING (Continued)

GIFTS of Leather
Umbrellas
R. S. GUTH 625 Penn St.

SCRANTON
Nothing but Flowers Can Say So Sincerely "I'm thinking of You"
Schultheis Florist
613 LINDEN STREET Phone 6246

H. H. Burschel Estab. 1886 J. J. Mirto
Burschel
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Perfectly pasteurized Milk and Cream Butter and Cottage Cheese
Hampton, Ninth and Pulaski Streets

Saul Rubinow
Personal Service
PRINTING
334 Adams Ave.
Phone 8553

SEWICKLEY
Hi! It's Good When It Comes From
Kleindienst's Home
436 Beaver St. Tel. Sewickley 301
SEWICKLEY SANITARY MILK CO., Inc.
Milk—Cream—Butter
Eggs—Cheese—Ice Cream
Sandwiches Delicatessen Products
OPEN EVENINGS
Phone 434 426 Beaver St.

Prepare for Winter Comfort
N-O-W
TEL. 1128 SEWICKLEY PENNA.

HEINZ 57 VARIETIES
SELECT Food Market
PHONE 1600 FREE DELIVERY 340 BEAVER ST. SEWICKLEY

SWARTHMORE
MOVE SAFELY
By J. C. Stilwell & Son
Old Furniture and New for Sale
Storage—Morton—SW. 0676

We Are Still Serving
ABBOTT'S
DE LUXE ICE CREAM
MICHAEL'S COLLEGE PHARMACY
ON THE CORNER

UPPER DARBY
BORYNACKS
Furs Exclusively
New Fur Fashions
Smart ready-to-wear fur coats, fur coats made to order, fur coats restyled and repaired.
7030 Terminal Sq., Upper Darby, Pa.
Coll Blvd. 1188

Keep the Freshness of Your New Wardrobe by having us clean it.
DRY CLEANING
MENDING—TAILORING
SHOE REPAIRING
TERMINAL SHOE REPAIR
Now 69th St. Terminal Bldg. Blvd. 3496

Sweaters and Knitted Sportswear
for every member of the family. Most nationally known makes sold in this section at our shop exclusively.
BLACKSTONE
Sweater Shop
29 So. 69th St. Blvd. 5312

"Famous Brand" Cancellations
Shoes for Men, Women and Children
Not rejects or damaged shoes but "First Quality" from "Famous Makers"
Sheppard's
6201-09 Market St. Blvd. 7197 Open Eves.

Christmas Cards
imprinted with your name
50 for $1.00 and up
Jonas Toy and Stationery Shop
7023 Terminal Square Open Evenings

VOGEL'S flowers
When it is "A Matter of Quality"
Blvd. 0445 7050 Garrett Road

PENNSYLVANIA

UPPER DARBY (Continued)

New Fall COATS

SUITS — DRESSES
Millinery — Accessories
MAYERS
WOMEN'S WEAR
7037-39 Garrett Road

Pure Wool
Sport and Dress Coats
Red Robin Shop
64 South 69th Street
Open Evenings Blvd. 9771

Shoe Repairing Service
GERBER'S
7019 Garrett Road
Shoes Repaired, "Eased" or Dyed
BOUL. 0197

SCHNEIDER'S
Candy and Ice Cream
Our Own Make
23 South 69th Street Blvd. 9971
E. G. Terbosz, Prop. Phone Blvd. 9066
Sunoco
Complete line of House Paints, Kem-tone and Brushes.
Boulevard Sunoco Service
Springfield and Marshall Roads

UPPER DARBY
Drexel Hill
HERMAN TILLES
Select Meats, Butter, Eggs, Poultry and Produce
734 Burmont Rd. Phones
Drexel Hill, Pa. Clearbrook 6570—6571

UPPER DARBY
Lansdowne
INTERBORO LAUNDRY Inc.
Quality Laundry Services
Dry Cleaning of the Better Class
Serving Delaware County, West Phila., and the Main Line
PEMBROKE AVE. LANSDOWNE, PA.
PHONE MAD. 5400

UPPER DARBY
East Lansdowne
LANSDOWNE ICE AND COAL CO.
Baltimore and Melrose Avenues
LANSDOWNE, PA.
Madison 7000 Allegheny 3631
Saratoga 7700

WILKINSBURG
The HOUSE of FLOWERS and GIFTS
Artistic Flower Arrangements for All Occasions
Edgar L. Wareham
800 Center St. Wilkinsburg
CHurchill 0285
CALDWELL & GRAHAM DEPARTMENT STORE
PENN AVENUE and WOOD STREET
Serving Wilkinsburg Since 1889
Support the WAR LOAN Buy U. S. War Bonds and Stamps
Back-to-School Clothes for Boys
Suits—Shirts—Sweaters—Shoes
DASCH'S
Wilkinsburg's Largest Men's Store
800 Wood Street at South Avenue
Back the Attack with War Bonds and Stamps

Fashions for Fall and Winter
Dresses Coats
Suits Accessories
THE CHARME SHOP
732 PENN AVENUE

Office Supplies
STATIONERY
Greeting Cards
Kiser Brothers
736 PENN AVENUE FE. 4878

YORK
Buy our
VITALITY SHOES
from
York's Most Modern Store
REINEBERG'S
51-53 S. George Street

DANIELS
Ladies' Wearing Apparel
Where well dressed women shop
COATS, SUITS, DRESSES AND FURS
136 East Market Street York, Pa.

Wit and Wisdom, Art and Comics

Daily Features Page

Anecdotes, Sunny Hours, Camera Club

Words of Current Interest

Contrite (Ps. 34:18) — *Kon'-trit* (o short, i long). Webster's adds a note that this pronunciation, "now usual, has long existed by the side of the original *con-trite'*, which is still often used in poetry or where such accentuation is due to rhythmic stress."

An adjective made of the past participle of the Latin verb *conterere*, "to bruise," "to grind"; or more literally, "to rub together." Doubtless the translators intended the English word to convey this classic meaning, which parallels that of the Hebrew stem of the original text.

Exempts — *Eg-zempts'* (both e's short). By Webster's second choice, the first syllable may be pronounced with a short i sound for the vowel.

Classic Latin has the verb *eximere*, "to take away." From its past participle is derived the English adjective "exempt," which holds the precise ancient force, "taken away," at first (fourteenth century). Then it takes a shift to "freed from." It becomes a verb with meaning of "to free from," and so from passive turns active.

Mischief (Prov. 11:27) — *Mis'-chif* (both i's short).

Has carried numerous spellings on its way down from the fourteenth century in English. Has carried a number of meanings, too, though all expressing evil and trouble of one sort or another. Seems to belong somewhere in a Latin line of descent, though etymologists do not convincingly account for it.

Peremptory — *Per-emp'-to-ri* (first e as in maker, second short, o quick-long as in obey, i short). By Webster's second choice, *per'-emp-to'-ri* (both e's short, o long, i short). By a third choice, the last two syllables may be pronounced *-ter-i* (e as in maker, i short).

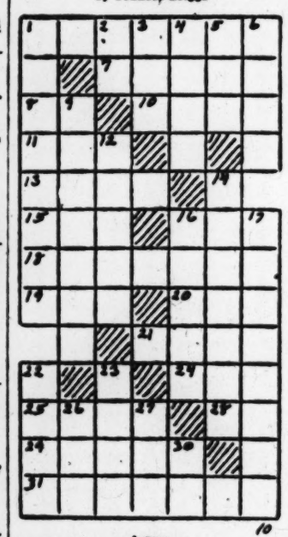
A command seems implied in this adjective and one that the listener may be loath to obey. This connotation recalls a time when the word was mainly in legal service. In another use, the giver of the command is thought of as speaking dictatorially and imperiously. Late Latin has an adjective of somewhat harsh implications, *peremptorius*, "final," "the end of it."

Righteousness (Prov. 13:6) — *Ri'-chus-ness* (i long, u clipped-short as in circus, e short). There is always a second choice of a short i sound for the e of *-ness*.

"Virtue," "integrity," by definition of Oxford. The adjective "right" is of northern source and comes down with a heavy load of meanings and applications. The noun "righteousness" is as old as the adjective, though it suffers fewer shifts of meaning. It is favored by the old translators of the Bible into English, no doubt because of being exactly equivalent in force to a very frequently occurring Hebrew word. It is kept in An American Translation's rendering of the verse in Proverbs.

Crossword Quiz

Prepared for The Christian Science Monitor by Francey Briggs



Across
1—A "pibroch" would be played on what musical instrument?
7—Who is Rosalind's cousin and her companion in forest in "As You Like It"?
8—Lago lily is State flower of what State of U. S. (abbr.)?
10—What is a river of England which flows to North Sea?
11—Pronoun.
12—Barter.
15—What suffix forms feminine nouns?
16—What is a necklace?
18—Period of unstamped time is what?
19—"Mysteries of Paris" was written by whom?
20—A feathery part.
21—Gliding is what?
24—Poisonous in birth flower of one born in what month (abbr.)?
25—Who was brother of Cain?
26—To depart.
28—What people inhabit southern Philippine Islands?
31—What Sinclair Lewis hero is a realtor?

Down
1—Certain garden vegetable having edible sprouts takes its name from what European city?
2—Armed Chancellor (abbr.).
3—If someone sent you a cavy, would you get fish, dog, or pony it?
4—The Latin oh!
5—Little Jack Horner ate what?
6—If you were in Williamsport, Pa., in what direction would you travel to reach Clinton County?
9—What mythical hero conquered the Amazons and married their queen?
13—"Forever, Yonder."
14—Front leg of a horse is called what?
16—What Roman god is subject of a marble statue by Michelangelo?
17—Who was author of "David Harum"?
22—What animal is often described as "mulish"?
23—The forage is a goat, bumk, or bark—which?
26—What is a snake of tropical America?
27—To throw away.
29—Staten Island (abbr.).

(Answer Block Appears Among the Advertisements)

Camera Club

J. Denton Robinson, Darlington, Eng.

Unique Lakeland Gate

Taking advantage of local rock formations a farmer of Buttermore, in the English Lake District, has fashioned them into permanent gate posts. Holes were drilled into the rocks and stout poles inserted to make a picturesque and at the same time practical gateway.

Daily Anecdote

In Her Own Snare

A party of travelers fell into friendly conversation. One lady said that she had witnessed a performance of "Euryanthe" at the opera the night before, and loudly proclaimed its poor quality.

"Worse than everything else," she said, "was the performance of that Madam Schroder." She turned to the gentleman seated beside her and added, "She was much too old for the part, don't you think?"

"Would you not rather tell that to Madam Schroder herself?" he replied. "She is sitting opposite you."

After a moment of uncomfortable silence the critical lady turned to the actress with profound apologies.

"It was that horrid critic Schmieder who influenced my judgment concerning your singing. He is always writing against you. He must be a most disagreeable person."

"Had you not better tell that to Schmieder himself?" calmly asked the actress. "He is sitting next to you."

In Lighter Vein

Add Labor Problems

Editor Joe N. Croom of the Okmulgee (Okla.) Daily Times has an all-girl editorial staff and thought all was jake until they all quit work one night recently to gaze out the window.

He hadn't counted on a serenading sextet.—Editor & Publisher.

Insuring Honor System

Teacher: "Now, as usual, the examination will be conducted on the honor system. Please take seats three rows apart and in alternate rows."

Brevities

Indianapolis News: Infants who have not yet learned how to use shoe coupons will be glad to hear that an increase in the manufacture of baby carriages has been authorized.

Punch ©: Defeatism is now a capital crime in Germany. This probably explains why German newspaper editors have deemed it prudent to cease printing maps.

Did You Ever Wonder

Why Some Ships Are Launched Sideways Instead of Stern First?

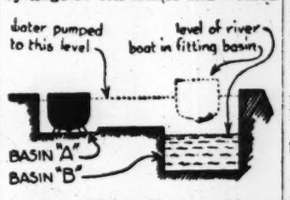
Ships, as a rule, are launched stern first. However, they have been launched upside down, in sections, and sideways.

The sideways method of launching is quite commonly practiced in Great Lakes shipyards and in shipbuilding plants located on narrow rivers.

One reason for sideways launching is that there would not be sufficient "water way" in a narrow river for the more orthodox stern-launching method. Furthermore, in the side-launching system it is possible to have a series of craft on a single set of groundways (broad inclined tracks of heavy timbers stretching from the land into the water) each in a successive stage of construction, the ship nearest the water being the one nearest to completion.

Still another advantage is seen in the fact that sideways launching permits building the ship on an even keel, where stern-launched ships are necessarily built on a slant or incline which necessitates setting all upright members at an angle.

Sideways launching has made possible the building of submarines for Uncle Sam far inland, where the chances of enemy attack are at a minimum. At Manitowoc, Wis., for instance, submarines are built in 15 cross-sections. These sections are swung into place one at a time by huge 50-ton cranes and welded



together. When the assembly is complete, the undersea craft is finally launched sideways into the Manitowoc River.

An especially ingenious form of sideways launching has been devised which eliminates the danger of capsizing which otherwise attends this method and limits its use to vessels that are not top-heavy.

A huge two-basin lock, similar to a canal lock, is used. The vessel is constructed in one basin (marked "A" in the accompanying diagram). Water is then pumped into the lock and the hull is floated to the other basin ("B" in the diagram) to be fitted out.

The water is then lowered to river level, and when the ship is completed the lock gate is opened and the ship can sail forth into the river channel without further "launching."—W. P. Keasbey.

Address Unknown

(Toronto Evening Telegram)

Toronto

For a year or two an elderly, poorly dressed man has been in the habit of going to a downtown restaurant in the morning and at noon. His hair is untrimmed and his clothes old and faded, but brushed and clean.

The first thing he did on each of his visits to the restaurant was to go to the washroom and have a real scrub up. Then he would buy a cup of coffee and wait until somebody discarded a newspaper.

Having acquired his paper he would retire to one corner with his coffee, take out a small pair of glasses and read his paper from beginning to end.

He always got a paper because he waited patiently until one was left in a chair, no matter how long it took.

The restaurant manager figured he was from some hostel, but as he never talked to anyone or never bothered anybody, he was left to pursue his daily routine without any questions being asked.

Finally one day the man went to one of the waitresses and said:

"You better take care of this, miss. I found it in a newspaper lying on a chair."

It was a hundred dollars in small bills.

About an hour later a very agitated young Wren came hurrying into the restaurant, almost in tears, and asked if a hundred dollars had been found at the table where she had been sitting.

NEWS ITEM — WASHINGTON — OLD NEWSPAPERS CAN BE DE-INKED TO MAKE UP SHORTAGE OF NEWSPRINT.
SORT OF SLOW PROCESS, BUT WE MUST GO TO PRESS TOMORROW
I'LL NEED ANOTHER INK ERASER, MR. CHISEL
IF YOU'D PRINT WITH DISAPPEARING INK YOU COULD USE THE OLD NEWSPAPERS AGAIN AND AGAIN WITHOUT DE-INKING THEM
LOOK! GO BACK AND DRAW CARTOONS WILL YOU
YEAH, HE'S ON THE STAFF NOW!
EDITOR
INK ERASER
DE-INKER
L.E. VAN ZELM
Tubby and Buddy & Co.—Correction
By Le Pelley
NOTHING LIKE A NICE BONFIRE TO GET RID OF THINGS
HERE GOES A BOX WITH SOME OLD BIRD SEED IN IT!
?
BANG
POP
POP
BIRD SEED ?
I GUESS IT WAS POPCORN
The Diary of Snubs, Our Dog—Hurray! It Worked
By Rodgers
Well sir, my idea worked. Ol' Togo slipped up on the porch and rang the doorbell—
And the moment the woman opened the door Sponge streaked out!
"Well, I never—!" the woman said when she saw who rang the bell—
SWISH!
We didn't wait to hear the rest!
The Adventures of Waddles—Afterthought!
By The Hagers
Said Jack Spoonbill, "Would you consent To help with an experiment?
Get in the car. I'll work the dial, And give remote control a trial."
"Okay! But make it short," I quacked, As down the drive I swiftly backed.
I wish that I had let Jack know, My trip I wanted short—and slow.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

BOSTON, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1943 — *"First the blade, then the ear, then the full grain in the ear"* — PUBLISHED BY THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

Editorials

Protective Taxes

Although the Republican leadership in the House and on the Ways and Means Committee has ostensibly announced it will support no additional income taxes in the 1944 revenue bill, what it probably really means is simply that it will accept no part of the political onus of changing the Treasury's proposed schedules so that a greater burden falls on the numerically vast group with low incomes.

Some influential Democrats have served a somewhat similar notice by turning the talk towards a sales tax.

The effect of both these moves is to put the next play up to the Administration where War Mobilizer Byrnes, Economic Stabilizer Vinson, and Treasury Secretary Morgenthau must soon consult with the President in weighing the need for higher taxes against the political consequences of upping the rate, on a lower middle class family, from the present 20 per cent (above exemptions) to a possible 40 per cent.

Isn't it possible that the political consequences are being over-rated? It is true Americans have a traditional dislike for taxes. But it is also true that the story of the inflationary gap—$40 billion more to spend than there are things to buy—has been so drummed into American ears that it should not be impossible for the people to realize that taxes are now their best protection.

Some Republicans seem to hold that the danger of inflation is not so lively as pictured. It is true that the $40 billion figure is a gross estimate, subject to many deductions—war-bond purchases, savings deposits, insurance premium payments, spendings by members of the armed services in other lands, and similar things, which bring the net gap down to some say $15 billion; others say $10 billion, and a few say it is so little it can be controlled by present rationing and price-fixing controls. Those who hold this latter view point to indexes showing the rise in living costs has halted, at least on paper.

But another factor must be recalled: The supply of civilian goods that can be bought is lessening as stocks are exhausted and production is curtailed. Simultaneously, purchasing power is ascending. So the gap has a tendency to widen. And taxes, geared to rise as income rises, are a very necessary implement in combating inflation as the battle field changes.

That is their most important function at this time, though the wisdom of paying for as much of the war as possible now, thus reducing enormous postwar debt service payments, should also be a major consideration. We wish to emphasize, however, the aspect of inflation because it will show that regardless of the extremely useful and entirely laudable objective now held in certain quarters of Congress to economize on Government spending instead of taxing, the effect of cutting $10 billion from Federal expenses would not be the same in relation to inflation as would a direct tax on the income of those whose spending might bring on inflation.

Before the Treasury's proposals get too far submerged in the Congressional melee we should like to remark that several good and not very controversial suggestions are included therein and warrant early approval. One of these simplifies the income tax returns by repealing the Victory Tax. Another eliminates the earned income credit computations. Another provides for a sliding scale of withholding that should banish the quarterly returns.

Too, there is that very provocative suggestion for postwar refunds of part of the high taxes and the particularly interesting protective provision granting the refund now for those who have not enjoyed at least a 15 per cent rise in income since outbreak of the war.

The 1944 revenue measure would go along better if the decks were cleared of some of these matters first.

No Rival to the State

Joseph Stalin's recognition of the Russian Church comes appropriately enough in a year of great Russian victories. Whatever have been the spiritual defects of the Russian branch of the Eastern Church, it has always been an intensely patriotic institution. Founded a thousand years ago, it has rarely, like the churches in the West, opposed the State, but has proceeded largely in complete obedience to the central government. Its services give much attention to celebrating national victories, particularly the triumph over Napoleon in 1812.

The past loyalty of the Russian Church, of course, has always been to the Czar, but the mere fact of its renewed recognition shows that Stalin feels he can rely on its equal support of the present Government. Of all countries, the U.S.S.R. would least tolerate an *imperium in imperio*. Whether recent developments lead to a spiritual revival is a matter that all friends of Russia will eagerly watch.

The High Cost of Liquor

The wealthy liquor interests are about to launch a huge advertising campaign to combat the "black market" in their products, and their newspaper friends, with artful disingenuousness, endeavor to explain that county after-county in the United States is voting dry because of the taxes on liquor. Naturally the whisky barons don't want these taxes increased.

One of the Nation's metropolitan newspapers quotes "the trade" as pointing out that consumer ill-will is engendered by black-market operators (who are simply bootleggers and hijackers who seek to circumvent Federal and State taxes), and blandly attributes dry victories at the polls to the high cost of liquor!

The facts are that within a year or two after repeal—and the resultant increase of highway accidents, drunkenness, disorder, and the breakdown of moral restraints—American counties began to vote dry, and half the counties in Kentucky, for instance, had so voted several years before the war. The number has increased since. In Georgia, 132 of its 159 counties have legally banned the sale of liquor. These are outstanding examples of a score of States which have increased their dry areas, and in all but a very few cases, the votes were taken before the boys put on their uniforms.

The high cost of liquor was responsible, yes, but its cost in accidents, vice, crime, and broken homes—this it was that caused scores of American counties to vote "No More Liquor!"

Racism in Boston

Most Bostonians were as ready as Governor Saltonstall to regard as unbelievable the first stories of anti-Semitic violence in the Hub. But with the American Jewish Congress reporting that assaults on Jewish children and adults have been occurring for a year and the newspaper PM offering affidavits covering a whole series of attacks, the people of Boston will not be slow to act to stop these un-American outrages.

They will give vigorous support to the Governor's steps to investigate the evidences of racism and to root it out. Action by metropolitan and state police is a necessary first step. But the bigger task of removing racial hatreds behind the outbreaks will be more effectively handled by preventive and educational measures on which the Governor's inter-faith advisory committee will undoubtedly get to work.

Boston has been too tolerant of hoodlumism. Officials, schools, churches and the public generally in the city and even in its most polite suburbs have suffered a degree of vandalism which would outrage most communities in the "Wild West." This seed-bed of violence, plus the atmosphere of violence brought by the war, may have much to do with the development of racial attacks. Boston's approach to the problem may well deal with this background.

But it cannot stop there. For the recent outbreaks in the Dorchester-Mattapan area have had a pattern of definite anti-Semitism that is not so easily explained. Why, when America as a whole is fighting Hitlerism which rose to power on its persecution of the Jews, should Americans develop a new anti-Semitic feeling so strong it breaks out in the violence of children against children? There is no evidence that the Jewish population of Boston has become suddenly provocative. There is, however, plenty of evidence that some Americans have become retail outlets for the anti-Semitic propaganda manufactured in Berlin and handled at wholesale by Fascist organizations in the United States.

The poison put out by the Coughlinites and the Christian Front has been seen for what it is by many who once cheered its purveyors at Patriots' Day rallies in South Boston. But certain elements of Boston's population have been too tolerant of it. The outrages now coming to light should not be exaggerated. But they certainly cannot be glossed over. They should precipitate vigorous action by officials, civic and church organizations and by all real Americans to neutralize the poison that has been working in Boston and eradicate the hatreds and prejudices which open channels for it.

And the Second Front Is Still to Come

Letters to The Christian Science Monitor

Rebuilding and Regeneration

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

Let us write into the Peace Treaty as part of its conditions, that as the aggressor nations were willing to tear down, so they will have to build up. That is, their young men from 18 to 35 will be drafted for five, seven, or even ten years and billetted in barracks and camps near the cities and villages which have been destroyed. Under humane supervision, these men will there learn constructive work, building houses, bridges, churches, public buildings, factories, roads, in fact everything that has so ruthlessly been destroyed.

They have listened to, and followed false leaders in destructive methods, and should be given every opportunity to learn how much more profitable to themselves and to civilization it will be when they turn thought entirely to construction. Also, they would learn in this way that war has to be paid for as far as possible by the aggressor's labor and time and not solely by the victims.

I cannot feel that it would be right for all these falsely trained young men just to go straight back to their homelands and perhaps simmer in indignation and resentment while the victims of their aggression have to rebuild a world they had no part in destroying. If, for some years aggressive youth lived in countries where war is outlawed as an evil, it should help them to get a happier and saner view of human life, therefore they would have great opportunities later on to help their own countries. Such a plan would have to be worked out under the strictest Christian surveillance, and it would have to be seen from the start that it was in no way retaliative.

When the rest of Europe is rebuilt, then let this young manhood return to their own countries. This plan, if carried out in a Christian spirit, would be something the aggressor nations would never forget, and yet it should be a very fair plan for all mankind.

S. F. C.

Brookline, Mass.

Butter on Prisoners' Menu

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

In a recent issue of The Christian Science Monitor I read an account of the menus offered prisoners of war in American camps. I was dumbstruck to note that for at least two meals (nothing was given concerning the food for the third meal) the prisoners had "bread and butter." Why should prisoners of war be fed butter when our own citizens find it all but impossible to buy this for their own consumption? Why not allocate oleomargarine to prisoners?

I believe firmly that our armed forces should have every bit of good food we can get to them but, and I am still thinking of the butter shortage, it seems more sensible to risk shipments of oleomargarine abroad to lend-lease peoples than to have a large proportion of good butter sunk with lost convoy ships.

Redding, Conn. T. J. MCCREADY, JR.

The Sales Tax

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

Once upon a time, some Americans who did not like the taxes imposed upon them threw some tea into Boston Harbor. From that date, America became the land of tax dodgers. Call our national needs by any other name, and they are received with kindliness and consideration. War bond drives, humanitarian projects, community funds, and similar drives, all go over the top, but put on the label of "taxes" and the pockets are empty.

We all know that this war must and can be paid for. The present balking of Congress is merely an outcropping of the old resentment against taxation. The outcry for a sales tax is raised because by that method, some of the taxation becomes "hidden" and the people may be fooled, but that method is most dishonest. Because we have no half-cent pieces, at 10 per cent we would pay 2 cents tax for any article between 10 and 20 cents cost. If that extra money went to the Government, most of us would not complain.

Since we have the opinion of the Secretary of the Treasury whose business it is to know the economic state of the U. S. and the only one really able to estimate the future cost of the war, why is it not accepted, instead of being thrown overboard like the erstwhile tea? Instead, let us throw politics into the sea, and use some of the good old New England "horse sense." E. B. M.

Saugus, Mass.

EDITOR'S NOTE: The problem of fractions in collecting a sales tax is a serious one. In most States, it has been solved (with differences of opinion as to its success) by issuing small metal or paper tokens representing change in mills. These are used in addition to regular money. Presumably, some similar method will be found for a Federal tax, if one is adopted, but specific means have not yet been discussed. Sometimes, retail establishments are permitted to keep a portion of this "breakage" as reimbursement, or partial reimbursement, for their expense in collecting the tax.

"Little Words"

TO THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR:

The Christian Science Monitor recently carried a forceful article "On Using Little Words." The writer says that interjections "can, when spoken in a particular way, . . . lift us up or cast us down." I might add that they can pull us aside. I was once driving an automobile with my wife seated beside me. Suddenly she exclaimed "Oh!" In such an explosive tone that my attention was involuntarily diverted from the car to her. We were approaching a traffic signal which turned red as we reached it, and I drove into the intersection. After the excitement quieted, I learned that my wife had seen a garage with a cute little porch effect on the front of it, which she admired. Then I said, "Oh."

Rochester, N. Y. O. D. R.

This newspaper assumes no responsibilities for statements or opinions in letters from its readers.

Mirror of World Opinion

Socialized Medicine

Indiana physicians meeting in Indianapolis had a good deal to say in opposition to the New Deal effort to socialize the healing art. They took the Wagner-Murray-Dingell bill under fire and blasted away at it on the ground that if it should become law the freedom of medical practice would be destroyed and the relationship of physician and patient would be determined by Federal edicts, directives and regulations having the force of law.

The doctors are right and they are justified in their alarm. In leading the opposition, however, they inevitably give the impression that they are protecting their interest rather than the public interest. Since the leadership devolves upon them, both in the protection of their profession and in the protection of the people, this impression is hard to avoid. But the truth is that their fight is being conducted primarily in the public interest. The people as voters should make more of a fight to protect themselves from political medicine. That is the real issue.—*Indianapolis News.*

Embarrassment

. . . I got to telling of a talk I'd had with a colored lawyer a few days before, remembering the sense I'd got from him of the restriction of Negro life, the feeling they had of being hedged in within the walls of a ghetto. He'd said it was worse for them now than it had ever been because they were better off. This war was the first time there had been anything like equal wages for them. In most jobs they were making as much as whites for the same work. More jobs were open to them than ever before. But when they wanted to spend their money they felt the restrictions. "Embarrassment" was the word the Negro lawyer had used.

As I told about it I couldn't help imagining myself in his shoes. Suppose the pair of us tonight were Negroes. . . . Suppose we wanted to invest our savings in a house. It would cost us a fourth more than it would cost a white man. If we wanted to go to a movie or a dance hall nothing was open to us but the third-rate. "Embarrassment" was the word the Negro lawyer kept using. "Our lives are subject to continual embarrassment," he'd said.—From "Washington Evening," by JOHN DOS PASSOS, in *Harper's* for October.

Oleo Demands Its Freedom

An Intimate Message From Washington

By Mary Hornaday

With oleomargarine catapulted into new favor by 16-point butter, it is inevitable that manufacturers should use this opportunity to free their product of the entanglements wound around it by the butter industry over a long period of years.

The long-time clash between butter and margarine will come to a head next week when the House Agriculture Committee opens hearings on the Fulmer bill to repeal:

1. The Federal excise tax of 10 cents a pound on yellow colored margarine and ¼-cent a pound on uncolored margarine.
2. The annual tax of $600 for manufacturers.
3. The $48 tax on retailers who sell colored margarine and the $6 tax for those who sell uncolored.
4. Other related restrictions.

The bill, the National Association of Margarine Manufacturers emphasizes, does not affect margarine standards set by the Food and Drug Law, but hits chiefly at the use of taxes to restrict the distribution of one particular food.

One effect of the Fulmer bill would be to free the housewife from the time-consuming and messy job of adding color to margarine in her own kitchen.

Moreover, backers of the bill estimate that today two thirds of the Nation's retail grocers do not handle margarine at all because of the taxes.

* * *

Maybe you don't like margarine. Some people with strongly established food habits don't. Even spokesmen for the industry admit it must be eaten fresh to be good. It is at its peak of palatability for only two weeks, and ought to be consumed in at least 30 days. Many housewives will take only one or two brands, though industry representatives insist there are five or ten good ones.

When butter went to 16 points, many families even in the heart of the butter districts switched to oleomargarine. That was what OPA hoped they would do, though they flatly deny the charge that the number of packers on OPA had anything to do with their decision. Before butter was jumped to 16 points, the butter-makers were keeping their short supply to sell near home, so that city folks at distances scarcely ever had a taste. The increase in points was designed as a prod to better distribution.

Many families wouldn't mind spending 16 points for butter if they didn't have to take it out of their meat points. The butter, margarine, meat, and shortening processors and flour millers have all been asking that housewives be given separate points for fats and for meat. This will probably be done soon.

When the House begins its oleomargarine investigation, one of the questions Congressmen will probably ask is whether the Government's recent suspension of its butter purchases won't reduce the importance of oleomargarine in the national picture. The oleo people are saying that the amount of butter to be released to civilians won't be a "drop in the bucket."

* * *

The butter-oleo fight has its amusing sides. Wisconsin dairymen have conjured up an entirely new butter substitute made out of milk rather than give any recognition to margarine.

Dairymen who used to have a strong lobby at State legislatures now are being met at the chamber doors by soybean growers who want the margarine manufacturers freed to use more of their crops.

Margarine manufacturers are spreading the news that while butter-makers insist on keeping the public from being fooled by a pre-colored food, they color their own product "about 10 or 11 months" of the year.

Probably the only way butter manufacturers could head off congressional alterations of the margarine restrictions would be to get the Government to release more of its large stocks of butter so the issue would be forced into the background again.

Most of the butter the Government is holding is for use by the Army and Navy here and abroad. Only a small portion goes to other nations through lend-lease. The latest report showed only about 1 per cent of the country's butter is being sent abroad. Some months ago there was criticism of Russia's refusal to substitute margarine for butter on its American order blanks, but that has been ironed out.

It is safe to say that most Americans who can afford butter will go back to it when they can get it, but it is unlikely that margarine will be left in the shameful plight in which the war found it.

Sovereignty on the Fifty-Yard Line

Toward Tomorrow: A Peace Aims Feature

By Carlyle Morgan

Sumner Welles's brilliant run, after a drive right through center, has carried the ball back toward the middle of the field, and in the cheering section where my seat is we are all on our feet so our lungs can do their duty. Not that we are bursting with optimism. The ball—that slippery word "sovereignty"—has not yet been set down safely in enemy territory. But it is out there in the open again where there is a two-sided chance for an argument.

* * *

The scene of Mr. Welles's break-through was the meeting of the Foreign Policy Association in New York at the week end. It is my belief that the team for which Mr. Welles carried the ball is made up of the better thinkers, but that the opposing team knows its signals better and reacts more or less automatically when it hears them called. They fall into place as promptly as anyone can who has had his mind made up for a long time.

They had used one signal for several recent plays and had carried the ball threateningly near the peacemakers' goal posts. After the Veterans of Foreign Wars opposed "any dilution of our national sovereignty," the Massachusetts D. A. R. called a set of signals which included, "Peace by strength rather than peace by pacts will keep America secure," and others came out with statements implying that anyone who works for a genuine organization of international order wants to sacrifice American interests, American independence and American sovereignty.

Members of Congress didn't have to put their ears to the ground to get these signals, as both the Fulbright and the Senate Resolutions on postwar co-operation show. Neither the Senate nor the House wants to talk just now about any plans that might be construed as impinging on national sovereignty.

You can see the line-up Mr. Welles faced. It was nice to watch how he sized up the situation and picked his openings. And it was satisfying to note that when he put the play over he did it without resort to tricky shifts but with plain and satisfying common sense. As the slow-motion camera caught it:

> Until we have determined exactly what form of world organization we believe should in our own interest be instituted, how can we tell what, if any, limitations such an organization might impose upon our sovereignty? As has so often and truly been said, any treaty to which this country is a party necessarily limits our sovereignty. I can conceive of no manner by which this nation can participate in an international organization save through its adherence to an international agreement, or series of agreements, which would necessarily be subject to the approval of the legislative branch of our Government as provided by our Constitution. Would it not be wiser before entering into any impassioned debate upon the abstract question of sovereignty to wait and see what each proposed agreement involved, and then weigh the advantages to be derived by us from such instruments against any attendant limitations upon our national freedom of action?

* * *

This is to talk of sovereignty in terms of basic American interest. Too much of the discussion of it now gives it a sort of America-first approach—which, as the defunct aims of the America Firsters should have proved, is not necessarily or even probably the route to security, greatness, or freedom for the American Nation. If football cheers didn't look so silly in cold and unsympathetic type, this would be the place to send one up for the man who carried the ball out toward the fifty-yard line again.

THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

FOUNDED 1908 BY MARY BAKER EDDY

An International Daily Newspaper

Published daily except Sundays and holidays. Communications regarding the conduct of this newspaper, articles, and illustrations for publication should be addressed to Editorial Department, The Christian Science Monitor, One, Norway Street, Boston 15, Mass.

Member of the Associated Press

The Associated Press reserves the right to all telegraph and local news credited to it or not otherwise credited.

Republication rights of special dispatches are reserved to The Christian Science Publishing Society.

The Christian Science Monitor is on sale in Christian Science Reading Rooms throughout the world, and is obtainable at newsstands.

Subscription price, payable in advance, postpaid to all countries:

One year ... $12.00 — Three months ... $3.00
Six months ... 6.00 — One month ... $1.00
Single Copies, 5 cents

Cost of remailing Monitors:
United States: 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.
Foreign, including Canada, Newfoundland and Pan-American countries: 1½ cents for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

BRANCH ADVERTISING OFFICES

New York ... 500 Fifth Avenue, New York 18
Chicago ... 333 N. Michigan Avenue, Chicago 1
Detroit, 3-101 General Motors Building, Detroit 2
Miami ... 1239 Ingraham Building, Miami 32
St. Louis ... 411 Olive Street, St. Louis 1
Kansas City ... 1002 Walnut Street, Kansas City 6
San Francisco, 625 Market Street, San Francisco 5
Los Angeles, 650 S. Grand Avenue, Los Angeles 14
Seattle ... 1326 Fifth Avenue, Seattle 1
London ... Burwood House, Caxton St., S. W. 7
Geneva ... 16 rue du Mont Blanc
Australia and New Zealand: 46 Pitt Street, Sydney, Australia.

Advertising rates given on application. While endeavoring to accept only reliable advertisements, The Christian Science Publishing Society will not be responsible to the public for advertisements, and the right to decline or discontinue any advertisement is reserved.

NEWS OFFICES

WASHINGTON: 1287-1293 National Press Building, Washington 4, D. C.
EASTERN: 500 Fifth Avenue, New York City 18.
CENTRAL: 333 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago 1.
PACIFIC: 625 Market Street, San Francisco 5.
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA: 650 South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles 14.
EUROPEAN: Burwood House, Caxton St., London, S. W. 1.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND: 46 Pitt Street, Sydney, Australia.

CIRCULATING SERVICE BUREAUS

NEW ENGLAND: One, Norway Street, Boston 15, Mass.
EASTERN: 500 Fifth Avenue, New York City 18.
CENTRAL: 333 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago 1.
WESTERN: 650 South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles 14.
EUROPEAN: Burwood House, Caxton St., London, S. W. 1.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND: 46 Pitt Street, Sydney, Australia.

Published by THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE PUBLISHING SOCIETY

Boston 15, Mass., U. S. A.

Publishers of The Christian Science Journal, Christian Science Sentinel, The Herald of Christian Science (German, French, Scandinavian, Dutch and Braille Editions), Christian Science Quarterly.